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WITHOUT HIS APPROVAL THE PRESIDENT SENDS THE DE-PENDENT PENSION BILL BACK.

pre-The Veto Message Declared an Able Document-How the Members Behaved During Its Reading-Other Gossip.

WASHINGTON, February 11 .-- [Special.] --As was predicted in these dispatches last night, the president has vetoed the pruper pension bill. Early this morning he left the white house, and with Colonel Lamont. his private secretary, drove to Red Top, his sub irhan residence, where he spent several hours making final revisions in the draft of his message. He wished to be free from all disturb ance and at the white house that would have been well nigh impossible. This was the last day for his presidential action on the bill, and this morning the probable action of the president was the absorbing topic at the capital The belief that he would veto the bill was predominant, but there were many members of both parties who stoutly maintained the contrary. As hour after hour of the session wore away the confidence of those who had counted on a vete began to relax, and as the gloomy afterneon began to darken the prospect of veto became correspondingly dismal.

At precisely 4 o'clock Mr. Pruden, one of the

president's secretaries, appeared at the main entrance of the house of representa-tives. When the doorkeeper announced a message from the president, everybody knew what had come. Members on both sides hurried from the cloak rooms and corridors into the almost deserted rows of seats, and the well-filled galleries leaned forward in anxious expectancy. The message was at once ordered to be opened and read. The reading occupied half an hour. Every word was heard in complete silence. A more impressive scene is seldom witnessed in congress. During the reading many of the republicans were making whispered remarks to each other, as point after point of the president's argument was reached.

HOW THE MEMBERS BEHAVED. Mr. Reed, of Maine, grew restless when the document was about half finished and paraded up and down the aisle in apparent meditation for several minutes. Mr. Hiscock, of New York, wheeled his chair and turned his back squarely on the reading clerk. Judge Kelly rested his chin in both hands and seemed to drink in the strong draught as it came. There was complete composure on the domocratic side. Mr. Randall was not present. Mr. Morrison, during most of the reading, rested his head on his desk and Mr. Blount held almost the same attitude. Speaker Carlisle was in the chair and settling back to an easy position, kept his eyes fixed on the pages which were being read in front of him.

OPINIONS ON THE DOCUMENT. At the conclusion of the reading there wa not the slightest demonstration of any kind Mr. Matson, of the committee on invalid pensions, and author of the bill, rose and asked that the bill and message be referred to his committee, promising the house a report thereon, within the next week. On one point concerning the message all agreed. pronounced a very able paper. In the opinion of most of the older members it is the ablest message that any president has sent to congress in many years. Its literary style is also much admired. When these concessions are made, opinious diverge very widely. Some of the northern democrats say the president has made a grand mistake, and fear that the veto will have a damaging effect on the party in the north. Others, and among them some ex-union soldiers, approve the message in the strongest terms. They say it will meet the approbation of the honest soldier vote of the north, while the business interests will be very strongly drawn toward the president for his honest and manly defense of the treaspry against the mild raid. The republican leaders have very little to say about the veto, they are reserving their fire for the debate. which is inevitable, when the committee's report comes up for considerat on. Some of the lighter republican weights assume great indig nation at what they denounce as an outrage on the soldiers and the next moment gleefully declare that the president has killed himsel and his party. There is a prevailing pride in the courage and honesty of a president who looks only to his duty and is regardless of all consequences that may attend its performance. The committee on invalid pensions will probably report in favor of passing the bill over the veto. Mr. Matson, its chair man, will urge that course and will be the champion of the democratic opposition to the veto. He counts on a solid republican vote and on nearly all the northern democrats, and believes that the bill may receive the necessary two-thirds in the house. In this calculation he will find himself deceived. When the bill passed the house there were 180 votes in its favor and 76 against it, but the same domocrats who voted for it will not do so in the face of such a veto. Besides, since this bill passed the sentiment of the north has been aroused against reckless pension extravagance. The pres ident's powerful message will intensify this feeling so far that it may stiffen the knees of some

A SENSIBLE COLORED MAN. Evidences are accumulating to show that the republican senate has made a mess of the Matthews case. J. Milton Turner, of St. Louis former minister to Siberia, and one of the most intelligent republican negro leaders in the country, said in an interview today:

democrats who privately denounced the bill

when it was before the house and then voted for it because they were afraid to vote their convictions. If the bill could get two-thirds in

the house it would be defeated in the senate, but it will never reach that body again.

"I am out of politics now, and did not care to take any part in the discussion. I have thought the matter out, however, and have some very decided opinions about it. In the first place, I believe President Cleveland is as sincere and honest in all his actions as any president the country has ever had of any party. The intelligent negro of the south and west has never been a partisan except in the interest of his race. The trouble is that the white partisan has never let him rest. He has been simply transferred from one servitude to another. It has been a paramount argument of the republican party that the negroes were in danger at the south and, therefore the party must be kept in power. I am glad that a democratic president has been elected so that we can demonstrate to them that they are in no danger of being reduced to slavery. The negro race has never since the war enjoyed such peace as since a democratic president

by the senate was an insult to the youth of the race born since the war, and if the republican party wanted to trans-mit the prejudices and vindictiveness of war to the negro youth more than to the white youth of the country, the negro youth will never enter the party, and if they propose simply to transfer the negro from chattel slavery to political slavery, he will have to achieve a new emancipation. This action by the republican senate has done more to make democratic votes among the colored people than any act that party could do. So far as I am concerned, if Grover Cleveland is renominated for the presidency by any party whatsoever, I shall deem it my duty to my race to vote for him."

THE DEPENDENT PENSIONS.

Extracts From the Veto Message of the President. WASHINGTON, February 11. - President

Cleveland's message to the house of represent-atives vetoing the act entititled "an act for the relief of dependent parents and honorably discharged soldiers and sailors who are now de-pendent upon their own labors for support," is a long document embracing over 4,000 words.

relief of dependent parents and honorably discharged soldiers and sailors who are now dependent upon their own labors for support," is a long document embracing over 4,000 words. The president says:

This is the first general bill that has been sanctioned by congress since the close of the late civil war permitting a pension to soldiers and sailors who served in that war upon the ground and present disability alone, and in the entire absence of any injuries received by causalies or incidents of such service. Several precedents for it exist, howover, in our legislation, which are still operative and which he cites. The present bill embraces all who are beneficiaries of shullar precedent legislation. The president proceeds:

On the first day of July, 1885, 365, 763 pensioners of all classes, were upon the pension rolls, of whom 305,668 were survivors of the war of the rebellion, and their widows and dependents. For the year ending June 30, 1885, 750,000,000 have been appropriated for the yagment of pensions and the amount expended for that purpose from 1881 to July 1, 1886 is \$858,024,815.1. While annually paying out such a vast sum for pensions already granted, it is now proposed by the bill ynder consideration to award a service pension to soldiers of all wars in which the United States has been engaged, including of course the war of the rebellion, and to pay those entitled to the benefits of the act the sum of \$12 per month. So far as it relates to soldiers of the late civil war, the bounty it affords themsisgiven thirteen years earlier than it has been furnished to soldiers of any other war, and before a large majority of the benefitiaries have advanced in age beyond the strength and vigor of the pr.me of life. It exacts only military or naval service of three months, without any requirement of actual engagement with an enemy in battle and without subjection to any of the actual engagement with an enemy in battle and without subjection to any of the actual engagement with an enemy in battle and winder the su

e proposed legislation. After some space devoted to a close analysis of ambiguities of the bill and its opportuni-ties for unfairness, unjust discrimination and partisan partiality in its administration; and pointing out differences of opinion as to its scope held by members of congress who acted

upon it, the president says:

I am of the opinion that it may be fairly contended that under the provisions of this section any soldier whose faculties of mind, of body have any soldier whose faculties of mind, of body have become impaired by accident, disease or age, irrespective of his service in the army as the cause, and who by his labor only is left incapable of gaining a fair support, he might, with unimpaired powers, have provided for himself, and who is not so well endowed with this world's goods as to live without work, may claim to participate in its bounty. That it is not required that he should be without property, but only that labor should be necessary to his support in some degree. Nor is it required that he should be now receiving support from others.

recupited that he should be how teelving supported from others.

Believing this to be a proper interpretation of the bill. I cannot but remember that the soldiers of our civil wer in their pay and bounty received such compensation for military service as has never been received by soldiers before since mankind first went to war; that never before, on behalf of any roldiers, have so many and such generous laws been passed to relieve against the incidents of war; that statutes have been passed giving them preference in employment; that ready, needy, homeless union soldiers of the rebellion have been, to a large extent, provided for at seldiers' homes, instituted and supported by the government, where they are maintained together, free from the sense of degradation which attaches to the usual support of charity, and that never before in the history of the country has it been proposed to rendergovernment aid toward the support of ore of its soldiers based alone upon military revice so recent, any where age and circumstances appeared to little to demand such aid. Hitherto such relief has been granted to surviving soldiers, few in number, venerable in age, after a leng lapse of time since their military service, and as a parting benefaction tendered by a grateful prople. I cannot believe that the vast peaceful army of the union soldiers, who, having contentedly resumed their places in the ordinary avocations of life, cherish as sacred the memory of particle service, or who having been disabled by the casualities of war, justly regard the present pension roll, on lwhich appear their names as a roll of honor, desire at this time and in the present exigency. from others.
Believing this to be a proper interpretation of the

willing to be objects of simple charity and to gain a place upon the pension rolls through alleged dependence.

Recent personal observation and experience constrain me to refer to another result which will inevitably follow the passage of this bill. It is sad, but nevertheless true, that already in the matter of procuring pensions there exists a wide-spread disregard of truth and good faith, stimulated by those who, as agents, undertake to establish claims for pensions beedlessly emered upon by the expectant beneficiary and encouraged, or at least not condemned, by the unwilling fools. In the execution of the proposed law, under any interpretation, a wide field of inquiry would be opened for the establishment of facts largely within the knowledge of the claimants alone, and there can be no doubt that the race after pensions offered by this bill would not only stimulate a weakness and pretended incapacity for labor, but put a further premium on dishonesty and mendacity. The chairman of the house committee on pensions calculates that the number of pensions under this bill would be 33,165, and the increased anunal cost \$1.67,120. This is upon the theory that only those who are entirely unable to work would be its benefactors.

The president presents a few striking statistics illustrating how completely at fault have been the previous advance and estimates of the

tics illustrating how completely at fault have been the previous advance and estimates of the probable effect of the pension legislation, and

probable effect of the pension legislation, and goes on to say:

If none should be pensioned under this bill except those utterly unable to work, I am satisfied that the cost stated in the estimate referred to would be many times multiplied and with a constant increase from year to year, and if those partially unable to earn their support should be admitted to the privileges of this bill, the probable increase of expense would be almost appalling. I think it may be said that at the close of the war of the rebellion every northern state and a great majority of northern counties and cities, were burdened with taxation on account of the large bounties paid our soldiers and the bonded debt thereby created still constitutes a large item in the account of tax

THE STRIKE AT AN END.

THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION.

ASSEMBLY FORTY-NINE GIVES UP

The Stationary Engineers Refuse to Join the Strikers,
Whereupon the Executive Board Orders
the Men to Work-Boston Street Cars
Banning-Other Labor Matters.

against the people. Federal taxation no less borne by the people than that directly levied upon their property, is still maintained at a rale made necessary by the exigencies of war. If this bill should become a law—with its tremendous addition to our previous obligation—I am thoroughly convinced that further efforts to reduce the federal revenue and restore some part of it to our people will, and perhaps should be, seriously questioned. It has constantly been a cause of pride and congratulation to an Amanrican citizen that his country is not put to the charge of maintaing a large standing array in time of peace; yet we are now living under a war tax which has been tolerated in peaceful times to meet obligations incurred in war. But, for years past, in all parts of the country the demand for a redustion of the burdens of taxation upon our labor and production has increased in volume and urgency. I am not willing to approve a measure presenting objections to which his bill is subject, and which, moreover, will have the effect of disappointing the expectation of the people and their desire and hope for relief from taxation in time of peace.

In my last sinual message the following language was used: "Every patriotic heart responds to tender consideration for those who, having served their country long and well, are reduited to destination and dependence, not as an incident of their service, but with advancing age or through sickness or misfortune. We are all tempted by the contemplation of such condition to supply relief, and are often impatient of the limitations of public duty, yielding to no one in the desire to indulge this feeling of consideration. I cannot rid myself of the conviction that if these ex-soldiers are to be relieved they and their cause are entitled to the benefit of an are other impatient of the limitations of public duty, yielding to the condition to apply relief, and are often impatient of the impated by the contemplation of such condity objects of care, all equality entitled, be remitted to NEW YORK, February 11 .- The eccentric engineers have refused point blank to obey the order of district assembly 49, Knights of Labor, to strike. At the headquarters of the assembly this morning, reports of delegates who had been sent out to see what steps the engineers were taking in the matter of obeying the order reported that the men refused to quit work. Leaders of the strike made every effort to keep the matter secret, but groups of men around the various corners adjacent to headquarters and their excited conversation plainly told that something had gone wrong. Reports from the different breweries were equally discoursging, and it was generally admitted that the last effort of "49" had proved a lamentable failure. An official authority stated that the engineers and brewers had been called on at too late a peried. He frankly admitted that the strike was a failure. There were other signs of dissatisfaction with the executive of 49. A prominent member of the fraight hand. 49. A prominent member of the freight-hand-

49. A prominent member of the freight-hand-lers' union said there were two or three men holding rank in No. 49 who wanted to run the whole business for their own ends.

A number of longshoremen stood around headquarters, and several of them openly declared that they would go to work unless more financial aid from their unions was granted them. The outlook for these men is discouraging, no matter what they do. There is today no unmanageable blockade: all the piers are open and receiving all the freight offered and forwarding it. This is being done largely by open and receiving all the freight offered and ferwarding it. This is being done largely by new men, the most efficient of whom are those brought in by railroad companies from points within 100 miles of New York and who go home every night and return to work in the morning, being carried free. Many of them were freight handlers at local stations; others are country laborers, and are able and willing workers. Others are men who have deserted the strike and sought employment where not known. At a majority of places men known to have struck elsewhere have been rejected when they applied for work. In some few instances these men have been welsome few instances these men have been welcomed back to their old places, but if the strike should be abandened at once a majority of the strikers would have great difficulty in flading work at their old trade. This is true, also, but

OUR NAVAL ESTABLISHMENT.

Bills to Increase it Brought Up in the

Washington, February 11.—In the senate, bills "to increase the naval establishment" and "to provide for an increase of naval establishment," were introduced—the former by Mr. Cameron, and the latter by Mr. Hale, and were

referred to the committee on naval affairs, after a statement by Mr. Hale that the two bills related to different branches of the naval

catablishment.

The bill introduced by Senator Cameron authorizes the president to have constructed by contract ten protected steel cruisers with such

contract ten protected steel cruisers with such armsment for each as the navy department may deem suitable, each vessel to have a maximum speed of twenty knots under the tests and conditions imposed by the navy department, before being accepted by the government. The aggregate cost of all of the cruisers, exclusive of armament, as not to exceed \$15,00,000 for the appropriation of which sum the bill provides.

Section 2 provides that in the construction of vessels, all of the provisions of the act of August 30, 1886, to increase the naval establish-

ment as to material for vessels, their engines,

boilers and machinery, contracts under which they are built, notice of and proposals for the same; plans, drawings and specifications, and

the method of executing contracts shall be ob-

erved and followed, and vessels built in com-

served and followed, and vessels built in com-pliance with the terms of the act, so far as they relate to vessels constructed under contract. Section 3 provides. That in case either vessels shall on trial, displry a speed greater than twenty knots, a boaus shall be paid to the centracter of say \$200,000 for the first knot in excess of twenty knots, and of \$150,000 for the second knot in excess of the requirements and

of \$100,000 each additional knot beyond the requirements and of \$100,000 each additional knot beyond the requirements. For the purposes of this section \$2 000 000, or so much as may be necessary, is appropriated.

Section 4 appropriates \$4,800,000 for the

The companion bill, introduced by Senator

Hele, provides that for the purpose of increasing the naval establishment, the following sums of money are appropriated to be expended

by the president, in the exercise of his discretion, upon the plans and specifications to be furnished by the navy department: For the construction of heavily-armor-

ed vessels or armored floating batteries, or rams, to be used for coast and harbor defenses, \$10,000,000; for the construction of light-

draught gunboats, suitable for interior water

ways and canal service, \$1,200,000; for the construction of trypedo boats of most attainable speed and efficiency, \$600,000; for torpedoes and torpedo appliances to be operated from naval vessels, floating batteries or rams, \$600,-

000. It is provided that the gunbats and torpedo boats authorized to be constructed by the act shall be completed and tested within

twelve months from the signing of the contract

The resolution heretofore offered by Mr. Blair directing the committee on education and labor to continue during recess and complete

the investigation as to the relations between

orts, coast defences and vessels of the United

The senate then, at 2:10, resumed considera-tion of the Eads-Tehauntepec bill, and Mr. Hear continued his argument in support of it.

When he had concluded, the bill was laid aside

as were likely to lead to political depart were passed over.
On motion of Mr. Ransom, the house bill to authorize terms of the United States circuit court at Wilmington, N. C., was passed.
On motion of Mr. Mahone, the senate bill to authorize the secretary of war to exchange guns with the R. E. Lee Volunteer battery, of Perchange Volunteer taken up and passed.

tersburg. Va., was taken up and passed

The senate adjourned till tomorrow

PENSION DAY IN THE HOUSE.

Not Much Business Transacted-Reception

Not Much Business Transacted—Reception of a Veto Message.

Washington, February 11—This being Friday, the house proceeded to the consideration of private business. Most of the afternoon was consumed in the discussion in committee of the whole of the bill extending the patent of James J. Johnston, of Columbiana, Ohio, for improvement in the process for evaporating liquids, but no action was taken.

At 3:45 the president's private secretary was announced, and presented a message from the president, without his approval, the dependent per sion bill.

The reading of the message was followed with an attention more strict than is generally accorded to such documents.

At its conclusion Mr. Matson, of Indiana, moved that the bill and accompanying message be referred to the committee on invalid pensions, promising that they would be reported back within the coming week.

The motion was agreed to; 137 to 27.

The house then, at 4:20, took a recess till 7:30, the evening session to be for the consideration of pension bills.

At its evening session the house passed 35

At its evening session the house passed 35 pension bills, and at 11 o'clock adjourned.

Business for the Week.

New York, February 11.—Business failures occurring throughout the country during the week as reported to R. G. Dun & Co.'s mercantile agency number for the United States, 23!; Canada, 36; total, 267, against 26! last week and 27! the week previous. There are only three small assignments for the week in New York city. In different sections of country business casualties are up to the average in number, while in Canada and the British provinces! they are considerably in excess of the usual agure.

The reading of the message was followed

labor and capital, was taken up and adopted Mr. Stanford introduced a bill to prov mortars and heavy guns for the armament

or their construction.

um the bill provides.

to a less extent, in regard to the longshoremen who load and discharge vessels.

END OF THE STRIKE.

The executive board of district assembly No.

The executive board of district assembly No. 49 tonight declared the great strike at an end. The Sun tomorrow will say:
District assembly 49 having put forth all its powers to extend the big longshore, strike in every direction where it was deemed practicable, and having failed, declares the strike off, and lays the blame of the failure on the eccentric engineers.
One thousand men along the shore, so it was estimated at the Ocean association's headquare. estimated at the Ocean association's headquar-ters yesterday, have already gone back to work, but not at their old places.

BOSTON'S CARS RUNNING.

The South Boston Company Resume Busi-

Boston, Mass., February 11.—At 9 o'clock this morning the South Boston horse railroad company started out the first car that has been run over the road since the strike began, and since the first car was started over a dozen since the first car was started over a dozen others have been sent out. Every ear has four and some of them six policemen on board, and the entire route is well guarded by officers. There has been no trouble as yet, though the first car was followed by a crowd of yelling headlums, but these the police succeeded in dispersing. Police about the stables and along their secreted parties of the route treen the thickly exstited portions of the route keep the people moving, and do not permit them to congregate. The strikers themselves are per-fectly orderly. No trouble is anticipated during the day, but it is feared that there will be violence tonight if the cars are run after dark. No attempt was made this morning to run cars from Cambridge, and everything is quiet over

SUING THE KNIGHTS

For Debts Contracted During the Lockout

Augusta, Ga., February 11.—When Committeeman Wright, of the Knights of Labor, settled the mill troubles in Augusta, he left debts amounting to \$18,000 unpaid. An action will be begun in a Pennsylvania court by procuring an attachment of Kuights of Labor funds in Philadelphia to force the general or-der to pay this indebtedness contracted during the lockout. The action will be brought by cre'iters, among them many Knights of Labor, under a clause of the constitution of the order making the general order of Knights of Labor liable for debts incurred by local assemblies in support of lockouts, in contradistinction from debts incurred in the support of strikes,

The Knights' Headquarters.

PHILADELPHIA, February 11.—The Knights of Labor have purchased the property on North Broad street for \$65,000, and it will be fittled up with offices, to be occupied as the general headquarters of the order in the United States and Canada. All printing of the order including the Journal of United the order, including the Journal of United Labor, will be done in the building.; The postoffice appropriation bill was taken up, briefly discussed and laid aside. Such items as were likely to lead to political debate were

Strikers Returning to Work.

DOVER, N. H., February 11.—Cloutman's shee factory at Farmington started up this morning with 274 employees, leaving 176 still out. It is thought that the strike will be of short duration.

THE SMALL GREEN BACKS. Secretary Manning Ordered to Obey the Law

and Issue One and Two Dollar Bills. Washington, February 11.—Representative Weaver, of Iowa, stated that he has today received word from President Cleveland that he bas directed Secretary Manning to obey the law concerning one and two dollar United States notes and to issue them; that the order was emphatic and given to Secretary Manning orally, but would be reduced to writing and delivered to the secretary today. Mr. Weaver also states that some days ago, at his request, a consultation concerning this matter was held, at which Speaker Carlisle, Messrs. Morrison, Weaver, Warner. Mills and Wilkins were present.

Messrs. Parson of Illinois and Brumm of Pennsylvania were also consulted by Mr. Weaver, as were also several other members of congress. The opinion seemed to be unanimous that the law had been violated and smous that the law had been violated and Speaker Carlisle was requesced to bring the matter to the attention of the president. One of these gentlemen is authority for the statement that when the president's attention was called to the matter, he very promptly declared that the treasury department was wrong, and hence his order as above stated.

At the white house no information in regard to the foregoing is obtainable except that the

to the foregoing is obtainable, except that the president has written no such letter to the

president has written no such letter to the secretary. Beyond this statement the president remarked that he did not care to say anything on the subject. Treasurer Jordan said that no instructions to change the present practice in regard to the redemption and issuance of United States notes had yet reached his office.

An associated press reporter called on Secretary Manning at his house this evening and read to him the statement of Mr. Weaver as given above. Mr. Manning said that nothing had been said or sent to him by the president on the subject.

PARNELL'S AMENDMENT REJECTED A Letter From Mr. Bright Criticising Glad stone's Policy.

LONDON, February 11.—Mr. Parnell's amendment to the address in reply to the queen's speech was rejected by a vote of 352 to 246.

Sir Michael Hicks-Beach, chief secretary for Ireland, in the house of commons this afternoon, in answer to inquiries, affirmed the truth of reports that moonlighters had attacked the houses of three farmers in Mill screet, county Cork, and cut off the hair of every woman met in the houses. The only reason given for the in the houses. The only reason given for the outrages was that the women had been seen speaking to the police. Sir Michael said the government wouldn't release the Crossmaglen Thomas Sexton, Parnellite member from

West Belfast, resuming debate on Parnell's amendment, taunted the government on their amendment, taunted the government on their inability to rule Ireland without the assistance of an army as large as the one needed in India. Parnell's amendment, Mr. Sexton contended, raised questions of vital and practical importance. The whole policy of the government in Ireland, whether it was called a reform of the criminal proceedure law or coercion, hinged upon the relations between Irish landlords and their tenants. All offers on the part of tenants to arbitrate the question of rents had been spurned and tenants now stood with their backs against the wall, defying oppression, even the oppresson of the law, because their position was morally impregnable. Tenants everywhere in Ireland were willing to pay fair rents, but the speaker believed that if all the deposits banked under the plan of campaign by small farmers, and which represented the utmost they were able to pay, were put into a common fund, the sum would not suffice to pay three months' rent on the basis demanded by the landlords. Mr. Sexton attacked Lord Hartington's argument that gendemanded by the landlords Mr. Sexton atdemanded by the landidrds. Mr. Sexton at-tacked Lord Hartington's argument that gen-eral emigration would remedy the distress pre-vailing in Ireland. The real remedy, he said, vailing in Ireland. The real remedy, he said, was to be found in securing to the people the fruits of their toil. Further attempts to cause more of his countrymen to emigrate would meet with a passiona's and fierce resistance. Only an Irish legislature would solve finally the question of dual ownership of land. Every day testified to the government's gross ignorance of Ireland and its incapacity to deal with Irish affairs. He appealed, with confidence, to the newly enfranchised democracy of England to end the miseries of Ireland in the only possible way—binding the two countries together in heart and feeling and giving strength to both. and feeling and giving strength to both.

Cheers.]

Henry Matthews, home secretary, said that no sophistry would ever satisfy the nation that a person could at pleasure reduce rent he had contracted to pay, thereby becoming judge of his own cause. It was a part and parcel of the plan of campaign for trustees to get the money of tenants and hold it for the purpose of exercising coercion and preventing the payment of rents. The plan involved the degredation of the moral sense of Ireland. Mr. Parnell was responsible for the introduction into public life of the Irish idea that everyday obligations were unbinding because onerous, and that the Irish rebels warring against the queen were to be pitted. The speaker had only contempt for those petty pilferers who, under the plan of campaign, were running away with the landlord's money and leaving tenants still liable. It was no want of sympathy for

with the landlord's money and leaving tenants still liable. It was no want of sympathy for the impoverished tenants that made the government condemn the doctrine that pauperism gave title to properly. The government would be guilty of grave direlection, of duty if it failed to enforce the law against persons because their position was one of hardship. The enforcement of law and order was the sole foundation of civilized society and the government, would

of civilized society and the government would not be deterred from vindicating the law be-cause the name "coercion" was used. LONION, February 12.—The close of debate

on the Parnell amendment last night was com-paratively tame. John Bright was absent. All the conservatives and 63 unionists, including Chemberlain and Collings, voted with the majority and 80 Parnellites and the bulk of the liberals, including seventeen members of Glad-stone's government, with the minority. There was much cheering but little enthusiasm, the

result being a foregone conclusion.

John Bright has written auother letter in criticism of Gladstone's Irish policy. Mr. Bright says:

My views regarding liberal reunion have remained unchanged since I spoke at Birmingham, in July. What has happened since has confirmed the views I then expressed. I attribute the break in the liberal party to the unwisdom of its leader and the liberal party to the unwisdom of its leader and to a most deplorable abandonment by the bulk of the party of its position and the policy at that leader's invitation or command. They talked and voted on measures few understood, accepting them from a popular minister. I dare not surrender the interests of the Irish people to a conspiracy bent on destroying the land owners of the country as the first step toward securing Ireland from England, a conspiracy to which so much of Ireland's present suffering and demonalization is due. I have been associated very intimately for twenty years with this popular minister. I have spoken for Ireland. My sympathy for Ireland is now as warm and real as ever. Ibelieve a majority of instructed and thoughtful Irishmen prefer the protection and justice of the imperial parliament to a rule of conspiracy under an Irish parliament.

RANDOLPH'S WICKED BROTHER.

The Duke of Marlborough Proposes to Marry an American Heiress

LONDON, February 11.—I saw a gentleman yesterday who is on intimate terms with the duke of Mariborough, and who recently had a long talk with him about Lady Colin Campbell. I asked the duke if it was really true that he was in love with Lady Colin and if he had intended to marry her if she got her divorce. He replied with perfect frankness, and I believe he told the truth. He declared that without the second of the executions was true adding that vorce. He replied with perfect frankness, and I believe he told the truth. He declared that neither of the assertions was true, adding that Lady Colin was of a cold nature, and that he never had any feeling for her but that of friendship. The duke said he did not think she was the kind of woman who would attract men in any other way notwithstanding her beauty. Moreover, there was an insuperable obstacle to their marriage,—namely: they were both too poor. The duke is in straitened circumstances and he really cannot afford to marry a woman who has not a large fortune of her own. He told me that he supposed the only chance left open for him, since he had been so cut by English society, was to marry an American heiress. I doubt however, if he ever marries at all. His life was ruined by his first marriage. He is naturally an abler man than his brother, Lord Randolph Churchill, and would have made a better statesman. But he married a woman who vexed the life out of him, and drove him to seek the society of otherwomen. He got to seek the society of other-women. He got into the papers and that was the end of him. He is now living in the most secluded man-

The same friend of the duke told me of having paid a visit to the house of General Sir W. But-ler, one of the correspondents in the late Camp-bell divorce case, and he said that photographs bell divorce case, and he said that photographs of Lady Colin were to be seen all over the room. Lady Butler, formerly Miss Elizabeth Thompson, evidently took no stock in the insinuations against her husband's fidelity, and jained with him in making their admiration of Lady Colin conspicuous. Lady Butler's entire family sympathize with her in this method of beating down a prejudiced opinion, and Lady Colin's photographs are seen at the house of her sister as yell as at her own.

Ordered to Japan, St. Peterseueg, February 11.—The Bussian Mediterranean fleet has been ordered to Japan, where the czar intends to assemble a squadron of considerable proportions.

Large Fire in India. RANGOON, February 11.—Four hundred houses note descripted by fire here today.

CHOKED WITH ICE.

WESTERN RIVERS OVERFLOWING

Ice Gorges Form Above Lyons, Michigan—The Whole
Town Flooded—Several Houses Swept Away—
Danger That the Whole Flace Will be
Destroyed—Tae Floode Elsewhere.

Lyons, Michigan, February 11 .- There is danger that a considerable portion of the town will be swept way by flood, occasioned by the gorging of ice just below town. Maple and Grand rivers intersect here, above the gorge. Both are at flood, and every tributary stream is in a similar condition. Another great ice gorge has fermed near Lansir g, which is on Grand river, above Lyons. There is great fear of its breaking. In such case, there will not be much left of Lyons, unless the Lyons garge breaks first. Three honses at Lyons have been swept away and demolished. A large number have been damaged by the rushing water and ice, and still more are flooded four to six feet in depth above the ground level.

in depth above the ground level.

At Muir the same condition of affairs exist, and merchants have abandoned their stores which stand exposed to the current. Three Rivers is surrounded with water. All the railroad shops have closed and millions feet of lumber piled in the yards is affoat. A slight abatement of the flood was noticed last night here, but it is on in all its fury this morning. Rain fell in torrents till about midnight, when it changed to snow, and by daylight fully eight inches of snow and sleet had fallen. There is a regular northeaster with a twenty mile wind. The people are worn out working night and day to save their property. A rough estimate of damage makes the aggregate between \$75,000 and \$100,000 thus far.

A special from Monroe says the river has been slowly rising for the last 24 hours, but the ice has broken, giving free passage to the lake. The banks of the river are lined with immeuse walls of ice and frozen snow, rising eight

mease walls of ice and frozen snow, rising eight or ten feet above the present high water mark, and great fields of ice of the same thickness fill

all the streets adjacent to the river.

A Jackson special says: "The pressure of water in Grand river in a mill pond opposite the city was too great, and last night sluices were opened with the result that the water rose several feet and the Grand Trunk bridge is now under water. Hurd's hotel basement has two feet of water in it. The cellars in business blocks, in the center of town, are all flooded from eighteen inches to two and a half feet. The state fair grounds are completely submerged, and on a large tract of land in the south part of the city, known as Mitchell's addition, the water is up to the floors of the

addition, the water is up to the floors of the dwellings. The state prison walls stand in the midst of a lake.

HIGH WATER IN INDIANA.

FORT WAYNE, Ind., February 17.—The Maumee, St. Joseph's and Mary's rivers rose five feet last night and the flood now threatens to surpass the memorable one of four years ago. A number of families residing in the flooded districts of the city have removed to to surpass the memorable one of four years ago. A number of families residing in the flooded districts of the city have removed to the upper stories of their residences, or have abandoned them altogether. At River Point, between Fort Wayne and Toledo, great distress is reported. Many factories have shut down and employes put to work surrounding the works by dykes. The water is now within a foot of the floors of the principal bridges, and the city must shortly be cut off from communication by wagon roads from the north. The river is rising six inches an hour and rain is falling.

ELEMART. Ind., February 11.—The flood

ELKHART, Ind., February 11.-The flood ELKHART. Ind., February 11.—The flood here, instead of subsiding, has been fearfully augmented by the heavy rain which fell all day yesterday and last night, and St. Joe and Elkhart rivers are now raging at 12 feet above the low watermark, and the St. Joe is still rising. All the lower portions of the city, including the flats and island, are one wast sta. About fifty houses are surrounded and a number of families have been compelled to vacate. Last night a fire alarm was given to get the men to save the head gates of the dam, in which they succeeded, by incessant labor. The water is standing to the depth of several feet in a number of factories. Tonight several feet in a number of factories. Tonight the bridge approaching the island succumbed to the rising water. STORMS IN OHIO AND PENNSYLVANIA.

STORMS IN OHIO AND PENNSYLVANIA.
PITTSBURG, Pa., February 11.—Telegrams
from eastern Ohio state that a terrible wind
storm passed over that section today. At
Louisville seven houses and a woolen factory
were blown down, and a Catholic church and

seminary, two large and costly structures, par-tially demolished. Not a chimney was left standing in the town. The loss is \$100,000. At Worcester, Ohio, the residence of M. K. Hard was wrecked and the tower of the Lutheran church was blown through the roof of the new Methodist church. During a windstorm at Tyrone this afternoon a tree blew down, killing four Hungarian railroad laborers who had taken shelter under it. They belonged to a party of sixty laborers working near the scene of the

THE INDIANS NOT TO BLAME. Further Particulars of the Tragedy in New

Mexico.

Albuqueeque, N. M., February 11.—Further particulars from Monday's bloody tragedy on the Navajo reservation, in which three white men and two Indians were killed, state that everything is quiet and as usual. The report shows that the Indians were not much to blame, as the white men made the attack. They should have made their grievance known to the Indian agent, instead of taking the law into their own hands. The two men who accumpanied the deputy to make the arrest of the accused horse thief, were bitterly hated by the Indians for good reasons. They were not slow in taking advantage of the situation. The Navajos are imposed upon by this class of men, who may yet cause this powerful tribe to take to the war path.

In Favor of the Blair Bill.

In Favor of the Blair Bill.

Montgomery, Ala., Febrúary II.—[Special.]
Teday the Alabama house of representatives adopted, by a majority of 58 to 38, the joint resolution favoring the Bair bill, and urging the Alabama representatives in congress to vote for the measure. The state senate passed similar resolutions some days since, by a decided majority. In the house the resolution caused a lively discussion and the most able and brilliant speeches of the session were made. Hon. S. W. Hewitt, ex-member of congress from this state, took the lead in advocating the resolution, and Speaker Jones was a strong opponent, but a majority of both branches of the Alabama legislature have put themselves on record in favor of the Blair bill.

The British Grain Trade.

LIVERPOOL, February 11 .- A leading weekly LIVERPOOL, February 11.—A leading weekly grain circular says: "The decidedly quieter tone of advices from America has caused a freer sulling of wheat by holders here. Markets in the provinces are inactive and rather easier. Off the coast the market is almost cleared of cargoes. Nothing for shipment or on passage is offered. At today's meiket there was a limited attendance. The tone was quiet. There was a small demand for wheat, and prices were one half peuny lower. Flour was slow and unchanged. Corn was in moderate demand old corn was one half penny lower; new was unchanged.

WASHINGTON, February 11.—Secretary Whit-ney today approved the rentence of the general court-martial dismissing from the Annapolis naval neademy Cadets James W. Clinton and George B. Fife, of the fourth class, convicted of hazing,

Another Boodler Sentenced. NEW YORK, February 11.—Alderman O'Neal has been sentenced to four and a half years' interprisonment and to pay \$2,000 flue.

MASHED INTO SPLINTERS SEVERE RAILROAD ACOL

DENTS IN GEORGIA. A Parsenger Train Crunches Into a Prieght on the Savannah (and Floirda Road-The East Tennessee Railroad Furnishes An-other Accident Near Rome.

THOMASVILLE, Ga., February 11 .- [Special.]

A frightful railroad collision occurred last night at the six mile post, on the Savannah, Florida and Western railway, between this city and Albany. The accident happened just beyond the bridge over the Ochlocknee river, and was caused by the cannon ball train running into a north bound freight. The cannon hall is the fastest train on the road, and runs between Jacksonville and Montgomery, carrying the through sleepers to and from the north. It left here a little

BEHIND TIME LAST NIGHT. At the six mile post a local freight train was side tracked, waiting for the cannon ball to pass. The freight had waited thirty minutes, as the rules required, and was backing on the main track preparatory to starting, when the cannon ball, running at a lightning speed, ran into it. The engine jumped on the rear car. of the freight, and it and four freight cars were completely wrecked. A carload of hay was burned and many cars were more or less

damaged. The engineers and fireman JUMPED JUST IN TIME to save their lives. The fireman, however, was badly but not fatally hurt, and the engineer considerably bruised. A negro passenger was terribly scalded, but is expected to re cover. Several others were more or less hurt. but none seriously. The track is a perfect wreck. All transportation is stopped, and no trains from Albany have arrived since the collision. Hands are at work removing the debris, and it is hoped by tomorrow the schednles can be resumed. Four cars were sent floating down the river. The passengers had a miraculous escape.

AN EAST TENNESSEE COLLISION. ROME, Ga., February 11.-[Special.]-At 5:30 this morning there was a collision between the freight and passenger trains on the East Tennessee road about a mile from the East Rome depot. The freight train stopped at Connally's tanyard, when passenger train No.12 came thundering along. Conductor Joseph Ketcham and Brakemen Housteler and Moore were severly injured. The engine was but slightly injured but the caboose was wrecked and the baggage car damaged.

AROUND THE UNIVERSITY.

Some Fersonal Matters Briefly Alluded To.

ATHENS, Ga., February 11.—[Special.]—The engineers of the Georgia, Carolina and Northern railroad are now at work near the Appalachee bridge, in Walton county, and near Danielsville, in Madison county.

Dr. W. A. Carlton's friends will be sorry to

learn that his little daughter Lidda has had a return of her dangerous symptoms, and is now

lying at the point of death.

The many friends and admirers of the venerable Dr. Andrew A. Lipscomb will be glad to know that he is enjoying better health than he has for years. The doctor does considerable literary work.

Mr. Joe S. Cook. a popular and well known

Mr. Joe S. Cook. a popular and well known machinist, of Atlanta, and a graduate of the university of Georgia, who has been superintending the placing of the machinery in Taylor Bres's new mill, is still in the city, the guest of Mr. Robert G. Taylor, on Hill street.

Judge W. B. Thomas is still in New York on withread business. He will not return for each railroad business. He will not return for several days yet. Judge Thomas is interested to a considerable extent in new railroads.

The many friends of Mr. Frank Thomas will

be glad to know that he is almost entirely re covered from his late severe illness.

Professor White and Dr. W. L. Jones have returned from their visit to the agricultural

Hon. Pope Barrow will leave for Washington eity early next week on important railroad business for the Richmond and Danville.

Our people are glad to know that there is a probability of Hon. N. L. Hutchins, of the Western circuit, making Athens his permanent forme.

The grand jury of Jackson county found three true bills against the men who sold home-made wine from the wagon in Jefferson during

DR. T. F. BAKER ACQUITTED.

Vam Jackson Called up to be Sentenced ... Six Years in the Penitentiary,

CARTERSVILLE, Ga., February 11.—[Special.]

—The case of the state vs. Dr. Thos. H. Baker was resumed Taursday morning—the fourth day of the trial. The interest was unabated. Large crowds watched the proceedings with keen interest. The evidence in the case was all in at about ten o'clock and the arguments

The case was given to the jury about one o'cleck today. They were out only a short time bringing in a verdict of not guilty. Sam Jackson was brought into court this afterneon, and sentenced to six years in the penitentiary, thus disposing of the last of the dynamite cases.

THE ATHENAUM.

An Interesting Meeting Held Tonight-Ham let, Prince of Denmark.

Macon, Ga., February 11.—[Special.]—At the residence of Major R. T. Lawton tonight the Athenæum held its regular monthly meeting. The subject was Hamlet, the unhappy prince of Denmark, and the original papers, as well as the selections and recitations, were charmingly rendered. The musical part of the programme was delightful.

The Late Fire in Monticello.

Monticello, Ga., February 11.—[Special.]— The loss by the late fire, etc., is not so great as first thought. That of Watson & Walker is estimated at \$750, consisting of duplicate goods up stairs, corn, wood, glass and tinware, erockery, plow stocks, hoes, etc.; groceries in the basement, and a general shortage of goods from the ground floor, mostly by the etc. part, which seems to have been wonderfully adapted to peckets and cover of aprons. Although goods were twice in the street, they were but little damaged. The firm now occupy the only house left on the south side of the square. Books and accounts all saved. Several new brick buildings are contemplated

Changes in Gainesville.

GAINESVILLE, Ga., February 11.—[Special.]
Mrs. T. H. P. Wright has rented the Hunt
house for the year 1887, and the Hudson
house falls into the hands of Mrs. Downs, of
Talbotton, and will be run in first-class style
The Gainesville Building and Loan association has not penfected its organization, but will
Associates soon as its obesters greated within do so as soon as its charter is granted, whice will be at February term of Hall superio court, which convenes next Monday week.

An Estate Settled Up.

MADISON, Ga., February 11.—[Special.]—Of the estate of Hon. Augustus Reese, sold by the executors, the Shields house and 25 acres of land just without the limits of Madison sold for \$625. Sixty-five acres near Madison brought \$1,660. A farm six miles west of Madison, con-\$1,600. A form six miles west of Madison, containing 600 acres, brought \$3,400, and a tract of 293 acres, bought by Mr. Peter G. Walker, for \$1,611. The office and ground attached, which Judge Reese so long occupied, were sold for \$300.

WHEN MIND AND BODY ARE OUT OF SORTS, WHEN MIND AND BODY ARE OUT OF SORTS, with cold extremities, a yellowness in the skin costiveness, dull headache, and an indisposition to stir about, be sure you are in for a Bilious Attack, springing from a more or less Disardered Liver. Dr. D. JAYNE'S SANATIVE PILLS will bring the Liver to a healthy condition, and speedily remove all biliary diseases.

A PREACHER'S GRANDSON.

The Strange Conduct of a Bad Young

Man.

JISUP, Ga., February 11.—[Special.]—The Sentinel publishes a strange story, thus: Some three weeks ago William and James Dent, two boys of Coffee county, broke in the store of J. S. Lott and took therefrom some valuable goods. They were arrested, and in default of bail, were sent to Albany jail, where they remained until their friends made a bond and sent the sheriff after them and had them brought back to Coffee county and liberated. Rev. W. H. Dent, father of William, who has recently movel to Lownds county, sent a small son about ten years of age with instructions to tell William to come home. On Monday last they arrived at Willacoochee on their way to their father's home. Here William deserted his little brother, and lgft him to go on with a mule and a cart, a distance of forty miles, alone. mule and a cart, a distance of forty miles, alone. On Tuesday morning, William attempting to steal a ride to Waycross, was put off by the conductor at Kirkland, where he went into conductor at Kirkland, where he went into Wm. Kirkland's store and stole a new Smith & Wesson pistol, and boarded the down passenger train and went to Waycross, where he went into the jewelry store of Lanier & Youmans and stole a gold watch. From here he went to the store of B. Sirmans and stole a pair of pants. Here he boarded the train for Valdosta and reached home Wednesday night. Mr. Kirkland wrote a friend in the neighborhood that young Dent had stolen his pistol, which fact was made known to his father, who at once took the matter in hand and found all the goods above mentioned hand and found all the goods above mentioned in his possession, and forced him to a confession. On Tuesday last Rev. Mr. Dent passed down the B. & W. railroad with the stolen goods in a satchel to return them to their goods in a satenet to return them to their proper owners. The perpetrator of these crimes is quite a youth and has always had the best of training and advice from parents. The matter is deeply regretted by all. Rev. W. H. Dent, the father, is a minister of the Baptist church and has a large circle of friends and is a high-toned Christian gentleman, who has the symmethy of all good nearly. sympathy of all good people.

FROM STONEWALL JACKSON'S PEN.

A Remarkable Letter from the Great Soldier.

ATHENS, Ga., February 11 .- [Special.] - A letter written by Stonewall Jackson to his pastor has just been made public here. The letter has never been given to the public before, but has been hidden away in the trunk of an Elberton lady, whose brother found it on one of the battlefields of Virginia. The letter bears marks of the fading touch of time; the writing is perfectly distinct. The chirography is plain, neat and free. The letter is as fol-

CARGLINE COUNTY, Va., February 12, 1863.-My Caroling County, Va., February 12, 1863.—My Dear-Pastor: I drop you a note to say that your son Tom's application to be transferred to the cavalry had been made before your letter reached me. I regret that he should have taken such a step, as it think he would have had a more desirable position with General Paxton. He is now a member of company C, First Virginia Cavalry.

This company is from Rockbridge, and is the same that Mat White brought into the field.

If I can be of any service to you at any time, I nope that you will command my services.

Such funds as I have in your hands plaase appriate as you think will do the most good, and in such mazmer as to have none on hand at the en' of the year.

of the year.

The Stonewall brigade is holding services twice during the Sabbath, in a building which the brigade has nearly completed. Mr. Hopkins, of our church, preached there has Sabbath evening.

Please remember me very kindly to Mrs. White and to Mr. and Mrs. McCrume.

Very truly, your friend.

T. J. JACKSON.

SEWED UP IN A SACK.

The Terrible Discovery Made by a Fisher-

MILLEDGEVILLE, Ga. February 11,-[Special]-Today while Soloman Lawshe, a negro, was fishing in Oconee river, near the city, he no-ticed a corn sack floating around in the river. Through curiosity he rowed his boat towards the sack. He noticed that the mouth of the sack was entirely sewed up. On opening it he beheld the body of an infant. Awe-stricken by the ghastly scene, he broke for town at once, and reported his discovery to the coroner. The child has been brought to discovery the city and a full investigation will be made temorrow. The doctors say the child was thrown into the river alive. The child is very light. Coroner Scott is confident he knows the

ALL ABOUT MONEY.

A Tax Collector's Fortune --- Burying the rom the Haralson, Ga., Banne

A part of the moulds for making twenty dollar gold pieces was found at a burnt down house near Buchanan last week by Mr. Isaac Weatherby's little boy. From the Dawson, Ga., Journal.

While coming from Sasser to Dawson, yesterday morning, Mr. B. F. Wiggins lost his pocket book, containing \$460, From the Butler, Ga., Herald

A few months ago a lady in Butler, in the absence of her husband, buried near a wood yard for safe keeping the amount of one hundred and ten dollars in ten and twenty dollar national bank notes, which had been left her by her husband to meet her expenses during his absence. After his return the lady decided his absence. After his return the lady decided to go and get the money and return it to her husband, but to her astonishmeut she found that the bills had all been so badly eaten and otherwise mutilated by the wood lice as to render them almost useless and beyond recognition. The fragments of the bills have been sent to the national bank from whence they criginated, but we have not learned what disposition were made of them. position were made of them.

W. A. H. Royal, who is the efficient tax col-lector for Taylor county, found in an old over-coat pocket which had been laid aside for several months in order to give place to a new one, the amount of \$190 in paper money, carefully wrapped in a small piece of brown paper. Squire Royal is confident that the money is his own, having every year since he has held the office made full settlements with the state and county, but has no recollection of having placed the money in his pocket or how long it has ramained there, as the coat had not been used in some time. As we have stated, Squire Royal has always made full returns to the state and county as his hooks will show and our grand. county, as his books will show, and our grand jurors at every term of our superior court, have given him the highest recommendation possible. While he has been very careful as to the interest of the state and county, he has no doubt nelected to keep a careful account of his own interest, and in this way only can he give any account of not having missed the money.

Brought to Grief. ALBANY, Ga., February 11.—[Special.]—The car coupler has again come to grief. This time Dick Whitely, colored, is the victim. Dick holds the position of car coupler at the Savannah, Florida and Western railway yard at this point and while in the discharge of his during the coupler of the savannah. point, and while in the discharge of his duty had his arm badly mashed. The bones were not broken but the wound is a painful one. A large piece of flesh was torn from the arm and the bone laid bare.

Called to the Bedside of a Dying Mother.

GAINESVILLE, Ga., February 11.—[Special.] Dr. James W. Bailey and his brother, Mr. A. Press Bailey, have gone to Dawson county to visit their mother, who is quite sick. They left last night in response to a message that their mother was very unwell, and nothing has been heard from them since their depart-ure, but it is hoped that they will find her much better.

He Was His Own Victim.

CLAEKSVILLE, Ga., February 11.—[Special.]—On the morning of the 9th instant Robert Searight, son of Whitney Searight, who lives in five miles of this place, shot his thumb so severely that amputation was necessary. Bob thought some one was stealing his corn, so he set his zun so that it would fire on opening the door. He being the first visitor, received the

Fire at a Distance.

COLUMBUS, Ga., February 11.—[Special.]—A fire occurred several miles south of the city tonight. The light was plainly visible here, but the fire could not be located.

A BAFFLED BURGLAR

A PORTLY PATROLMAN'S TIMELY APPEARANCE.

The Macon Police Score Another Success-Two Shots That Wake Up the Neighbors-The Grand Jury's Quick Work-Superior Court - Other, News Notes.

MACON, Ga., February 11.-[Special.]-About 12:30 this morning portly Patrolman Tom Brown, who is about five feet four, and tips the scales until all the weights are hung on, had just taken his beat, which embraces Bridge row and Walnut and Wharf streets. He was suddenly startled by the vision of a dark form stealing up on the front piazza of Barnett's residence, on Walnut street, The stealthy movements of the man convinced Brown that the apparition was a Fourth street tough on plunder bent. The moon was shining brightly, and Brown recognized his man almost as soon as he emerged from the background through which he had effected an

entrance.

Slipping up toward the sidewalk, he saw the negro boy open the blinds of a window, opening into Barnett's bedroom, and just as Brown reached, the edge of the sidewalk the thief disappeared through the window, and glancing back he caught a glance of the officer and started to jump into an alley. Brown was too quick for him and he ran back to the other end of the piazza next Mr. Reese's dwelling, and just as he reached the end of the piazza, he drew from his pocket what appeared to be a pistol, and Brown blazed away at him. The thief fell as though he was hard hit, but

to be a pistol, and Brown blazed away at him. The thief fell as though he was hard hit, but scrambling up again, he broke away, while Brown cracked away at him again.

Mr. Reese was awakened by the racket and sprang out of bed, and Brown sounded his whistle for help. His partner quickly responded, and the three explored the yard and outhouses, but failed to find the thief, who had himsed everes forces not il he reached a place. skipped across fences until he reached a place f safety. Brown had spotted his man, however, and

going down to Henry Hammond's bar, on Fourth street, he arrested John Stubbs, a negro who has been frequently arrested and charged with various offenses, but has heretofore escaped

conviction.

Stubbs was locked up about 2:50 a, m. and his case was laid before the grand jury this morning. It is reported today that a true bill has been found, and Stubbs has been placed in jail to await trial for burglary.

AN IRATE JUDGE Dismisses a Presumptuous Darky with a Piece of His Mind.

Macon, Ga., February 11.—[Special.]—Judge Mr. R. Freeman is as skilled in law as many who practice at the bar, and is as scrupulous and conscientious in the discharge of his duties as an officer can be. George Armstrong, who runs a good many of

George Armstrong, who runs a good many of the women societies in the city, has two sisters, one of whem is married to a gay Lothario who suddenly became sweet on the other, which caused a row in the family. George took sides with the latter sister, and reported that Judge Freeman had openly sanctioned the unlawful union of the pair. This morning Judge Freeman gave George such a piece of his mind as he will not soon forcet. After telling him that he had it soon forget. After telling him that he had it in his power to fine him for contempt, he turned to him and dismissed him as the contemptible fellow that he is, and told him that if he ever heard of his mentioning his (Freeman's) name again, in any way, he would take a stick and wear him out. George went a way a sadder, and it is hoped, a wiser coon.

FROM NIAGARA TO MACON.

Mr. C. T. Guernsey to Take a Long Bycicle Ride.

Macon, Ga., February 11.—[Special.]—Mr. C. T. Guernsey, secretary and treasurer of the Macon, Georgia, Bycicle club, will ride his wheel from Niegara Falls to Macon, a distance of about twelve hundred miles, per wagon route. The start will be as soon as weather will permit, either in June or July. Mr. Guernsey receases that any rescon having information as receases. quests that any person having information as to the character of the roads and hotels between he reand the following cities will confer a great layor by forwarding same to his address, 136 South Division street, where he will remain until time of the journey. The following is the route selected: To Cleveland, Ohio, Cincinnati, Memphis, Chattanooga, Atlanta to Macon. This trip is undertaken merely as an adventure and for pleasure, and any wheelman who intends taking trips about this time can have company part, if not all of their way, by seeing Mr. Guernsey, who would be pleased to have any of the boys accompany him on his route.

THE FIRE DEPARTMENT.

Macon Moving Ahead in This Important-

Ga., February 11.-[Special.]-The ity authorities are moving shead in the matter of organizing the paid fire department. Mayor Price and Sanitary Inspector F. M. Butner, are absent in the west for the purpose of purchasing spitable horses for the use

department. They will be gone several days.

There are about fifty applications for position on the paid department list, and only twenty-one places are to be filled.

The old voluteer companies are disposing of their reels, etc., as fast as possible. There is some talk of having the tournament at an early some talk of having the tournament at an early day, so as to give the boys a farewell send-of

before the department passes away forever, af-ter thirty years' faithful service.

The engine houses, which are to be preserved for the use of the paid department, will have to be rearranged and fitted up. The officers are moving in this matter now. It is hardly possible that the new department will be in working order before April 15.

SUPERIOR COURT.

A Case Between Two Hebrew Firms-Ver-dict for the Defense.

Macon, Ga., February 11.—[Special.]—The time of the court has been occupied today with the trial of the case of Brown Bros. vs. D. J. Baer. of Fort Valley, who failed in business some time ago. All the parties to the suit are Hebrews, and the case is a lively and tedious, one. A verdict was finally taken for tedions one. A verdict was finally taken for the defense this evening, and the case will go to the supreme court.

A NEW CLASS.

Professor Saunders Opens a Class of Elocution at Mercer.

Macon, Ga., February 11.—[Special.]—Professor Saunders, formerly of Washington-Lecuniversity, has opened a class in elocution at Mercer university. This pleases the boys, who are already in love with the prefessor, and his tenching term at the college will no doubt be a teaching term at the college will no doubt be a

DOTS AND DASHES.

Headless Items Collected and Collated by the Constitution Bureau. Macon, Ga., February 11.—[Special.]—Dr. Thomas A. Cheatham, of Rankin & Co.'s, is the proud perent of a bouncing baby boy four days old. Rankin & Co. have laid in an extra case of

d. Rankin & Co. nave land in an extra case of aregoric.

Mr. Ed Ervine, locked the street doors of the Mamie half for a few minutes, last night, while the ussical association was enjoying a piece of fine ussic, so as to prevent the marring of the music y training up and down stairs. This was the nly icas in the doors were closed, and they were nly closed for a brief space of time.

Superior court adjourned till Monday today. The rand inty have adjourned for the term.

The lind hunters failed to get off on their hunt were.

x'ay. Judge Kit Warren will visit Atlanta next week, and Major Armstrong will fill his editorial chair the Major Armstrong while away.

High winds and clouds of dust were prevalent in Macon today, with fair prospects for rain this even-

Miss Carrie Speer, of Americus, has returned to Wesleyan.

Reports from the farming districts are favorable Farmers are fanishing up out sowing, and many of them are getting their lands ready for other crops News has been extremely scarce, and business extremely dull for the last few days.

Women with pale, colorless faces who feel weak and discouraged, will receive both mental and bodily vigor by using Carter's Iron Pills, which are made for the blood, nerve and com-

BIRD AND BEAST.

Big Shots - Wild Cats Slain - Deceitful

Animals.

NACOCCHEE, Ga., February 11.—[Special.]—
The students here had quite a lively time after a partridge that was so anxious to get in the schoolroom that it broke a pane of glass, and, without any ceremony, tumbled in the academy this morning. It was finally captured and released. Partridges are as eager to learn here as in Thomasville and vicinity, if they are not as numerous.

TALLAPOOSA, Ga., February 11.—[Special.]—
Mr. J. W. Sewell, a young farmer living near this place, rode into town this morning with three wild turkey gobblers, weighing sixteen, sixteen and eighteen pounds, which he killed at one shot. He sold his game for \$4 cash before he left town! This was a lucky shot for Mr. Sewell, but a death blow to the turkey tribe.

ribe.
ADAIRSVILLE, Ga., February 11.—[Special.]—
H. Johnson of Gordon county, killed an Mr. H. Johnson, of Gordon county, killed an otter on his farm that measured three feet and a half. Before it could be killed, it whipped two dogs. It was unusually large to be on so small a stream.

From the Dawson, Ga., Journal.
Mr. N. L. Lee killed a willicat in Notchaway swamp one day last week that weighed twenty four pounds. From the Washington, Ga., Chronicle.

Dick Garrard made a lucky shot the other day. He fired into a covey of twelve partridges that were huddled up in a bunch on the ground and killed eleven of them, and as the twelfth bird rose he killed that also.

From the Gainesville, Ga., Eagle.
On last Tuesday a beautiful pet deer was offered for sale on our streets. Though many would like to have owned it, they did not buy it, as they had no suitable place to keep it. It was very gentle and attracted a great deal of attention.

The other day at the Circle a pretty sight was a basket of partridges, thirty in all. Some days since a woman brought in one basket to Hoschton one hundred of these beautiful birds. The presumption is she had trapped or netted them, but Captain Moss thought she had run them down.

From the Perry, Ga., Journal.
Mr. C. P. Marshall tells us that his house recently climbed up the chimney out of his dining room and then directly down the other side of the chimney into the kitchen. The cat was shut up in the dining room, and the strange freak was doubtless performed in

the strange freak was doubtless performed in order to get out.

From the Butler, Ga., Herald.

Not less than one hundred and fifty or two hundred robbins were killed on the streets of Butler last Saturday, yet our town ordinance strictly forbids the firing of guns on the streets.

Mr. W. H. Gassett came very near having a serious runaway by his mules becoming frightened at this noise.

ened at this noise.

Messrs. Mathews, Huff, Hunter, Layfield and Stewart went fishing during the warm spell, and their efforts were crowned with much sucand their efforts were crowned with much suc-cess, as they caught forty-two mullets from Averett's pond. Mr. R.* A. Stewart went the following night and caught a fine trout weigh-ing over eight pounds. However, the boys say the finny tribe will quit running now for a

From the Hawkinsville, Ga., Dispatch Frank Coney and Terry Adams have been clearing out the rats about their store for several days, and their efforts have met with great success. Their building is of brick, and the rats had knawed a hole through the floor and entered through that. Their destruction of meat and corn was alarming, and Messrs. Coney & Adams were unable to prevent their devastations. At last it was decided that if a large wire trap were put immediately over the hole that the rats would pass through the hole note that the rats would pass through the note into the trap. This plan was tried, and on Saturday morning last the large round trap was filled with rats of the largest species. They were so densely packed that some were dead at the bottom. The trap contained twenty-four alive and dead. The trap was placed in a large tub of water and forced to the bottom and the rats, were thus, drowned. The tem, and the rats were thus drowned. The trap was replaced over the hole, and on Sunday morning it contained eight; on Monday morning nine; on Tuesday morning one; on Wednesday morning three. Forty-five slain

MATTERS IN COURT.

Two Murderers Refused the Privilege of Bail.

COLUMBUS, Ga, February 11.—[Special.]— In Muscogee superior court today, Osborn Simmons was tried for assault with intent to murder, and acquitted. The court took a re cess until Monday. The business of the term is nearing completion.

The hearing of the habeas corpus case of

Tol and Joe Carden, the murderers of old man Sanders, was completed at Seale late last night. The prisoners were refused bail and remanded to jail.

The Covington Fire Company.

COVINGTON, Ga., February 11 .- [Special.] Last Thursday evening the young men of our town met in the courthouse and organized a fire company. Colonel Lester was chosen chief. Messrs. Dearing, Brooks and Peck were chosen respectively, first, second and third assistants. The fire accourrements will consist of a hook and ladder, which the council have so kindly

consented to give.

Stole a Quart of Whisky. Sylvania, Ga., February 14.—[Special.]—
The warehouse of the Sylvania railroad, in
this place, was broken into last night by some
prowling thief, and about a quart of whisky stolen from a jug in the express department. As nothing else has been missed, it is probable that this midnight marauder indulged too freely and quickly in the "ardent" and forgot his mission.

TWO DEATHS FROM HYDROPHORIA. One in Rome and the Other in Batts County. From the Jackson, Ga., Argus

A genuine case of death by hydrophobia has A genuine case of death by hydrophobia has occurred in Jackson. During Christmas an unknown dog appeared in the yard of Tom Cole, colored, in this place and began fighting his yard dog. His children were playing near by, and a little boy, five years old, ran to the rescue with a stick. This caused the farious beast to loose its hold, when it turned upon the child and bit it severely on the head and face. Dr. Mapp was called, who dressed the wounds. In a short while the thought of rabies had about been forgotten. The dog, however, was killed. On Friday the child was again taken killed. On Friday the child was again taken ill and lingered until Sunday night when it died in great agony. and Dr. Mapp, who at-tended the case, pronounced it a genuine case of hydrophobia.

From the Rome, Ga., Courier. Randall Baker, the driver for Colonel D. B Randall Baker, the driver for Colonel D. B. Hamilton, died yesterday morning of what is pronounced to be hydrophobia, every symptom of his during his sickness leading to this conclusion. Randall was bitten by a dog some time last Christmas. At the time he attached no importance to this, and all that was heard from him about it was when Mr. Hamilton, a month ago last Monday, asked him where was his dog. He replied that the dog had some time see jumpned up on him and hit him on the his dog. He replied that the dog had some time ago jumped up on him and bit him on the lip and then ran away, since which time he had not seen him. The disease commenced work on him last Sunday morning, when he experienced gripings in the stemsch. He became so ill that he had to go to bed, and getting no better, Dr. Patrick was sent for Monday morning. The doctor examined the negro and gave as his opinion that it was a case of hydrophobas. Randall was at all times in great pain. He would clutch at everything that came in reach, and his hands and thing that came in reach, and his hands and arms would shake like one suffering from de-lirium tremens. At the sight of water he would go into convulsions. He suffered this would go into convulsions. He suffered this way until yesterday morning, when he died a most herrible death. The negroes on the Hamilton place, we understand, are greatly exercised over the matter. They think he has been vondooed by some one, ond insisted that a post mortem examination be held.

To froetbites, chilblains, and bites of poison one insects Salvation O'll gives immediate relief. Price 25 cents.

GEORGIA ITEMS GROUPED

WHAT THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE ARE DOING.

Death of a Veteran—A Needle in Her Shoulder—Broke His Leg-Sentenced to the Penitentiary— Crime in Dodge County—Ben DeLoach's Death—News from Other Parts.

The measles are raging in some parts of

The members, of the 43d Georgia will have a reunion at Ball Ground in July next. Thomson has four schools in full blast, averaging nearly, or quite, forty pupils each. Mrs. Heard, of the Loque mills, will open the Habersham house on the 15th instant.

Owing to sickness in his family Colonel Candler will not be able to return to Washing-

The need of additional schoolhouses is urgently felt in Columbus. This is an evidence of increasing population.

Mr. H. C. Campbell. of Campbell county, had family reunion last Thursday night, at which thirty six descendants were present. One hundred and six civil and one hundred

and twelve criminal cases are in order for trial at the next term of Dodge superior court. Distemper is prevailing among the horses and mules near Greenville, having been intro-duced by the drovers who brought mules there The Loque mills are still shut down on ac

count of measles among the operatives. Eight cases in the county have proven facal within the past ten days.

William Flagg, a negro man, severely cut Herbert Chambers, another negro, at Hatche-chubbee a few days ago. It is now reported that Chambers is dead. Flagg has not been arrested, but a warrant has been issued for his apprehension. Mr. James M. Griffin, a young man from

Wilcox county, was returning from Darien about ten days ago, and reached Eastman in the night. In trying to get off the train while in motion he broke his, leg, and is now suffering from the accident. In Cusseta a negro boy 15 years old accidentally shot himself through the palm of his band while hunting. His parents thinking it would only prove a flesh wound gave it but

little attention. The boy lingered only a few days before dying. Mr. Thomas Winn died last Saturday night at his home in Terrell county, aged 81 years. Mr. Winn was an old pioneer and landmark, and was a citizen of that section when it was

customary to go forty miles to a logrolling. He did service in the war of 1812. Ben DeLoache, a colored boy living on the place of T. K. Cobb, near Shellman, was miss-ing for several days until his body was found in the woods on Notchaway creek. From gun shot wounds on his person, it is supposed he came to his death by accidental discharge of a gu . as he was hunting on the day he disap-

A serious accident occurred last Friday even ing at the new building in process of erection in Eastman by Colonel L. A. Hall. A Mr. Adams, of Cochran, one of the workmen, fell from the roof, a distance of about fifteen feet, and was very severely if not fatally injured. He was carried to his home in Cochran Saturday morning.

Jackson superior court is now in session and quite a crowd has been in attendance upon it. Owing to the illness of Colonels Thurmond, Pike and Lumpkin, a great many cases were continued until next term, consequently very little important business has been transacted up to date. Court will probably adjourn to-day until next Monday, when the criminal docket will be taken up and occupy the attention of the court during the remainder of the

The Augusta Chronicle says that a young shoe merchant, doing a prosperous busine lest some \$800 a short while since at cards. the young merchant was always considered most exemplary in his habits, the news was great surprise to all who knew him. His father has taken the matter in hand, and, through Judge Twiggs, has brought an action in trover against the two gentlemen with whom the money issaid to have been lost.

Mr. William Howard, the sheriff of Pike ounty, informs the Griffin News that he almost had a jail delivery a few nights ago. Five persons were confined to jail, and were deperate enough to attempt escape. He was awakened by a noise in a cell above, and on investigation he found a half-dozen pieces of iron from six to twelve inches in length, any piece of which would be sufficient to break out with; but he iscovered the attempt in time to prevent a

Sykes Frazer, the negro who plead guilty, in Chatham county, on Tuesday, to involuntary manslaughter, was sentenced by Jadge Adams to fifteen years in the penitentiary. Ia tality of Richardson's murder, and reminded him that he had been a fugitive from justice for seven years, while his accomplice in the crime had been serving his life sentence in the penitentiary. The judge said that he had read over the testimony of Way's trial, and he had no doubt but that Frazer would have been con victed. The maximum term was twenty ye On last Wednesday Mrs. McDaniel, who lives on the farm of Judge McCollum, in Milton county, was sitting in a chair and attempted to turn her head and was seized with a sharp pain in her neck and shoulder. She was unable to change her position with-out intense pain. Dr. J. D. McC-dlum was called in, and on examination found that something was imbedded in her shoulder; he accordingly made an incision and found a long needle nearly half an inch under the skin, the point being outward. It was removed and the rain ceased. Mrs. McDapiel bas no recollection of ever sticking the needle in her por any knowledge of how it came the seemed to have been in the flesh a long tim and was incisted.

GEORGIA BREVITIES.

Warrenton is undergoing quite a siege of ceases at the present. Up to date seventy-five ases have been reported in our town. Mr. J. W. Lee. Warrenton's respected and lever jeweler, died Friday morning after an illness frome days.

Rev. S. L. Pattillo.of Warren county, lost his mokehouse and kitchen a few nights ago by fire apposed to be the work of an incendiary.

Beware of Scrofula

Scrofula is probably more general than any other disease. It is insidious in character, and manifests itself in running sores, pustular eruptions, boils, swellings, enlarged joints, abscesses, sore eyes, etc. Hood's Sarsaparilla expels all trace of scrofula from the blood, leaving it pure, enriched, and healthy.

"I was severely afflicted with scrofula, and over a year had two running sores on my neck. Took five bottles Hood's Sarsaparilla, and am cured." C. E. LOVEJOY, Lowell, Mass.
C. A. Arnold, Arnold, Me., had serofulous sores for seven years, spring and fall. Hood's Barsaparilla cured him.

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Is one of the most disagreeable diseases caused by impure blood. It is readily cured by Hood's Sarsaparilla, the great blood purifier.
William Spies, Elyria, O., suffered greatly

from erysipelas and salt rheum, caused by handling tobacco. At times his hands would erack open and bleed. He tried various preparations without aid; finally took Hood's Sar-saparilla, and now says: "I am entirely well." "My son had salt rheum on his hands and on the calves of his legs. He tood Hood's Sarsaparilla and is entirely cured." J. B. nton, Mt. Vernon, Ohio.

Hood's Sarsaparilla Sold by all druggists. \$1; six for \$5. Made only by C. I. HOOD & CO., Apothecaries, Lowell, Mass. 100 Doses One Dollar

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We refer, relative to the power and afficiency of these annihilators, to the members of the General Assembly of the state of Georgia, also, His Excellency Governor Gordon, who witnessed a practical test of same in Atlanta December 15, 1886.

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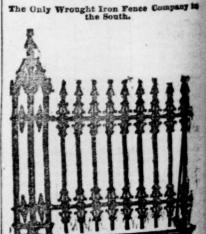
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ment of material for every description of work. R. J. MAYNARD 43% Broad Street, Atlanta,Go HUMPHEETS" Homeopathic Veterinary

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BLOOD & SKIN Diseases, Syphilis—a disease most horrible in its results—completely eradicated without the use of mercury. Scroula, Eryspelas, Fever Scroeg Biotches, Fimples, Ulcers, Pains in the Head and Bones, Syphilities Sore Throst, Mouth and Tougue, Glandular Enlargement of the Neck, Rheumatism, Catarrh, etc., PERMANENTLY CURED WHEN OTHERS HAVE FAILED.

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Blood Poison, Venereal Taint, Gleet, Stricture, Feminal Emissions, Loss of Sexual Power, Weakness of Sexual Organs, Want of Desire in male orfemale, whether from imprudent habits of young or sexual habits in mature years, or any cause that debilitates the sexual functions, speedily and permanently cured. Consultation free and strictly confidential. Absolute cures guaranteed. No risk incurred. Correspondence promptly answered and medicine sent free from observation to all parts of the United States. Consultation free. Office hours, §a.m. to 6 p.m. Sundays, 9 a.m. to 12 m. Correspondence prompt situation. No letters answered unless accompanied by four ceats in stamps. Send stamp for 64 page pamphits and list Answered unless accompanied by four cents in stamps. Send stamp for 64 page pamphlet and list of questions. Address plainly,

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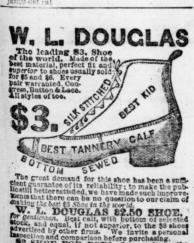
MAIL LETTINGS

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

Post Office Department.

WASHINGTON, D. C., January 24, 1887. PROPOSALS will be received at the Contract Office of this Department until 4 p. m. of April 2, 1887, for carrying the mails of the United States upon the routes, and according to the schedule of anival and departure specified by the Department, in the State of Georgia, from July 1, 1887, to June 30, 1888. List of routes, with schedules of arrivals and departures, instructions to bidders with forms for contracts and bonds, and all other necessary information, will be furnished upon application to the Second Assistant Postmaster General.

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2 SHOF FOR BOYS, Same styles as the sane. Carefully and substantially made, stylish dunequalled as a school since. If any of the over cannot be had at your dealer's, send address possal to W. L. Douglas, Brockton, Mass.

VISITING THE CAPITOL.

Mrs. Cleveland and Her Guests Shown the Sights by Grand Chamberlain Wilson.

Washington Cor. Chicago News.

Mrs. Cleveland went to the capitol today Mrs. Cleveland went to the capitol today with the young ladies who are visiting her, escorted by Colonel Wilson, of the engineer corps, who acts the grand chamberlain at the white house and looks like Commissioner Black. The president's bride wore a plum-colored costume, trimmed with long fox fur, and a hat resembling those worn by the troop of Tyrolean singers who are traveling through the country. She looked very charming, as usual, and when her presence in the scrate call. through the country. She looked very charming, as usual, and when her presence in the senate gallery was noticed the statesmen of the floor below straightened up and looked more dignified, all except Vest, who was sprawled out on two chairs, with his frock coat rumpled all out of shape and an untidy appearance generally. Beck punched him in the ribs, told him the president's wife was in the gallery, and advised him to brace up a little. Vest replied that as long as Joe Blackburn and Butler were on the floor Mrs. Cieveland would have Vest replied that as long as Joe Blackburn and Butler were on the floor Mrs. Cleveland would have no eye for him, and he was more or less right, for at that very moment Butler and Blackburn were climbing the marble stairs to her side. They sat in the seat behind her for a few moments and were soon joined by Ransom, who is quite a ladies' man also, and is famous for 'wearing very long and glossy cuffs. When it became known about the capitol that the president's wife was there the galleries of the senate filled up rapidly, and as the party retired there was an ill-mannerly rush after them. They went over to the house side and sat a hem. They went over to the house side and sat a few moments, listening to the wrangle over some private bills, while the hall and stairway were crowded with people waiting for Mrs. Cleveland to make her appearance so that they could catch a glimpse of her. Some of the ladies bowed respect-iully and seme of the men took off their hats. These recognitions she promptly acknowledged and seemed pleased because people were so inter-ested to zee her.

No Escape That Time.

From the Youth's Companion.

In the early history of Indiana there was a time when the inhabitants suffered from the dep redations of a desperate gang of horse thieves Many of the offenders were captured, tried and proved guilty, yet through some defect in the In-dictment, escaped punishment. Naturally, the people complained at this, for they got neither sat-isfaction nor protection. About this time General Marston G. Clark was appointed judge, to fill a va-cancy. He was not learned in the law, but he had a stern love of justice, and, as the following anec-dote proves, the people did well in trusting their cause in his hands: Court came on Judge Clark on the bench. The

jail atthistime was full of horse thieves. The penalty was not less than thirty-nine lashes on the bare tack. The grand jury returned indictments against each of the prisoners.

Judge Clark - We will try John Long first, as he

eems to be a leader in this business. Sheriff, bring im into court.

The sheriff brought the man in. "John Long,"
You are indicted for said the judge, "stand up. You are indicted for stealing an Indian pony. Are you guilty, or not

Counsel for John Long-May it please the court, we plead in abatement that his name is John H. Judge Clark-That makes no difference; I know

the man, and that is sufficient.

Counsel-We then move to quash the indict-Judge Clark-State your objections.

Counsel—First, there is no value of the horse aid; second, it is charged in the indictment to be horse, when it is a gelding.
Judge Clark-I know an Indian pony is worth ten dollars, and I shall consider that a gelding is a

horse; motion overruled.

The prisoner then pleaded not guilty. The jury was impanelled; the trial was short; verdict, guilty; sentence, thirty-nine lashes on his bare

As a last resort, Long's counsel moved an arrest f judgment, on the ground that it was not charged in the indictment that the horse was stolen in the erritory of Indiana. The judge promised to consider the point, and give a decision the next day. Meantime he ordered the sheriff to keep the prisoner safe. But privately he told the sheriff to take long into the woods, clean out of hearing, and give him thirty-nine lashes on his bare back, well

laid on, then put him in jall again.
"Keep this to yourselves," he added, "and bring
the prisoner into court in the morning." The order
was obeyed to the letter, and, next morning, Long was in the box again, his counsel ignorant of what

was in the box again, his counsel ignorant of what had taken place.

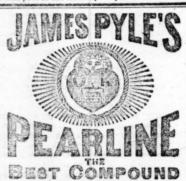
Judge Clark—I have been thinking of the case of Long. I think we will grant him a new trial.

Long, springing to his feet, cried out, "Oh, no; for heaven's sake! I have been whipped almost to death already. I discharge my attorneys, and withdraw their motion."

Judge Clark—Clerk, enter the judgment on the

book and mark it satisfied.

The other prisoners were brought in, in succession, and convicted. No motion to quash, or in arrest, was afterward made. The prisoners were whipped and discharged, carrying with them the news to all their comrades. Not a horse was stolen in that part of the territory for years afterward.



EVER INVENTED FOR WASHINGANDCLEANING EN HARD OR SOFT. HOT OR COLD WATER Without Harm to FABRIC or HANDS. TIME, LABOR and SOAP
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Tickets on sale February 15th to 21st inclusive, good to return until 28th. For Sleeping car reservation, etc., call on or ad-

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Propared with strict regard to Purity, Strength, and Healthfulness. Dr. Prico's Baking Powder contains no Ammonia, Lime, Alum or Phosphates. Dr. Prico's Extracts, Vanilia, Lemon, etc., flavor deliciously.

PRICE BAKING POWDER CO. CHICAGO AND ST. LOUIS. july15-dawky top col n r m or fol anxrm 3p

(LEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY—ORDINARY'S office, January 7, 1887: Andrew P. Stewart, administrator of Eilen Brown, represents that he has fully discharged the duties of said trust, and prays for letters of dismission.

This is, therefore, to notify all persons concerned to show cause, if any they can, on or before the first Monday in April next, why said administrator should not be discharged from said trust.

1aw@mos

W. L. CALHOUN, 1aw@mos

1aw3mos law@mos Ordinary.

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY—ORDINARY'S
Office, January 7, 1887.—E. M. Roberts, administrator of estate of James Little, doceased, has applied for leave to sell the land of said deceased.
This is, therefore, to notify all concerned to file their objections, if any they have, on or before the first Monday in February next, else leave will then be granted said applicant, as applied for.

W. L. CALHOUN, Ordinary.

W. L. CALHOUN. Ordinary.

CEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY—ORDINARY'S
Office, December 3, 1886—V. M. Hodgson, administrator of the estate of Henry C. Martin, represents that he has fully discharged the duties of his said trust, and prays for letters of dismission: This is, therefore, to notify all persons concerned to show cause, if any they can, on or before the first Monday in March next, why said administrator should not be discharged from said administration. Iawam W. L. CALHOUN, Ordinary.

GEORGIA: FULTON COUNTY—ORDINARY'S to office, January 7, 1887—Edward H. Barnes has applied for letters of administration on the estate of Sarah S. Barnes, deceased. or saran S. Barnes, deceased.
This is, therefore, to notify all concerned to file their objections, if any they have, on or before the first Monday in February next, else letters will then be granted said applicant, as applied for.

yan 8, 15, 22, 29, and feb 5

jan 8, 15, 22, 29, and feb 5

(LEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY — ORDINARY'S
(LOffice, December 3, 1886.—Ophelia J. Smith, administratix on estate of Charles N. Smith, represents that she has fully discharged the duties of her said trust, and prays for letters of dismission: This is, therefore, to acify all persons concerned to show cause, if any they can, on or before the first Monday in March next, why said administratix should not be discharged from said administration. Iaw3m W. L. CALHOUN, Ordinary.



GEORGIA, FULTON COUFTY, (ORDINARY:S

Office. November 5, 1886—Thomas F. Black, administrator of William W. Black, represents that he has fully discharged the duties of his said trust, and prays for letters of dismission.

This is, therefore, to notify all persons concerned, to show cause, if any they can, on or before the first Monday in February next. why said administrator should not be discharged from said administration.

noy 61 aw 3m

Ordinary. nov 61 aw 3m

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY—ORDINARY'S

Office, February 4, 1887. John J. McKay, administrator of Frederick A. Williams, deceased, represents that he has fully discharged his duties of his said trust, and prays for letters of dismission. This is, therefore, to notify all persons concerned

to show cause, if any they can, on or before the fi Monday in May next, why said administrat should not be discharged from said administration. W. L. CALHOUN, Ordinary Feb. 5-lawams.

Feb. 5—lawams.

(EORGIA, FULITON COUNTY.—ORDINARY'S It Office, February 4, 1887.—Andrew J. West has applied for letters of administration on the estate of Rosa Bailey, decased.

This is, therefore, to notify all concerned to file their objections, if any they have, on or before the first Monday in March next, else letters will then be granted said applicant, as applied for.

M. L. CALHOUN, Ordinary.

Jaw4w-feb5 12 10 26 mch5.



The safest, surest and best cure for Corns, Bunions, de. Steps all pain. Ensures comfort to the feek. Kever halfs to cure. 15 cents at Druggists. History & Cop. N. Y. Name this paper. deci5—dly wed sat cow 1



This belt or regenerator is made Expressly for the cure of derangements of the generative organs. A continuous stream of Electricity permeating throu'h the parts mustrestore them to healthy action. Do not confound this with Electric Belts advertised to cure all ills; it is for the one specific purpose. For full information address Cheever Electric Belt Co., 103 Washington St., Chicago, Ill.

(FORGIA, FULTON COUNTY. — ORDINARY'S
I Office, February 10, 1887. W. S. Saul has applied for exemption of personalty, and I will pass upon the same at 100 clock, a. m., on the 7th day of Msrch, 1887, at my office. W. L. CALHOUN,

March, 1887, at my office.

W. L. CALHOUN,
2t Ordinary.

(TEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY.—ORDINARY'S
U Office, February 4, 1887.—Henry G. Kuhrt, Jr.,
has applied for letters of administration on the estate of Henry G. Kuhrt, Sr., deceased.

This is, therefore, to notify all concerned to file
their objections, if any they have, on or before the
first Monday in March next, else letters will then
be granted said applicant, as applied for.

W. L. CALHOUN, Ordinary.

Lawiw-feb 5 12 19 26-mch 5.

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY—ORDINARY'S
Office, February 4, 1887.—M. L. Hardwick and
T. A. Ward, administrators of estate of J. W. Hardwick, deceased, have applied for leave to sell the
land of said deceased.

This is, therefore, to notify all concerned to file
their objections, if any they have, on or before the
first Monday in March next, else leave will then be
granted said applicant, as applied for.

W. L. CALHOUN, Ordinary.

Lawiw-feb 5 12 19 26 mch 5.

1aw4w-feb 5 12 19 26 mch 5 law4w-feb 5 12 19 26 meh 5.

(IEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY.—ORDINARY'S U Office, February 4, 1887.—John Domini, administrator of D. August Domini, deceased, has applied for leave to sell stocks of said deceased. This is, therefore, to notify all concerned to file their objections, if any they have, on or before the first Monday in March next, else leave will then be granted said applicant, as applied for.

M. L. CALHOUN, Ordinary.

Law4w-feb 5 12 19 26-meh 5.

Iaw4w-feb 5 12 19 26-mch 5.

[EORGIA, FULTON COUNTY—ORDINARY of office, January 7, 1887: Samuel A. and Jos. 8. Power have applied for letters of administration on the estate of Wm. Power deceased.

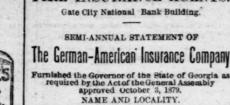
This is, therefore, to notify all concerned to file their objections, if any they have, on or before the first Monday in February next, else letters will then be granted said applicant as applied for.

W. L. CALHOUN, ian 8 15 22 28 feb 5.

Ordinary.

CRIMPED & CORRUGATED IRON ROOFING W.G.HYNDMAN & CO

MOODY & THOMPSON FIRE INSURANCE AGENTS.



(On December 31, 1886.) I -CAPITAL STOCK 1. Amount of capital stock, \$1,000,000 2. Amount paid up in cash,...... \$1,030,000 00 II.—ASSETS.

Name of the company-German-American Insurance Company.

Locality—Street, Broadway, No. 115, City of New York, County of New York, State of New York.

CONDITION.

 Real estate held by the Company (Where located, state fully.) Actual cash value, none.

2. Cash on hand and deposited in banks
to the credit of the Company,
73,923 57

to the credit of the amount amount amount of the course of transmission, and uncollected premiums at home office, amount of the course of the 6. Stock, (Par value, \$277,000). Market

DESCRIPTION. As per "Schedule" filed with the Comptroller General, January 1, 1887.
7. Interest actually due and uncollected, amount.
10. Bonds. 875 00 4,428,125 00

As per "Schedule" filed with the Comptroller General, January 1, 1887. Total assets, actual cash market value \$5,150,839 03

III.-LIABILITIES.

1. Losses due and yet unpaid, amount
2. Claims for losses resisted by the
company, amount
3. Losses not yet due, including those
reported to Company, on which no
action has yet been taken, amount
7. All other claims against the company, amount
8. Ke-hsurance, amount
9. Surplus beyond capital, as regards
policy holders, amount. 173,810 23

2,344,273 14 Total liabilities IV.-INCOME

(During the preceding six months)
Cash premiums received, amount.....\$1,497,066
Interest money received, amount...... 93,516
73

Total income..... V.-EXPENDITURES.

429,593 81 Total expenditures.......\$1,295,490 00 *VI.-LARGEST RISK.

JNO. W. MURRAY, Vice President. J. A. SILVEY, Secretary.

J. A. SILVEY, Secretary.

STATE OF GEORGIA,
County of Fulton-Personally appeared before
the undersigned, Jos. N. Moody, who, being
duly sworn, says he is the chief officer
or agent of German-American Insurance Company,
residing in said state, and that the foregoing statement is true and correct to the best of his knowledge, information and belief. JOS. N. MOODY.
Sworn to and subscribed before me, this 10th day
of February, 1867.
Notary Public, Fulton County, Ga.

Notice to Debtors and Creditors. A LL CREDITORS OF THE ESTATE OF JOSEPH H. Edmonds, late of Fulton county, deceased, are hereby notified to render in their demands to the undersigned according to law, and all persons indebted to said estate are required to make immediate payment. February 11th, 1887.

M. L. TOLBERT, Administrator.

MEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY-ORDINARY'S CEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY—ORDINARY'S Un office, January 7, 1887: E. S. Luckie, administrator of Parmelia F. Luckie, represents that he has fully discharged the duties of his said trust, and prays for letters of dismission. This is, therefore, to notify all persons concerned, to show cause, if any they can, on or before the first Monday in April next, why said administrator should not be discharged from said trust. W. L. CALHOUN, law3mos Ordinary.

CEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY. - ORDINARY'S (EORGIA, FULTON COUNTY.—ORDINARY'S y office, December 3, 1886.—Samuel D. Haslett, executor of the will of Jane Stewart, represents that he has fully discharged the duties of his said trust, and prays for letters of dismission.

This is, therefore, to notify all persons concerned to show cause, if any they can, on or before the first Monday in March next, why said executor should not be discharged from said trust.

1aw3mos W. L. CALHOUN, Ordinary.

Iawamos W. L. CALHOUN, Ordenary.

(**EORGIA, FULTON COUNTY—COURT OF ORdinary, chambers; February 4, 1887. The appraisers upon the application of Mary J. Bell, widow of Marcus A. Bell, for a twelve months' support for herself and minor child, having filed their return, all persons concerned are hereby cited to show cause at the next March term of this court why said application should not be granted.

W. L. CALHOUN.

Ordinary.

Ordinary. Feb 5 12 19 26 Mar 5

CEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY—ORDINARY'S Of office, February 4, 1887. Isabella Kuight, guardian of Missouri Powell, minor, represents that the has fully discharged the duties of her said trust and prays for letters of dissmission.

This is, therefore, to notify all persons concerned to show cause, if any they can, on or before the first Monday in March next, why said guardian should not be discharged from said trust.

W. L. CALHOUN, Ordinary. Feb 5 I2 19 26 Mar 5

Feb 5 12 19 26 March 5

(FORGIA, FULTON COUNTY—ORDINARY'S office, February 4, 1887. M. T. Castleberry, administrator of estate of Robert Baugh, deceased represents that he has fully discharged the duties of his said trust, and prays for letters of dismission.

sion.

Anis is, therefore, to notify all persons concerned, to show cause, if any they can on or before the first Monday in May next, why said administrator should not be discharged from said trust.

W. L. CALHOUN, Ordinary,

(EORGIA, FULTON COUNTY, COURT OF ORU dinary, chambers, February 4, 1887. To the
heirs at law of Elizabeth Ann Campbell, deceased,
who reside out of said state.
Leonard Bellingrath having, as executor, appiled for probate in solemn form of the last will
of said deceased, you are hereby cited to be and
appear at the next March term of said court to be
held on the first Monday in March next, as said
will of said deceased will then be offered for probate in solemn form.

W. L. CALHOUN,
Ordinary.

Feb 5 12 19 26 march 5.

Feb 5 12 19 26 march 5.

(EORGIA, FULTON COENTY—ORBINARY'S office, February 4, 1887. Livingston Mims, administrator of Robert E. Allen, deceased, has applied for leave to sell the land of said deceased. This is, therefore, to notify all concerned to fit their objections, if any they have, on or before the first Monday in March next, else leave will then be granted said applicant, as applied for.

Fe'. 5, 12, 17, 26, Mar 5.

(EORGIA, FULTON COUNTY—ORDINARY'S office, February 4, 1887. Henrietta L. Burson, administrator of Alfred L. Fowler, deceased, has applied for leave to sell the land of said deceased. This is, therefore, to notify all concerned to fite their objections, if any they have, on or before the first Monday in March next, else leave will then be granted said applicant, as applied for.

W. L. CALHOUN, Ordinary.

Feb. 5, 12, 19, 26, Mar. 5.

Feb. 5, 12, 19, 26, Mar. 5.

(EORGIA. FULTON COUNTY—ORDINARY'S troffice, February 4, 1887. Henrietta L. Barson, guardian of Alfred L. and Estelle Fowler, minors, has applied for leave to sell the land of said minors.

This is, therefore, to notify all concerned to file their objections, if any they have, on or before the first Monday in March next, else leave will then be granted said apelicant, as applied for.

W. L. CALHOUN, Ordinary.

Feb. 5, 12, 19, 25, Mar. 5.

(EORGIA, FULTON COUNTY—ORDINARY'S toffice, February 4, 1887. Elizabeth A. Angier, guardian of Wilmer Angier, minor, has applied for leave to sell the land of said minor.

This is, therefore, to notify all concerned to file their objections, if any they have, on or before the first Menday in March next, else leave will then be granted said applicant, as applied for.

W. L. CALHOUN, Ordinary.

Feb. 5, 12, 79, 26, Mar. 5.

CTATE OF GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY. - TO h) the Superior Court of said County. The petition of Jacob Elsas, John M. Ketner, David Mayer and John A. Colvin, of said county, respectfully showest.

of Jacob Elsas, John M. Ketner, David Mayer and John A. Colvin, of said county, respectfully showeth:

ist. That they desire for themselves, their associates, successors and assigns power to become and be incorporated and made a body corporate and politic under the corporate name and style of the "Elowah Iron and Manganese Coupany."

2nd. The objects of said corporation are pecuniary gain and profit for its stockholders, and its particular business will be and they pray to begranted power to mine iron, manganese, copper an lighter minerals, to quarry and propare marble and other minerals, to quarry and propare marble and other minerals, to manufacture lime, wood, from steel and other metals, and the various articles composed of these commodities, woolen and cotton goods, and other goods composed of fibrous materials in whole or in part; to mill and manufacture grain of all kinds and to tan and manufacture grain of all kinds and to tan and manufacture eather and the different commodities made thereof, and all such other goods and wares as they may deem proper, the manufacture of which is not prohibited by law, all or so much thereof as may from time to time seem fit and profitable to be undertaken; to purchase, lease, acquire, cultivate, uss, improve and develop, either for the purposes herein stated or as a place of resort to sell, mortgage, rent or otherwise encumber or dispose of lands, mines, quarries, water powers, hereditaments and real and personal property, or any interest therefin or products thereof including agricultural and mineral products; to stock lands with cattle, sheep, hogs, horses and other stock; to operate, own, erect and manufain such factories, buildings, machinery, canals, tracks, roads, trains or railways, saw-mills and other mills, and all houses, buildings and other erections necessary for properly conducting the lines of business carried on by said

saw-mills and other mills, and all houses, buildings and other erections necessary for properly conducting the lines of business carried on by said cerporation, and to carry on such mining, trafing, manufacturing, milling and mercantile business as to the said company, through its board of directors, from time to time determine, and to have such other powers as arespecified in the Code of Georgia, 21679, and are incident to such corporations.

That the capital stock of said corporation shall be fifty thousand dollars (\$50,000.00), divided into shares af one hundred dollars each, but such capital stock may be increased from time to time by a majority vote of the shareholders to such sum as in their judgment is proper for the purposes of the company. Said company may issue shares of preferred stock if said majority deem it advisable. All shares shall consist of one hundred dollars par value each, and shall each be entitled to one vote All shares shall consist of one hundred dollars par value each, and shall each be entitled to one vote at all stockholders meetings, which may be cast in person or by proxy. The amount of capital actually paid in to be employed is fifty thousand dollars (\$0.000.00). The liability of said stock-holders shall be to the extent of the capital stock subscribed for by them and not paid in, as is pre-scribed in Code of Georgia, \$1576, par. 3, and no further.

scribed in Code of Georgia, 2000, pair, 0, and arfurther.

The chief office of said corporation and place of transacting business will be at Atlanta, Fulton county, Georgia, but petitioners desire said corporation to do business and maintain and operate works, etc., at such other places as it may deem advisable, and pray power so to do.

Petitioners pray that said cerporation have power to borrow money, give bills and notes and issue bonds, scrip, debentures or other evidences of debt, and secure the same by such mortgage, deed of trust, or in such other manner as it may deem best.

deem best.

Petitioners ask that they be made a body corporate under the name and siyle and with the powers aforesaid, for the full period of twenty years, with the privilege of renewal as often as can be done under the law. That this petition be filed in the Clerk's Office of this Court and be there recorded, and be published as required by law, and that the Court pess an order incorporating petitioners as aforesaid.

And petitioners will ever pray, etc. CALHOUN, KING & SPALDING. Petitioners' Attorneys.

Petitioners' Attorneys.

Filed in Clerk's Office this 4th day of February.

Est.

Clerk S. C.

A true copy as appears of record in Fullon Superior Court.

C. H. SRONG,

C. H. SRONG,

feb5—dēt sat PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

H E. W. PALMER,

ATTORNEY AT LAW.

Office with U. S. Attorney, Custom House, second Practice in all the state courts and in the federal courts where the government is not interes Telephone 353. top I NO. M. McCANDLESS,

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M 28. S. M. HICKS, M. D.,

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Office 75% Peachtree Street—Residence Talmadge

House, Atlanta. Ga.
Office hours—11 a. m. to 3 p. m.

jan5 ly

S. B. BREWER,
REAL ESTATE AGENT,
ANNISTON, ALA

G. L. NORMAN,

ARCHITECT. Peachtree street. S. N. CONNALLY, -ATTORNEY AT LAW,-

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Corner Alabama and Pryor streets.
T. A. Hammond, Jr., Commissioner for taking
Depositions in Fulton County. A. R. Wright, Max Meyerhardt, Seaborn Wright, WRIGHT, MEYERHARDT & WRIGHT, Attorneys-at-law,

Attorneys-at-law,
Rome, Ga.
Collections a Specialty. J. Russell Hodge.

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ASTORNEY AT LAW,
Rooms 19 and 20, James' Bank Block, 63, Whitehall st., Atlanta, Ga. Telephone No. 862.

J. G. I. Zachien, A. Ttorney-AT-Law, Wash.
J. Ington, D. C. Refers by permission to A. H.
Colquitt, U. S. S.; Joseph E. Brown, U. S. S.; N. J.
Hammond, M. C.; C. F. Crisp, M. C.; T. M. Norwood, M. C.; J. C. Clements, M. C.; Geo. T. Barnes,
M. C.; H. R. Harris, M. C.; Seaborn Reces, M. C.;
A. D. Candler, M. C.; J. H. Blount, M. C.

[A. HOWELL,
J. Attorney and Counsellor at Law,
Refers to Merchants Bank and Atlanta National
Bank.

Refers to Merchants Bank and Atlanta National
Bank.

Eugene M. Mitchell

Wellborn Bray,

Attorneys at Law,

Attorneys at Law W. A. Wimbish.
WIMBISH & WALKER,

Walker,
Attorneys at Law,
Rooma 16 and 17 Gate City Bank Building,
Atlanta, Ga.

CLIFFORD L. ANDERSON,
Room 18, Gate City National Bank building,
Practice in all courts.

B. WHEELER,

L. B. WHRELER. W. H. PARKINS.

W. H. PARKINS.

ARCHITECTS, Atlanta, Ga.

Office: 4th floor Chamberlin & Boynton building,
cor. Whitehall and Hunter streets. Take elevator

(EORGIA, FULTON COUNTY,—ORDINARY'S I Office, February 4, 1887.—Marion Barnett has applied for letters of administration on the estate of A. J. Parker, deceased.

This is, therefore, to notify all concerned to file their objections, if any they have, on or before the first Monday in March next, else letters will then be granted said applicant, as applied fre.

W.L. CALHOUN, Ordinary.

lawiw-feb 5 12 19 %-mch5

HELP WANTED-MALE:

WANTED-SALESMEN TO HANDLE THE W the electric ink eraser pencil; erases ink in two seconds; no abracion of paper, one agent's sales amounted to \$600 last week; 200 to 500 per cent profit; territory tree; sample 25 cens; salary and expenses paid to good men. Address The Electric link-Eraser Co., 408 Main street, Quincy, Ill. febil—sat sun mon

WANTED IMMEDIATELY-TWO COMPETENT W architectural draughtsmen. Address, stating experience, reference and wages expected. Pay & Richberg, architects, Savannah, Ga.

WANTED-SALESMEN TO SELL A LINE OF W goods to the furniture and bedding trade in Atlanta and vicinity on commission. One who is well acquainted and is selling goods to the trade, preferred. Liberal arrangements will be made with a good man. Address 188-194 Railroad ave., Jersey City, N. J. WIANTED—TRAVELING MEN SELLING GENTS'
furnishing goods trade to handle as side line
"The Duke" fastener, just patented; selling like hot
cakes, big commissions; send for circulars and
terms. Blaisdell & Mills, 70 Fifth ave., Chicago.

WANTED-MAN - A FIRST CLASS MAN TO WANTED-MAN — A FIRST CLASS MAN TO take the agency for the sale of our safes: size 28x18x18 inches; weight 500 lbs; retail price \$55; it is a rare chance for a competent man to create a permanent business in his own city or locality, as these safes meet a demand never before supplied by other safe companies. Address Alpine Safe Co., Cincinnati O.

MAN-TO TAKE AN OFFICE AND REPRESENT

MAN-TO TAKE AN OFFICE AND REPRESENT

Man anufacturer: \$50 per week, small capital
required. Address, with stamp, Box 70, West Action, Mass. ton, Mass.

E WANT YOU—A LIVE, ENERGETIC MAN or woman needing profitable employment to represent us in every county. Salary 876 per month and expenses, or a large commission on sales if preferred. Good staple, every one buys. Outfit and particulars free. Standard Silverware Co., Boston, Mass.

WANTED—A GARDENER COMPETENT TO take charge of green house and do general

WANTED—A GARDENER COMPETENT TO take charge of green house and do general work in garden and grounds. Apply, giving references, to the Anniston M'rig Co, Anniston, Ala. it WANTED—BY A NEW YORK IMPORTING AND jebbing tea house, a first class salesman for the southern states; none out men of experience and having an established trade need apply. Address with full particulars and written references, Deniel Ellis Woodhult, New York city.

HELP WANTED-FEMALE.

YOUNG MAN OF STEADY HABITS, LATELY

WANTED-EMPLOYMENT BY A YOUNG MAN; writes good hand; smart, willing to work hard and cheap; can give satisfaction as clerk or assistant book faceper, Address "Necessity," care Constitution, Atlanta, Ga. 97t

BUSINESS CHANCES.

\$200 WILL BUY A NEW BUSINESS FOR Atlanta, Macon or Savannah. Large cash profits daily. Business fully protected 17 years. No competition. Address H. H., Constitution office.

FOR SALE-Miscellaneous.

GA. REPORTS FOR SALE. ADDRESS JOHN
T. Osborn, Elberton, Ga.

CEED OATS—BLUE OR TURF OATS, FOR
Carly sowing, stand cold better, and grow
much better than ruist proof. Best for thin or upland. Burt oats for late sowing, mature quicker
then any others, and are rust proof. Red russ proof
and Tennessee brown or black oats. W. M.
Williams, 17 Broad st. Williams, 17 Broad st.

TOR SALE—THE BEST BOOK OF THE YEAR.

Memories of General R. E. Lee. A rare chance for active agents. For terms and territory address W. F. Morse, General Agent, 7½ N. Broad street, Atlanta, Ga.

FOR SALE—A SECOND-HAND STEINWAY plano; can be seen at 230 Washington street. POR SALE-FOUR COPIES OF THE NEW AT-lanta City Directory, price \$6 per copy. Apply to W. J. Campbell, Mgr. Constitution Job Office. If

FOR SALE-Machinery. FOR SALE—A FIRST-CLASS BAND SAW IN first-class order; sold only because the room it occupies is wanted for other purposes. A bargain can be had in this saw. It can be seen in operation. Apply at the Constitution office.

BOARDERS WANTED.

THE HILL MANSION ON PEACHTREE STREET

has been leased by Mrs. Ira Fort for a term of
years, and will be open the first of March for a few
select boarders without children. Mrs. Fort's address for the present is Metropolitan hotel.

[OOD BOARD—LARGE ROOMS, HOT AND
I cold bath; central; No. 9 Houston street; terms
reasonable.

SEND YOUR GOODS, HORSES, ETC., TO OLCOTT & Co., the best auction house in the city—11 North Broad street. feb2-im

FOR SALE-Real Estate. Bollyon a home on monthly, quarterly or annual payment. Call and see them at their office in the Kimball house.

TOR SALE—THE RESIDENCE OF THE LATE Colonel P. W. Alexander in Marietta Ge. Sec. DUY YOU A HOME-FRIERSON & SCOTT WILL Colonel P. W. Alexander in Marietta, Ga. For terms apply to M. G. Whitlock, Marietta, or George H. Fontaine, Columbus, Ga. 1 mo

FOR SALE-HORSES, WAGONS, ETC. FOR SALE AT A BARGAIN-FINE LARGE BAY cause for selling, only have no use for them. quire of Patterson & Bowden, 18 Loyd st.

WANTED-Rooms and Houses. YOUNG GENTLEMAN BESIRES TO RENT A furnished room in private residence. Address H." Constitution office. wed fri sun

LOST.

LOST.

JOST-TWELVE CERTIFICATES OF THE Thurmond Car Coupler stock were lost at the Kimball House in January last. A libral teward will be paid for its recovery. W. H. Thurmond, Fersyth, Ga., or W. E. Reagan, at house of M. C. & J. F. Kiser, Atlanta, Ga.

WANTED-AGENTS.

WANTED-AGENTS TO SELL PRATT'S PAT-ent Button Fastener. Address Pratt Manufact-uring Co., Boston, Mass. 6t uring Co. Boston, Mass.

WANTED-ACTIVE AGENTS FOR ASSESSment life insurance. Pian simple and easily
worked; cost moderate; old persons not debarred
merely because of old age; most liberal terms to
agents. Address, Equitable Mutual Benefit Socieiy, No. 18 E. Fayette street, Baltimore, Md. A GENTS WANTED—TO SELL FAST SELLING article, (patented) in Georgia. Experience and reference required. Address, F. A. Hubka, 730 and 782 S. Halsted, Chicago, Ill.

FOR SALE—AT HARD PAN PRICES. SASH doors, blinds, mouldings, rough and dressed lumber, shingles and laths. W. S. Bell.

WANTED-Miscellaneous. WANTED-TO BUY OR RENT A SECOND HAND brick machine, six horse power. Address, L. H. Turner, Elberton, Ga. sat mon wed

PERSONAL.

THE FRIENDS AND THE PUBLIC WELL
please remember that J. A. Lesueur is yet in
the building business, and will be glad to serve
them by doing their building, repairing, etc. No.
70 N. Butler street.

DUSINESS MEN DERIVE GREAT SATISFACfactic from the use of our "Ironclad" notes,
which was bomestead rights and all the exemptions. We no send post paid, the above described note, 100 in a book, for \$0c., or a book of 59 for
50c. We have also the above form with seven
lines blank for taking a mortgage, which we call
an "Ironclad note with mortgage clause." We send
these, post paid, 100 in a book, for 60c.; 50 in a book
for 35c. Address the Constitution.

d&wy.tf.

J ANDLORD LIENS—THE BEST FORM—SENT

ANDLORD LIENS—THE BEST FORM—SENT post paid to any address for 50c, for a tablet of or 85c, for 100. Address the Constitution.

Odwy-4f.

WESEND BY MAIL POSTPAID TO ANY ADdress the simplest and best forms of plain warranty land deeds, quit claim deeds, blank monggages and blank bouds for title at the following
prices: 1 blank 5 cents; 3 blanks 10 ceuts; 1 dozen
blanks 20 cents; 100 blanks 15. Address The Constitution, Atlanta, Ga.

A NICE BOOK CONTAINING 100 RECEIPTS OR
drafts will be sent postpaid to any address upon
the receipt of 25 cents by The Constitution.

MONEY TO LOAN. A FEW THOUSAND DOLLARS TO LOAN ON improved city property. Terms low. Booms it and 33 Gate City Bank building.

FOR RENT-Miscellaneous. HE WELL KNOWN STAND OF ELAM JOHN-son & Co., No. 12 Decatur st., for rest cheap. oply to Dr. C. T. Brockett, 731/4 Peachtree st.

FOR RENT-Houses, Cottages, etc. POR RENT-A DESIRABLE 9 ROOM RESIRABLE on large lot, in good neighborhood.

Recems papered, water throughout, furnished or unfurnished. For terms see Angler & Waldo to North Pryor st.

THE CONSTITUTION. Published Daily and Weekly.

A'TANTA, GEORGIA. THE DAIL'S CONSTITUTION IS PUBLISHED EVERY IN THE CITY, OR MAILED, POSTAGE FREE, AT \$1.00 PER MONTH, '\$2.50 FOR THREE MONTHS, OR \$10 A YEAR. THY CONSTITUTION IS FOR SALE ON ALL TRAINS END. ING OUT OF ATLANTA, AND AT NEWS STANDS IS EV. PRINCIPAL SOUTHERN CITIES.

ADVERTISING RATES DEPEND ON LOCATION IN THE PAPER, AND WILL BE FURNISHED ON APPLICATION. CORRESPONDENCE CONTAINING IMPORTANT NEWS ADDRESS ALL LETTERS AND TELEGRAMS, AND MAKE THE CONSTITUTION,

Atlanta, Ga. General Eastern Agent.

J. J. FLYNN,

23 Park Row, New York; City.

ATLANTA, GA., FEBRUARY 12, 1887.

INDICATIONS for Atlanta, taken at 1 o'clock a. m: Colder; fair. South Carolina, Georgia, North Carolina, Florida, Alabama, colder, generally fair weather

northerly winds. THE hostilities between Pulitzer and Howard are at an end. They do not speak

as they pass by. THE railroads seem to be growing eccentric again. Several accidents of a grave character are reported.

THE Alabama legislature, after having spent a week in debating the merits of the Blair ibil!, has passed resolutions calling upon congress to pass it.

ASSEMBLY 49 of the Knights of Labor has struck an obstacle in the eccentriclengin eers of New York. These men have re fused to go out upon a hopeless strike.

It is confidently stated that President Cleveland has instructed Secretary Manning to resume the issue of one and two dollar notes. Congressman Weaver claims the credit of having inaugurated this movement.

THE acquittal of Dr. T. H. Baker, of Car tersville, of the charges preferred against him must be a source of joy to every citizen. Dr. Baker is a distinguished citizen of his county, and has served his district in the state senate. In the case in which he was tried, he was but the victim of a couple of deperadoes whom he refused to serve.

It is said that since the opening of Philadelphia's municipal campaign, Editor Handy's beautiful strawberry siders have become noticeably thin, owing to a little habit he has of jerking them when he becomes unduly excited. When the election is over Colone John Paul Bocock can gather enough hairs from the debris to build a rose-tinted nest for the American eagle.

THE financial trouble of D. N. Freeman & Co., of this city, one of the largest jewelry and diamond houses in the south, which is reported in this issue, is generally regretted. The firm has made honest efforts to effect a fair and equitable compromise. They have always been safe business men and a help to them in this their hour of need would never be a lost gift.

THE president is standing a heavy siege by politicians from all parts of the country, who are urging favorites for appointments to the railroad commissionerships provided for by the interstate commerce bill. It is said that he has positively decided on but one of the number-James Kernan, a son of ex-Senator Kernan, of New York. The president first offered one of the appointments to have heretofore been democratic voters. the ex-senator, who declined, but recommended his son, stating, "Jim's got more sense than me, anyway.

SENATOR-ELECT FRANK HISCOCK and Senator Warner Miller do not speak as they pass by. Miller has not smiled since his deat by Hiscock, and wears a dreary look, a if he were mentally considering the ques tion as to whether or not life is worth living. When invited a few pights ago to attend a dinner given to Hiscock, he declined on the ground that he had too much self-respect to sit at the same table with such a son-of-a gun, or words to that effect. Truly, this is a sad state of affairs in the republican camp,

EDWARD UNGER, who made a full confession of his participation in the horrible crime exposed by the finding of a headless body in a trunk shipped from New York to Baltimore, when arraigned for trial in the latter city plead not guilty. The taxpayers of the city will now be compelled to stand the expense of a long and tedious trial to prove the guilt of an already self-convicted man who should have been put to the scaffold long ago. "Taxpayers have rights," says the Philadelphia Press, "which ever murderers should be forced to respect."

EUROPE wants more horses. Anticipating trouble, Germany and Austria have already issued proclamations forbidding their expor tation, and France and Russia are expected to do likewise. Germany's cavalry equipment, in the event of war, would require 400,000 horses, that of France 375,000, of Austria 200,000, and of Russia 450,000. Great Britain is also short in horse flesh, the greater part of its 2,000,000 horses being used for draught, hunting or racing purposes. A first-class trans-Atlantic shake-up would be of benefit to this country in many ways, and the item of a horse supply for the toreign demand would, in itself, be not a small one.

JACOB BRIGHT, in a speech before parlia ment, struck the keynote of the Irish question in stating that it was no discredit to England that she failed to govern Ireland, but there was discredit in refusing to abandon an impossible, task. Ireland will never be satisfied with anything but homerale and homerule she will have, and the soone England grants it the better it will be for all concerned. It was very well that the government refused to even seriously consider the question, when, by a system of stringen coercion, it could enforce its policy toward Ireland; but now, with the same power of coercion at its disposal, public sentiment is so strong in its demands for a change that it does not dare to pursue the same course a formerly.

DR. W. WYL DE WYMETAL, traveling correspondent of Germany's most influen-tial newspaper, the Berliner Tageblatt, characterizes the Haymarket riot in Chicago as one of the most dramatic expressions of inenrgent spirit on record. He is in Chicago collecting data for correspondence on the anarchist question. He thinks that the action of the Americans in giving crimical classification to the anarchists, instead of confounding the entire German population with them, reflects credit upon their selfcommand. Had the Haymarket riot occurred in Paris he believes that France would have expelled every German from the republic. He denounces anarchy severely, and Herr Most specially, and thinks that he is the arch fiend of the lot, and that it is a great pity that he is not to be hung with the others in Chicago.

Why the Tobacco Tax Should Be Re pealed.

By a partizan exercise placed in his hands Mr. Speaker Carlisle has decided not only that there shall be no repeal of the tobacco tax at this session, but he has given the revenue reformers to understand that a motion to consider the repeal will not be permitted. If Mr. Carlisle and those who agree with him had been employed by the republicans to strike a blow at the democratic party they could not have carried out their programme more completely. They have struck the democratic party a diff between the eyes that may have serious results.

It is claimed by the free-traders that the tobacco tax is paid altogether by consumers. This is true in a measure, and yet the law under which the tax is collected operates to cripple production. In the first place, the tax affects the price of tobacco, and to that extent lessens production. In the sec ond place, the tax is levied on an agricultur al product that is as important to those who grow it as cotton is to the cotton planters. The cotton-tax demonstrated the fact that, while a tax might fall heaviest on consumers, it had the effect of embarrassing produc

This would be the natural result of the to baccoltax, but the law under which the tax is collected has provisions that appear to have been specially contrived for the purpose of embarrassing the tobacco-growers. what the condition of affairs are in the north we do not know, but in the south the great bulk of the tobacco crop is raised by small growers. The tax itself is not so embarrassng as the burdens imposed by the laws, and the real nature of these burdens can only be fully understood by those who know the con ditions under which the tobacco crop in the south is produced. In northern Georgia and Alabama, in Tennessee, North Carolina and Virginia and Kentucky, only about one tobacco grower in a thousand is able to flourish under the law.

The great majority of the tobacco farmers are poor. They are not able to raise as much as a hogshead of tobacco each, and, under the law as it now stands, they can only sell to a licensed dealer in leaf tobacco. provision is in the nature of a great hardship, or in order to comply with it, the small grow er is compelled to exhaust the most of his profits in finding a market. The nearest licensed dealer may be and generally is in the south, many miles away, and it requires time and money for the small grower to reach a lawful market

Repeal the tax and the tobacco crop at once becomes a money crop. The small grower could take his little crop to the nearest market instead of having to go many miles in search of a licensed dealer, and bar ter it for necessary supplies, or sell it for

cash. There is another consideration here. Whatever tobaccomay be after it is manufactured; at the place where it is grown it is an agricultural product and a very, important one, and to tax it when the government is not in need of the revenue thus raised is to make an invidious distinction.

The small tobacco growers of the south What they will be hereafter we do not know This much, however, we do know: If the infamous internal revenue system remains as it is, the democratic party will be defeated in the south and in the country in 1888.

A Break Up or a Break-Down? The New York Herald anxiously inquires whether Brother Watterson is a democrat. Well, the question is out of order. It doesn't make any difference whether Brother Watter son is a democrat or not; he is a free-trader, and that is sufficient for the precincts of Louisville. He is the leader of the thin-legged doctrinaires whom Mr. Carlisle, in a vague, dreamy sort of way, does his best to repre

The Herald might as well ask if the speak er and Mr. Morrison are democrats. They are not only democrats and assume to be democratic leaders, but they have taken the liberty, as heads of the family, of driving a great many humble tobacco-growers out of the democratic party. It is true that Mr. Carlise and Mr. Morrison do not, as Brother Watterson does, gird at Mr. Cleveland and strive to convince the party that he is unworthy their confidence and support, but they appear to be as earnest in their endeavors to smash the democratic party as Brother Watterson is, and they are doing quite as much to accomplish that result. Of the three, Brother Watterson is by far the most attractive figure. Mr. Morrisou has been repudiated by his constituents, and Mr. Carlisle escaped repudiation by the skin of his teeth. Moreover, they lack Brother Watterson's native modesty, to say nothing of his

THE Peidmont industrial and agricultua Exposition will not be a local affair. Five states will contribute samples of their products and resources, and the result will be a big a show as the cotton exposition.

THE February issue of the Southern Trave er's Official Railway Guide, published in this cityby, J. R. Watts, is a valuable number. It's time schedules, hotel directory, and misce'laneous statistics make it an indispensable handbook to every traveling man and to the business public. The subscription price is only onedollar per year.

It is again announced that Mrs. Jim Pot Bronner, is going on the stage. Can't Mrs. Jim get on an omnibus and move out of reach of the newspapers?

NEAR the mouth of Left Hand creek, in Colorado, lived Mr. and Mrs. Wendolin Moll. Three weeks ago a baby was born unto them and since then the husband has been very abusive. Monday evening the husband got up built a fire, made some coffee, and after drinking some of the coffee, sat down to smoke The wife dropped off to sleep again, and while asleep was shot by her husband, a ball from hi rifle taking effect in her shoulder. In a momen she became unconscious and the husband fled When Mrs. Moll recovered consciousness sh was unable to arise from the bed. The fire went out, the baby cried, and she was in a most distressing situation. At midnight the baby died, and the little corpse lay upon the bel until the next night, when neighbors came along and the story of the husband's brutulity was told. Mrs. Moll cannot possibly recover. The husband is still at large.

THE Delaware peach growers are beginning to kick against the cold weather. The trouble with the peaches in that region is that they are born with a bad cold,

MISS FLORA MOORE, whose alleged escapade in Nashville with Ed Bloom were telegraphed all over the country two or three days ago, says she is going to cancel all of her dates and set about suing newspapers for damages. She will first tackle the Louisville Courier-Journal She says if she had acted as the papers say she did she would have pulled down the blinds. Miss Moore says her maid was in the room during the entire time that Mr. Bloom was in there and that nothing improper occurred The clerk of the hotel, who saw the alleged exhibition, says he could not tell whether Miss Mor re was attired in a morning gown or in a night dress. - Mr. Bloom says his room was adoining that of Miss Moore; that he wanted to shave and that, as the light was dim in his room, Miss Moore invited him into her room, where the light was better. Mr. Bloom say he was in his shirt sleeves, but had his vest or before last, while playing in the Nash ville theater, Miss Moore was insulted by member of her company and there was more trouble, Mr. Bloom figuring as the defender of the lady's honor. Altogether, Miss Flora seen to be having trouble.

"Brooklyn," says an exchange, "is in a b way." What is the trouble? Too many world v preachers?

THE Springfield Republican says it will not be long before the southern states will find it advisable to modify their anti-miscegenation aws. The Republican takes the position that marriage is a contract, and that the law should not hamper people who desire to make such s The law of Georgia prohibits the contract. intermarriage of the white and black races and punishes not only the persons who so inter marry, but also punishes the officers or ministers who knowingly perform such marriage cere monies. There is no complaint in Georgia on account of the law, and fact it is one of the laws of the state which is never defied and never violated. The Republican thinks a repeal of the anti-miscegenation laws would make the people the more law-abiding, as it would discourage tar and feather parties. Following out this line of argument, the way to keep a people from violating any laws is to repeal all laws The Republican makes much ado about the fact that marriage is a contract. "A contract on Sunday is void." Therefore we advise th readers of the Republican, white and black, to choose some other day than Sunday for making such "contracts." In Georgia, however, th young folks can go ahead marrying on Sunday

THE trouble with Brother Watterson is that he thinks he is the patron of the democrati

UNCLE JOE PULITZER has set a fine exam ple to newspaper proprietors. The motto is when you have an aged vulgarian in your em ploy, smash him in the snout.

TAKE YOUR CHOICE.

Just How Prohibition is Working in A From the following expressions of the pres

major and the last mayor of the city the publican satisfy itself as to the working of prohibition n Atlanta. There can now be no further doub

with the two mayors:

Ex-Mayor Hillyer, (pro.) Mayor Cooper (anti) in a in a press letter.

The truth is, there is not one-tenth of the Mayor Cooper, of Atlandrunkenness in Atlanta ta Ga., accompanied by that there used to be in aldermen and other officials of that city, arrived The reform in the drink-in the city yesterday. In the city yesterday, ing habits of the people They have come specially is most unmistakable, to examine into the improvements in fire extindegree gratifying. Taken guishing apparatus, and altogether, the prohibition law is today better cenforced in the city of part will extend its tour allogether, the prohibition in the did not think that a thousand times more any of his biblion is worth all, and he did not think that a thousand times more any of the complex of misdemeanors. What mayor cooper, who is an we have achieved by promibition is worth all, and he did not think that a thousand times more any good had been actual it has cost us in the complished by the new struggle to carry it. Ever prohibitory laws. All since its adoption prolimembers of the party debition has been a very clared that drunkenness decided benefit in material prosperity: but of and that no thirsty man need suffer for the lack ing of the people.

PERSONS AND

PERSONS AND THINGS

A GERMAN paper says that with a funnel of thick manilla paper about sixteen inches long and six to eight inches wide at the mouth, the smaller end being put into the opening of the receiver, one may talk in whispers through the telephone.

A BAND of Indian squaws who came into Bangor, D. T., the other day all invested in cor-

In Montana during the winter cowboys make a living by killing mountain lions, for which a bounty of \$8 per head is paid. The animals are erocious and some are very large

THE snow is so deep and hard at Bear Lake

GOVERNOR MOONLIGHT, of Wyoming, an pointed his daughter. Miss Nellie, his private ecretary, and the number of gentlemen callers is ncreasing daily.

AN INDIAN called upon the editor of the rescent City, Cal., Record a few days ago, and the statement to scalp him for publishing his name in the paper for getting drunk and raising a row. A FARMER living near Quincy, Ill., says that while feeding his chickens one more

recently, four wild geese came fiying toward his barnyard, and after circling above him several times lit among the fowls. He caught one of them, whereupon the others attacked him victously, but he managed to secure a second one, and to driv off the other two. A MAINE newspaper wants its readers to be-lieve that a citizen of that state has split a hurri-cane. Seeing it coming straight toward his barn, he took two boards, and holding them with his best hold before the barn, the ends together so that they formed a sort of wedge, he spread the hurricane apart, so that it only took off two corners of the barn.

Some boys who were duck hunting near Yuba City, Cal., discovered a coon's nest in a ho low tree. They set fire to the tree, and a pro of coons appeared at the opening, a few feet from the ground, until eleven of these terrors of the henroost were shot. There was one left in the tree, being so close to the fire and smoke that it was suffocated and burned, making twelve coons in one

Mrs. John Lute, in Sargent county, D. T., is a widow with genuine Dakota pluck. Three years ago her husband secured a claim, and he filled the first grave in the town of Sargent about a year ago. The widow was left with the claim, as cabin, and five children under ten years of age, and with her own hands she is making a living for them off the land. Last fall a miscreant stole 100 bushels of her wheat. One of the coldest days recently she went alone three miles to haul a load of straw for her stock; on the way the load upset and she reloaded, with the thermometer twenty-five degrees below zero.

COMMENTS OF THE PRESS.

Alta Californian: "It is said that Charley Farweil's caucus nomination to the senate cost him \$20,000. It seems silly to scour over such an insignificant sum. It would hardly purchase a seat in the fegislature in some states. Memphis Avalandche: If the robbery of Fanny

Davenport's jewels had taken place in an Alabama town, the report would have been flashed over the wires that "Charles Talbott had discovered a diawhere that "charles I al both had obsovered a dia-mond mine inexhaustible in its dimensions." But Memphis allowed the glorious opportunity to slip. Nashville Union: The republicans of New York legislature, being polled, think David B. Hill the strongest man the democrats could nominate for president in 1888. This disingenuous

advice, coming from such a source, is valuable as she wing who the republicans do not want nom-insted. It is Grover Cleveland they are afraid of.

Pittsburg Dispatch: It is interesting to find that the tough struggle which Senator Camden is having for re-election in West Virginia has pro-duced the periodical avowal of the republican leaders of their intention to carry that state for the republican presidential candidate in 1888. We do not know whether the republican leaders of West Vir-tion are blondes or not; but they certainly enjoy

Mansas City Journal: "After all," breaks out the St. Paul Fioneer Press. "Off Minnesota climate is the one for ice palace building. The palace and splendid entrance are as sound and crystallic tohighly sanguine temperaments. day as when the carnival ended." And the palace can probably be occupied on the 4th of July.

is the great charm about the Minnespta clin It is so well adapted to ice palaces.

Cincinnati Times-Star: The Hon. G. V. N othrop, of Detroit, United States minister at St Petersburg, is reported about to resign on ac of the severity of the Russian winters A wir cold enough to freeze a Michigan democrat out of \$10,500 office is in the nature of a discovery. The administration appears to have but one alternative, either abandon the St. Petersburg mis ook for an acclimated minister among the nativ democracy of Alaska.

Here is a very pretty story from a New York paper: Two men, dressed in good clothes, but evi-dently unfamiliar with the place, recently lunched at a prominent restaurant in that city. They expended \$10.40 for food and wine, chiefly the latter. Their appearance, and the amount they expended for a lunch, roused the curiosity of the proprietor, who made inquiries respecting them, and he found that they were "walking delegates" of one of th

New York Post: Public opinion among th colored people has been profoundly moved by the rejection of a colored man by a nearly unanimous republican vote in the senate. In the north feeling has been pronounced and outspoken. It is no mean political factor in the doubtful states. In New York especially it is potent and menacing. Something must be done to explain and palliate the rejection of Matthews, the colored man as r corder of deeds in the District of Columbia, if th colored vote is to be retained as a solid phalanx in

St. Paul man .- "Awful thing, that Milwau see woman killing off all those babies, wasn't it'

'Yes, indeed, terrible."
'And she got only \$300 apiece for it, at that." "But that is a pretty good price."
"Good price? Why, man, we would have bough

those babies up in our town at \$1,000 a head.' Why, to put in our directory, of course.

Chicago News Let me give you a description I lately heard of a ladies' lunch : Giggle, gabble, gobble,-Mail

Mistress-"The coffee is so strong this mor ng that it is absolutely bitter, Kathleen." Maid—"Yis, ma'am. The polaceman on thi bate do be comphlainin' av th' wakeness av it all

winther, an' durin' th' cowld wither cook is afther humorin' th' poor divil a bit."—Tid-Bits. "Good morning, Mrs. Smith, have yo registered?" "No, but I'm just going down to the clerk's office. It is just too sweet for anything only that matter of age is too horrid altogether "Clara, Mary, Julia and my sister and myself are going to abolish that part of the register business. What difference does it make how old we are, so we are just old enough to vote?"

come and see me. We are going to have a tea party soon at our house and caucus for a mayor and councilmen."—Topeka Journal. "Masks and Faces" was originally produced in this country at the Chambers Street Theater under Burton's management. Burton was the Triplet of the first cast, but his debut in the par of "Toodles," and the audience on the first nigh of the new play seemed to see and hear Toodles only in everything that Triplet did or said, for they laughed and roared every time Burton came on the stage and every time he opened his mouth, They had no respect for his most serious "mugs or for his most solemn utterance. They took all in as a new phase of his fun, and the dis the poor devil in the last scene, where starving in his garret, is trying to write comedy

surrounded by his miserable family, brought their aughter to a climax.
Burton could bear it no longer.
He had fumed and sworn within himself all the vening, but, no longer able to conceal his chagriand anger, he broke out before the public. He ad vanced to the footlights, and with the tears of Triplet still streaming down his face, but dropping his assumed character, he exclaimed, in a tone be tween a grown and a sob. ',D—d funny, ain't it! Wife dying—children starving! D—d funny, ain't it?" But the remonstrance was of no avail. The audience only roared the louder, and Burton retired back to his part in disgust and finished amid convulsions of laughter over his most pathetispeeches. The next night he gave the part to Mr. Charles Fisher, who since became the only great resentative of the character in this country Boston Advertiser.

We do hope, most earnestly we do hope we do hope, most earnestly we do hope, there will be no war with Canada. For the sake of a very numerous class of American citizens we do hope there will be no war while they are alive. It would be awkward for warriors who have been winning all the battles of the late war on both sides, single-handed, alone, in spite of the blunders of Grant, Sherman, Sheridan, Lee and Jackson, to go into a new war and do it again. Very awkward it would be, O, very.—Burdette.

Dude-What are you looking at me that way for? Do you think I'm a fool? Barkeeper-Oh, no; I never judge people by

siftings. American citizen (looking up from letter of introduction)- Lord Tinfeil, eh? What disreputa ble affair have you been mixed up in?"

Lord Tinfoil (just arrived)-"None American citizen-"None! Great Scott! How! Lord Tinfoil-"Fact is, you know, our peerag

isn't an old one. I'm only the first to bear the American citizen-"I'm-ah-well, I suppose tha accounts for it. But you'll never be a social suc cess over here if you let it become generally known. Can't von assume a dark mystericus ai

and look bilious? It's your only chance."-Pitts burg Dispatch.

Physician-I congratulate you sincerely, my Patient (joyfully)-Then I will recover? Physician—No, not exactly; but after consulta-tion we have come to the conclusion that your cas-is an entirely new one, and we have decided to give your name to the malady, provided that ou diagnosis is confirmed by-the autopsy.

Patient immediately expires from fright .- N. Y

Partisanship in Vermont.

From the Brooklyn Eagle. George L.Bigelow, of Vermont, tells a curiou story. He says that C. W. Wyman, treasurer of the Prohibition State committee and a candidate on the state prohibition ticket last fall, has been dis-missed as treasurer of the Brattleboro Savings bank because of his temperance views. The trustees told Mr. Wyman that the bank had not enjoyed it usual share of prosperity during recent years, and blamed him for his radical position in the temper-ance cause, which, they said, had consumed too much of his time and energy and angered people, to the detriment of the bank. In his reply Wyman said that he had always been as active in temperance matters as he is today, that he was prominent in the prosecution of liquor men long before he wa elected treasurer, and that this never constitute elected treasurer, and that this never constituted an objection to him until he stopped voting the republican ticket and came out for St John. Naturally the prohibitionists in Vermont are angry and are doing what they can to organize a "boycott" against the Brattleboro bank. The whole story is not without its element of humor. The Brooklyn bank cashier who was dismissed because of his opposition to rum would probably think that his superiors were fit candidates for the Flathuch assum. ors were fit candidates for the Flatbush asylum But in Brattleboro it is different. The truth of the matter is probably in the fact that Mr. Wyman's advocacy of the prohibition ticket was not relished by a board of directors whose zeal for the "grand old party" was too great to permit them to continue an avowed political enemy in their employ

Let Him Tell It. From Goodall's Chicago Sun.

Why is it that a man's best ideas come to

him when he is out of reach of pencil and paper

CONSTITUTIONALS.

Pencil Paragraphs and Editorial Sho Caught on the Run.

While in Americus a few days since I called t the residence of an old and highly valued friend, Captain A. A. Adams. My intention was to have a quiet chat with my friend and his char ing family, but I was most agreeably taken aback when I marched into the parlor and found a bridal couple and a number of wedding guests making merry in the roomy, old-fashioned parlor. As I sat an interested listener to the discussion of various topics, I began musing on the parts some o these people have played in the history city. Foremost in rank-for to my mind, all dis tinctions of rank depend on what people have ac complished in life-was Colonel T. M. Furlow This grand old man, as youthful as a boy, the the snows of many winters have whiten ed his locks and furrowed his rud blow, was a mighty man his day, and broke a lance with Hon. Joseph Brown in ante-bellum days. He was defeated as a gubernatorial aspirant, but the good deeds he has done are more enduring than political rank or

Up on the hill, in the southern portion of Ame cus, is an ancient building of brick, on the corn stone of which is this man's name. Every brick o the weather beaten walls is a silent with munificence. He gave it to Americus as a college for the education of her daughters, years and year ago. A little farther eastward is "The Lawn which was once his princely manor house. Ever railroad train that rumbles along the curving track of the Southwestern railroad is a living wit ness of his patriotism; for it was his exertions in behalf of the city in inducing the projectors of the road to come by the little town that made the present beautiful city of Americus a possibili-ty. He has lately been elected tax receiver of Sumter county, which shows that republies are not entirely ungrateful.

The groom was a tall and hearty old gentleman with a good-natured face and genial manner-Professor W. A. Wilson, who was one of the early tutors of Joel Chandler Harris, in the good old Putnam county days. This reminds me that Put nam county seems to be a regular hot bed of pa triotism, as all this company, at least the elder were fervent in their praise of Putnam county They compared the climate of Putnam count with that of Sumter, which sounded funny to m They spoke of the danger of contracting malaria disorders by spending a summer in Sumter after being so long accustomed to the healthful climate

"Why is it," asked a young lady on my right that they fear the change of climate? Is Putnam high up in latitude?

'I think not," I answered, in the same sort of a 'aside," so that we might not interrupt; "I guessit is just because they all came from Putnam, and there's no place like home, you know."

The bride was a dignified lady, of charming man ners, such as one meets among these good old Geor gia families, and she charmed us all with her way of talking and expressing herself. She was member of the well known Reed family, of Pu nam county.

Major Moses Speer joined the party, coming in i his frank and off-hand way, and then the circl was complete. He too was full of reminiscenof golden days in Putnam. He was for four year resident of the bank of Americus, and recently oft that institution to become president of the bank of Southwestern Georgia. In a playful way he ral ed Professor Wilson about not giving him timely notice of his wedding.
'Why," he said, "do you know I was to have bee

his 'test man?' I resigned a position I have held four years, that of president of a great bank, just to get an opportunity to attend your wedding, and then you went and got married without letting me know. Major Speer is in the prime of physical and me

tal life, and if such success attend him in his new position as did in his old, he may well afford to res on his faurels. Mine host, Captain Adams, and his excellen

wife had prepared a little dinner for the wedding party, and when we were all marshaled into the long dining hall, it reminded me very much of old times, indeed. I shall not say anything of the dir ner, only that we all did justice to it. These good old dinners are so unlike the modern banquet or collation, or whatever you may please to call it. Every individual was put completely at his ease and merry jesto and conversation of mere weight consideration went around so that, like the variety of the viands, every one found something suitable to his taste. A newspaper reporter is so accuston ed to attending such affairs on professional invitations, where he is expected to take notes under napkin. write it up afterwards, that it was a restful treat be present simply as a friend of the family.

I happened to be placed between two young nisses, most prim and demure, who are teacher in the public schools. I said prim and demure but I don't think I intended it. Prim and demure they generally are in the story books, but the two healthy, vivacious and piquant maidens wer just about as interesting specimens of the genue pedagogue as I ever came across. Miss Lounie Adams and Miss Sarah Wheeler, both accomplished young ladies, were educated in Americus, and under Prof. Gannan are now teachers at the col lege-that same Furlow college-which is not occupied by the principal and teachers of the pub ic schools. I asked Miss Lonnie how she liked th teachers' institute, which she attended in Atlanta last autumn. She was enthusiastic in her praise of it, and said that she had acquired is great fund of knowledge there that had been of vast benefit to her in the schoolroom since that time. It was the pronounced verdict of both the fair jurors that such instruction as they

fit to the teachers. It is a great pleasure to visit among these people of Americus. It is good to see them at home wher the restraint of undue formality is thrown aside and nothing rigid or impending chills the partici pant in their little reunions. I have spoken onl of the elder members of this gathering, ex-cepting the two young lady teach-ers, whose professional dignity demands more than ordinary recognition, and I do not intend to say a word about the bewitching grou of young ladies, with a sprinkling of chivalr youths that were present. These will speak for hemselues later on. They were there, however and they made their presence known in a mos agreeable manner. Even as I left, the echo of their merry talk and laughter were rioting in the corners and corridors of the old mansion.

received at these institutes is of incalculable bene

I fear even touching it as delicately as I have tried to, that my genial host will be horrified by reading this account of a day of enjoyment. He probably lost sight of the "chiel amang ye takin' notes," when he invited his friend to din with him, and the "faith he'll prent it" neve entered his thoughts, But I just wanted to tell you how well a fellow can enjoy himself when he falls into the hands of this goodly folk. This incident I have related is only one selected at random from among dozens of such every day occurences among this hospitable people. Anybody that knows anything about Americus will tell you this.

But you cannot stand at every window and push away the climbing vines, gaze out on a forest of pines with their vivid green boughs, contrasting with the intervening glimpses of deep blue sky be yond. And you cannot catch a glimpse of swe Magnolia Dell, by the shining Muckalee from ev erybody's broad plazze. And you cannot, ab utely cannot, lean against the tall columns of everybody's portico and drink in the quiet prospec of ancient homes set back among clustering groups of shade trees and shrubbery and let your tired eyes rest on the golden flood of mellow sunlight that glorifies and sanctifies the whole. There is the chirp of contented birds, and the faint, delicious odors of violets and other early blooming flowers, and the whisper of the south-

wind, as soft as the sighs of a satisfied child, as you fall into a fit of revery, and you dres happy dreams in five minutes than a life could fulfill. That is why I write. I want to you into my confidence and tell you that ere it next full moon beams down on the budding work the starry blooms of the fragrant jasmine will gleam in ficeks of golden in yonder dell, and the modest violets, the gorgeous buttercups and the pert young daisies will open their dewy ore b pleased astonishment on their fairy sur Then the scarlet flowers of the "poison ivy" vil light up the swamps, and the pines-sombre pines-will open their treat boxes and send out a shower of gold dust on a laden air. Last of all, after the clings. laden air. Last of all, after the clinging tentria of the wild grapevine have fastened their steady hold on the treacherous "lock" of the old war fence, the scented heart of the royal magnets will burst into glorious bloom, and the ing fragrance of its perfume will rise to heave an incense fit for the gods. All these things will come to pass, and the great, gawky katydids and come to pass, and the great, gawsy taryolds will send out their discordant notes in the heat of non-when the cool shade of the great trees invites us to rest and repose, and the dull cicadas will have upon the startled ear with a wild jargle in the upon the startled ear with a wild jurgle in the dusk of even. The brown thrush will plume he russet dress and proceed to build her nest in the clump of elder bushes, and the redbird will extend the soldiery crest, and go whistling, chirping and courting his mate, after the fashion of all grant and courting his mate, after the fashion of all grant and courting his mate, after the fashion of all grants. lants. Joy and gladness on the winding Muscopel ridges, rest and repose by the winding Muscopel M. M. Fotsox. lants. Joy and gladness on the sun-crowns

AMERICAN OPERA.

Ballet Dancers Indignant at Public Com

From the Brooklyn Eagle.

The subject of American opera naturally suggests that of the ballet, and 12am reminded that a friend of mine who lives in Washington square, in a house adjoining the hotel at which lodge most of the ballet girls belonging to the "Black Cool" company, tells me that there is no little indication among the girls of the cool of the ballet girls belonging to the "Black Cool" company, tells me that there is no little indicated company, tells me that there is no little indirection among the girls of the company over the comment of the newspapers concerning the meantalked of proposed visit of the ballet to Mr. Reefs. church. My friend tells me that one of the girls an American by birth and a Protestant, expressed heartest for following (Why he had becomed for following the had become for following (Why he had become for following the had become following the had become for f an American by birth and a Protestant, expressed herself as follows: "Why should we wish to put ourselves upon public exhibition any more than is necessary? We do not wish to be made part of a show when we are not paid for it, and we do not see that our presence in Brooklyn was desired for any other reason than that we would make the processor than the see that our presence in Brooklyn was desired by any other reason than that we would make a good advertisement for the church to which we were invited. Every day we are shown insulting jobra and paragraphs about the ballet, and we have yet and paragraphs about the ballet, and we have yet to find a clergyman who will give us credit public-ly for not being quite so black as we are painted. It was only yesterday that we heard that some clergyman who went to see the ballet in order that he might preach about our so called indecent dresses, gave up the sermon because he said thera was too little to preach about. Most of us are the support of parents and children, and Sunday is our day of rest, when we may forget for a little time that we belong to much abused and ridiculed prothat we belong to much abused and ridiculed profession; why should we wish to keep ourselves sti fession; why should we wish to keep ourserves an on exhibition by going to Mr. Reed's church especially when he confesses that he does not know what the ballet really amounted to, although he is ready to assume that he a very vicious insi-

Carlisle and the Speakership,

ington Correspondence. Omaha Bee Speaker Carlisle is a candidate for Mr. Reck! seat in the senate. But this does not necessarily mean that he will not be a candidate for re-election as speaker of the house. The seat of Senator Beek does not become vacant until two years from the 4th of next March. Still there has been some talk in democratic circles lately about other candidates for the procleoning. The more wise is most dates for the speakership. The man who is most frequently mentioned in this connection is the Hou. P.A. Collins, of Massachusetts. There is not a man in congress today who has more ability map presiding officer than Mr. Collins. He has shown marked ability whenever he has been called upon to preside over public meetings of the sociation of which he is a member. Besides he has that wonderful faculty possessed by so few men, of winning the respect of his political opponents. He is a pronounced partisan and never feels the necessity of apologizing for his political opinions. Nor does he attempt to dictate the rights of others in this respect. In fact, those who know him best look upon Mr. Collins as an ideal speaker and with Mr. Carlisle out of the way the mention of his name dates for the speakership. The man who is mes Carlisle out of the way the mention of his name would be certain to win him the race.

Survivors of the Great Charge.

the St. Louis Globe-Democrat. The Globe-Democrat recently recorded the 3,001st death of a survivor of the Balakiava charge, and pointed out that five times as many charges had died as obeyed the fatal word of command, to say nothing of the fact that only 148 out of the original 600 rode back from the "jaws of hell." A London contemporary has since enlarged on this interesting arithmetical problem. In 1870 there were just 130 survivors. Between 1870 and 180 over 1,000 deaths of Light brigade chargers was recorded, and there were still over 100 who claimed to have participated in the bold but futile stack. Between 1850 and 1855 there were about an equal number of deaths, and there were 105 survivos. In 1886 there were 100 deaths, and the collector of statistics concludes there must, therefore, be about 110 of the 600 still in the land of the living. At this rete there, should be the full 600 once more in 190 rate there should be the full 600 once more in two

or three decades.

Absorbing Canada, Debt and All. They say that it would not do for this gree republic to annex the provinces of Canada and make out of them half a dozen new states or more in the union, because they owe a published \$220,000,000, and each Canadian family ha \$220,000,000, and each Canadian ianny tribute every year \$9.36 toward the interest, while here in the United States each family has to payonly \$4.15 for a similar purpose. The debt of Carlo and the state of the control of the contr ces want to come into the union ! will open our arms and take them to our hears abbrothers, debt or no debt, interest or no interest.

Besides, they will get rich so rapidly after they come to detail under they cannot be forced to the start and strices that come to dwell under the stars and stripes their old debt will soon be of no account at all.

Boston High Culture. From the Washington Crit She was a Boston girl and was receiving on New Year's with a friend in Washington,
"Ah, Miss X.," said an esthetic lieutenant, who
had just been presented, "you are from Boston, I

"Yes, that is my home." "Delightful place, Boston. So intellectual. So classic, I may say. Such elegant people. Such an air of refinement permeating every envi Nothing loud; nothing coarse; nothing Delightful, delightful!"

"You bet your life it is," she replied innocently, "but as far as I've got, I think Washington take When they got the .lieutenant out of the wrether they got the .lieutenant out of the wrether the started to make out an application for a per-

The Seventieth Milestone 'Twas years ago, a babe was born, Four score and ten today,

Since that far January morn
When the babe in her cradle lay,
And angels of love from heaven shove
Watched over the sleeping fay. From helpless infancy she grew
To girlhood's proud estate,
With roy checks and eyes of blue,
With mien demure, sedate.

But, ab, the tarrying years that came,
They were not always blest.
A grave there is that bears no name
Far in the golden west;
And he that sleeps where strangers dwell
Was once her heart's best guest.

Her lot is as the lot of all
Who hither come to dwell—
Sunshine and shadow round her fall,
As years their story tell.
And still her failt is strong in Him
Who doeth all things well.

That babe and girl and woman grown— Her hair is sliv'ry gray; She has reached the seventieth milesions (So few may see) today. And four remaining sons still bless And cheer her on her way,

And pray He may ber days prolong.

That by her counsel's truth
Their steps be guided still from wrong.
As in their days of youth;
So when shall ome her hour of night.
"At evening time it shall be light."

Engene Clay Perguson, in Galyesian Nega.

FAIR

WHY HE WA The Enmity Betw

WASBINGTON I asked a Nevada Senator Fair did fifty thousand pe to another term i "Your question man, but you do there are not ove it is very natural forty millions of majority of them, would work out

tion, but in this

been millions agai Stewart is a tol could not Fair in a bod Fair knock him ou "If it had been S done so without an a mere figure-he opponents of Fair Mackay and Floo about the time F six years ago. Th the culmination of in the purchase business by the of feeling has exist ners and friends O'Brien sided w was three to one own against the pay him an enoru then put most of bonds and real es is dead, but Macl bitterer in thei They have not for him financially, better protected, care of it than J

enate wore towa

Flood thought the

wanted to come prevailed upon hi assurance that would back him. Fair heard of the was to accept the bitter end. He c bitter end. He conation, and he kn him a cool million ant down and cons erately as if he was it worth a necessite, and to observate? After ma that question in the race and allow After all, it cost M money. If Fair there would have hat of money gian and somebody wo My Nevada frie Fair has the best senator once and office could give to know that he in the senate exists in the gallerie we alth, part of we He has been a far upon senatorial designs. any pleasure in h
of the vanity whi
the senate, and h
of Washington ii
"I have known
years and I have
from poverty to a
same man today
in the mines as a
ago he told me
since he became a

he realized that h and dollars a m more satisfied that come is three or last winter I met me he had spent

ging in the mi fun in that, and "The remark He is the personit glories in work. sits in his rosewo the velvety luxu "Has he ever

"No. He is the he was know he and has a manly these advantages to veneer them graces. His ren his great self-con ger of transgress I had as soon ri tion as most of t ate, and I am st able guest to the less than these tired to hear per

and to sneer a learned in this hetoric. Some ever knew were les. When Fai green Irish lad parents to Califo a miner and to He worked at He is today

en the face of about the geolog slope than all the put together. Francis this country, a n ing the gold and the surface, and matters is considered the Irish emigraluck, as folks using applied in have made him a smile because he the cheapest gift of gab. Jim F of gab.' Jim Fr
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sfied child, and you dream more than a lifetime te. I want to take to the tee. I want to take to that ere the ne budding world, and the tercups are to your ounding. airy surrounding airy surrounding airy surrounding are surrounding are surrounding are surrounded at their treasure of gold dust on the e clinging tendrils e clinging tendrils end their steady ened their steady ened their steady are royal magnolia and the overpower, all rise to heaven, the surrounding with these things will these things will wky katydids will ut he heat of noon. at the heat of noon, at the heat of noon, it trees invites the cicadas will bank wild jaugle in the sh will plume her field her nest in the e redbird will electristing, chirping. histling, chirping fashion of all galthe sun-crowned M. M. Folson,

FAIR OF NEVADA.

WHY HE WAS NOT RETURNED AS

The Enmity Between H:m and His Former Parteers

Mackey and Flood - Some In eresting Personal Characteristics of the Best Miner in the

World-He Dislikes Washington.

WASHINGTON, February 11 .- [Special.]-

I asked a Nevada man today why it was that

Senator Fair did not buy up that little state of fifty thousand people and have himself elected

to another term in the senate. He replied:
"Your question is a very natural one, young
man, but you don't know some things about
this last election in Nevada. It is true that

there are not over 13,000 votes in the state, and

it is very natural to suppose that a man with forty millions of money could easily buy up a

majority of them, especially when you know

what sort of fellows they are. That scheme

would work out all right as a simple proposi-

tion, but in this last contest it would have

"I don't understand you," I said. "Senator

"If it had been Stewart alone he would have

done so without any trouble, but Stewart was

a mere figure-head in the contest. The real

opponents of Fair were his former partners, Mackay and Flood. They went apart just about the time Fair was elected to the senate,

six years ago. The dissolution of the firm was

the culmination of a long quarrel, which ended

in the purchase of Fair's entire share in the

business by the other partners. The bitterest

feeling has existed between the former part-

ners and friends ever since they separated.

O'Brien sided with Mackay and Flood and it

or mast the with Mackey and Flood and it was three to one against Fair, but he held his own against these odds. He forced them to pay him an enormous price for his interest and then put most of his money into United States bonds and real estate in San Francisco. O'Brien

is dead, but Mackay and Flood seem to grow bitterer in their animosity toward Fair. They have not found an opportunity to injure

him financially, for no man has his wealth better protected, or is more capable of taking care of it than Jim Fair. As his term in the senate wore towards its conclusion Mackay and Flood thought they had their chance to stab Fair. They knew that

EX-SENATOR STEWART

wanted to come back to the senate, and they prevailed upon him to enter the field with the

assurance that their money and influence

would back him. Stewart consented. When Fair heard of this scheme his first impulse was to accept the challenge and to fight to the bitter end. He could have beaten the combi-

nation, and he knew it, but it would have cost him a cool million, and he knew that too. He sat down and considered the situation as delib-erately as if he had been contemplating an

investment in mining stocks or real estate Was it worth a million to him to beat his enemies, and to obtain another term in the senste? After mature reflection he answered that question in the negative, withdrew from

the race and allowed Stewart to be elected

After all, it cost Mackay and Flood a pile of money. If Fair had bucked against them there would have been the most terrific com-

bat of money giants ever seen in this country, and somebody would have been badly hurt." My Nevada friend continued: "Now, I think Fair has the best of the bargain. He has been

senator once and has had all the honor the

serator once and has had all the honor the office could give him. He has sense enough to know that he could never be anything in the senate except a figure to be pointed at from the galleries as the possessor of great we alth, part of which he used to get his seat. He has been a faithful and regular attendant upon senatorial duties, but he has never taken any pleasure in his career here. He has mone of the vanity which made old Sharon aspire to the senate, and he lates the conventionalities.

the senate, and he hates the conventionalities of Washington life.
"I have known Fair intimately for twenty

years and I have seen every step in his rise from poverty to affluence. He is precisely the same man today he was when he was working

in the mines as a common laborer. Not long ago he told me he had never been so happy

since he became a millionaire as he was when

A HUNDELD THOUSAND DOLLARS.

Then he had, he said, an income of a thousand dollars a month and felt richer and far

more satisfied than he does now when his in-

come is three or four thousand a day. Once last winter I met him in New York. He told

me he had spent the whole afternoon clipping

coupons and that his fingers were sore where

the shears had chafed them. He said:
"'Do you know I had rather have been digging in the mines, ten to one? There's some

"The remark was characteristic of the man. He is the personification of energy and vigor and glories in work. The only work he knows how to do is mining, and he pines for it as he sits in his rosewood chair in the senste or amid the velvety luxuries of Washington life."

"Has he ever acquired much polish by his contract with the least?" I saked.

contact with the east." I asked.
"No. He is the same plain, blunt Irishman
he was twenty years ago. You
know he is a handsome fellow,
and has a manly address, but nature gave him

these advantages, and he has never attempted to veneer them over with superficial social graces. His remarkable judgment of men and bis great self-confidence save him from all dan-

ger of transgressing any of the social formulas. I had as soon risk bim at a president's recep-tion as most of the college-bred men in the sen-ate, and I am sure he would be a more accept-

able guest to the president, for he would talk less than these educated fellows. It makes me tired to hear people CRITICIZE HIS GRAMMAR,

criticize his grammar,
and to sneer at this man because he is not a
rhetorician. He does not pretend to be a
scholar. There are a great many things to be
learned in this world besides grammar and
thetoric. Some of the most ignorant men I
ever knew were proficient in both these studies. When Fair was eighteen years old, a
green Irish lad who had been taken by his
parents to California, he determined to become
a miner and to devote his life to the business.
He worked at it for thirty years as faithfully
as a man ever worked at anything. As a consequence he went to the top of his profession.
He is today

THE BEST MINER

He is today

THE BEST MINER
on the face of the earth. He knows more about the geological formations of the Pacific slope than all the college professors of America put together. His approval of an experimental mine will command millions in New York, San Francisco, or London. He is the mining authority of this country, a man who has a genius for seeing the gold and silver hundreds of feet below the surface, and one whose judgment in these matters is considered almost infallible. It is

matters is considered almost infallible. It is

matters is considered almost infallible. It is keen sense and a cool head which have made the Irish emigrant boy a millionaire, and not luck, as folks usually say. His brain and energy applied in any other direction would have made him a big man, and yet some people smile because he can't make a speech. Why, the cheapest gift bestowed on men is the 'gift of gab.' Jim Fair is worth ten thousand of your 'speechifiers.' I say he has made a good senator because he has kept his mouth shut and not clogged the public business with manuscript. Pair has never made a display of his wealth. In Nevada and in San Francisco, as in Washington, he lives without the slightest ostentation. He despises extravagance as a sin and knows the value of a dollar as well as the next man. Why, the other morning I took break-

fun in that, and it's more like business

contact with the east?" I asked.

he realized that he was worth

Stewart is a tolerably rich man, but he could not compete with Jim Fair in a boodle race. Why didn't

been millions against millions."

Fair knock him out?"

Public Com-

era naturally sug-reminded that a hington square, in hich lodge most of e "Black Crook" s no little indigna-any over the com-erning the much liet to Mr. Reed's one of the girls, estant, expressed i we wish to put any more than is an made part of a made part of a and we do not was desired for ald make a good insulting jokes and we have yet us credit publicates we are painted, neard that some liet in order that called indecent se he said there at of us are the not Sunday is our of us are the descended sunday is our or a little time de ridiculed propourselves still Reed's church, at he does not ted to, although ry vicious insti-

rship. a Bee. for Mr. Beck's two years from has been some out other candi-in who is most s. There is not nore ability as a. He has shown en called upon the societies of has that wongen, of winnings. He is a probe necessity of s. Nor does he here in this rehers in this re-him best look er and with Mr. of his name

recorded the many chargers of command, to 148 out of the ws of hell." A arged on this In 1870 there 1870 and 1880 chargers were 0 who claimed

nd All. for this great Canada and to states or more public debt of ly has to con-interest, while y has to pay
ye debt of Canll overlook it
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man. Why, the other morning I took break first with him. When we started to the capi tel he said:
"'New, there's no use paying this hotel two "Now, there's no use paying this hotel two dollars for a cab, when we can walk across the street and get a hansom for fifty cents,' and across the street we went and rode to the capitel in a fifty cent hansom. There are men in congress who haven't a dollar in the world except their salaries who would have rang for the two dollar cab. I admired the man with forty millions who objected to being 'scooped' ent of a dollar and a half. Did you know that

he is a tectotaler and that he never took a drink of whisky in his life?"
"What will Mr. Fair do when he leaves the

"What will Mr. Fair do when he leaves the senate?" I asked.

"Oh, I don't know. He is glad to get out, and I don't think he stroubling himself about the future. He will make his home in San Francisco, and will probably live at ease on his rents and coupons for a year or two. He has no mining interests now, but he can't keep out of the business. He loves it too well. Fair is or the business. He loves it too well. Fair is only fifty-five and his great physical vigor must have some vent. He will never 'retire' permanently until he dies. I look for him to be a mining king again before long. Mackay and Flood owe many of their millions to this man's superb practical ability. He first discovered the wealth of the Big Bonanzs, and it was under his superintendence that it was officovered the wealth of the big bollalas, and it was under his superintendence that it was developed. After he could draw his check for twenty-five millions he would go to the mine every morning at 7 o'clock, and for twelve hours a day, in big boots and a flannel shirt, would work harder than any man employed there. Under his superintendency over two hundred million dollars in gold and silver was taken out of that mine. No man that ever lived has dug so much precious ore out of the earth as Jim Fair. I'll tell you, he is an extraordinary man, and you will hear from him after he leaves the senate."

Thus spoke my friend from Nevada.

It doesn't take gold. A quarter of a dollar will buy a bottle of Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup. WORK OF THE COMMITTEES. The Blair Educational Bill--Dingley's Fish-

eries Bill, Etc, Washington, February, 11.—Friends of the Blair educational bill have succeeded in embarrassing somewhat the house committee on rules as a result of its failure to take any action on the resolution submitted to the committee looking to the assignment of a day for a consideration of that measure. Mr. Wil-lis, of Kentucky, who is the foremost champion of the educational bill in the house, some days ago made a canvass of that body, and satisfied himelf that the bill would command the support of two-thirds of the members if it could be got before the house. Therefore he notified friends of the bill that whenever the committee on rules asked consideration for the resolution setting apart a day for any other purpose, he would move to amend it so as to provide for the consideration of the educational bill on the day fixed in the resolution. This intention on the part of Mr. Willis has come to the ears of the committees on rules, and it seems probable that unless an arrangement of some kind is reached, no resolutions of the nature indicated will be presented to the house by that committee until it shall be satisfied that an attempt to amend them will not suc

ceed.
Almost without a dissenting voice, the house committee on shipping today resolved to-make favorable report on Dingley's bill to pro-tect the fisheries of the United States. The bill makes liable to seizure and ferfeiture any foreign vessel found taking fish of any kind within three marine miles of the shores of the

United States.

The committee decided not to press for action during this session the bill already reported and on the calendar relating to the licensing of masters of vessels as pilots, and relieving coasting vessels in tow of tugs or other steam vessels from obligation to take pilots.

After a long session today the conferes on After a long session today the conteres on the anti-polygamy bill reached a complete agreement on the points of difference between the two houses. It is expected the conferes will report on Monday. The exact features of the bill cannot yet be obtained. It is known, however, that the section of the senate bill which provides for the appointment of a board of trustees to administer on property of the Mortustees to administer on property of the Mortustees. trustees to administer on property of the Mor-mon church is omitted. The bill repeals the charter of the Mormon church and instructs the attorney general to institute proceedings to recover all of the property of that corporation which was not acquired in accordance with laws of the United States. Churches, grounds, churchyards and property used for the pur-poses of worship are not interfered with. It also revokes the charter of the Mormon Immigration society and devotes the property of both of the corporations to public school pur-poses. It leaves the election laws substantially as they are at present, except that it rests i the president's power to appoint probate judges, subject to confirmation by the senate. The provisions of the house bill authorizing the administration of an oath to a legal wife to sustain charges of polygamy is included. The provision of the house bill eliminating polyga-mists from the registration list is also included mists from the registration list is also include in the bill as agreed upon in the conference.

The Combination of Ingredients used in making BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES is such as to give the best possible effect with safety. They are the best remedy in use for Coughs, Colds and Throat Diseases.

An Instance of Colonel J. Floyd King's Courage.

From the Baltimore Sun. Messrs. A. S. Abell & Co.: No one who ever saw Colonel Floyd King in battle-and many did saw coloner road king matter-and many and so see him—needs any proof that he is a brave man, and very much more than usually brave. But now that his behavior in his late encounter with Mr. Jones is the subject of comment, the public will take interest in a description of a scene which the writer once witnessed. On the banks of which the Willer once with state of the balas of the Holston river, not far from Abingdon, Va., we were trying to find out what was the matter with the fuses for the shells for the rifled cannon of were trying to find out what was the matter with
the fuses for the shells for the rifled cannon of
Fowler's battery of field artillery. A number of
shells had had 'the tow plugs' (tow plugs) taken
out and, were sitting together on the ground with
the unstopped fuse holes turned up, when someone
chanced to set on fire a fuse. It was not in a shell,
but was so placed that the rain of sparks
which it poured forth like a rocket, fell upon the
group of open shells, and as every one present was
an artilleryman, everybody knew what we might
expect the instant explosion of one or more of the
shells arcund which we were standing or sitting.
The writer and everyone che, except Colonel Floyd
King, instantly threw himself on the ground as far
from the shells as he could get. King, who always
sought a front place in battle and never turned his
back, would not finch nor dodge. He stooped over
the shells and covered as many of the free holes as
he could with his hands, and awaited the result.
There was no explosion, contrary to the expectation: but a cry of admiration ran through the party.
This was more than twenty years ago, but 'Old
age n'er cools the Douglas blood.'
I give this letter for such authentication as I may
by signing it

"Consumption Can Be Cured."

"Consumption Can Be Cured." Dr. J. S. Comes Owensville, Ohio, says: "I have given Scott's Emulsion of Cod Liver Oil with Hypophosphites to four patients with better results than seemed possible with any remedy. All were hereditary cases of Lung disease, and advanced to that stage when Coughs, pain in the chest, frequent breathing, frequent pulse, fever and Emaciation. All these cases have increased in weight from 16 to 28 lbs., and are not now needing any medi-

Chas. Lee's Great London Dime Show will exhibit on lot, corner E. Hunter and Butler, streets, for one week only, commencing Monday, February 14th.

The last performance of Atlanta's favorite to

Notice. In compliance with a resolution of more than In compliance with a resolution of more than a majority of the capital stock, a meeting of all shareholders of the East Georgia and Florida railroad company will be held in the office of Chisholm & Erwin at Savannah, Georgia, on Wednesday, March the second, 1887, at eleven o'clock a. m.

C. P. Goodyear,

President East Georgia & Florida R. R. Co. feblo—dtf 5p n r ml

I will sell good residences on Forsyth, Brotherton, Luckie and Davis streets, at prices ranging from \$1,250 to \$4,000, a small sum to be paid in cash, balance payable in monthly installments. If you want a home on

liberal terms apply to
AARON HAAS, 36 Alabama Street.

TOBE JACKSON ESCAPES The Celebrated Dynamyter at Liberty Once

More. Information reached the city this morning at 4 o'clock, that Tobe Jack son, the dynanamiter, had escaped from Cartersville jail. The discovery was made at about 2 o'clock this morning. Jackson was brought from the Dade county mines to testify in the case against Dr. Faker and his brother and wos

SELMA'S IRON FOUNDATION. The Stock Being Rapidly Taken Up-Influx

placed in jail for safe keeping.

af Capitalists,
SELMA, Ala., February 11.—[Special.]—The
sale of stocks in the Selma Land, Improvement
and Furnace company continues at a lively rate,
and every cent of the stock will be taken before

the leth instant, at which time the books will be closed. Telegrams today from Captains Armstrong and Nolson, presidents of the City National and Commercial banks, of this city, who are now visiting New York city in the company's interest, state that their success has reached far beyond their anticipations and that Selma's New York boom is a big thing. Real estate is changing hands rapidly, and the buying and selling goes on at a wonderful rate. Capitalists are arriving on every train, seeking and making investments in Selma dirt. Mobile has joued hands with Selma in the developing of her great mineral region, and in every particular Selma, s boom is as solid as the hard money, iron, coal and marble upon which it is founded. the 16th instant, at which time the books will be

"The proof of the pudding is in the eating."
Why suffer from sick headache, malaria or
constipation when you can get a free sample
of Chipman's Liver Pills at Bradfield & Waro's drugstore, Atlanta.

SHEFFIELD, Ala., February 11.—[Special.]—A dispatch from Colonel E. W. Cole today says that the contract for building three new furnaces for the Alabama and Tennesse Coal and Iron company has been awarded to Gordon & Co., of Philadelphia, the first to be com-pleted in thirteen months, the second in fifteen months and the third in seventeen month. Building in Sheffield is fairly under way, and there is good demand for first-class house car-

"Rough on Bile" Pills. Small granules, small dose, big results, pleas ant in operation, don't disturb the stomach 5 cents,

The Second Invasion of the South.

DECAILE, Ala., February 10, 1887.—In a former article the statement was made that the tide of emigration was turning toward the south. How true this is may be seen from the following facts:

Teday your correspondent at this place has taked with a number of people from the north and west who are down here for the purpose of examining this country. One gentleman is a from a town in Indiana, and has come here with the intention of locating as a business men. He states that there is great interest in his town and neighborhood in the development going on in this region. A delegation leaves his city next week to examine this country, and if they are satisfied with the appearances and with the prospects of the town and other places in this neighborhood, they intend to invest a large sum of money here. The same gentleman states that the newspapers in the north are filled with accounts of the progress of the south; her great mineral wealth; the cheapness of her lands; her agricultura: resources, etc., etc.

res of the south; her great miteral wealth; the cheapness of her lands; her agricultural resources, etc., etc.

Even your old-time antagouist and the decryer of southern prospects and booms," the Louisville Courier-Journal, has published an article about lecatur, its wonderful natural advantages and rapid growth, predicting for it a great success.

This reminds me that a reporter from the Associated press and special correspondent for the Louisville Courier Journal, told me not long ago that that brilliant, but erratic, paper had refused to receive, tot orly his written articles, but even short telegraphic specials, whenever he touched upon the wonderful developments going on in southern manufacturing towns. We are glad to see that Mr. Watterson even is being converted to the idea that the south is making rapid strides and progress as a manufacturing region.

But to return to the interest manifested among northern people in this section.

Yesterday I conversed with a gentleman from southern California, who has come here for the purpose of starting a furniture factory. Again a letter was shown me yesterday from Bismark, Dak. T., in which the writer asked to be informed about the price of agricultural and town lands here, as he wished to locate in this country. Another letter from Wisconsin makes inquiryas to what would be the prospects for a colony that wished to take, up the cheap agricultural lands in this valley. This writer says that his neighbors are getting time of that cold climate and high-priced lands in that region.

Spece forbids the mentioning of the hundreds of

that region.

Space forbids the mentioning of the hundreds of inquirers who are pouring into the south to "spy out the land."

We are having a second invasion of the south by

We are having a second invasion of the south by the "yanks," and this time they are receiving as warm a reception, but of a decidedly different character from that they received a quarier of a century ago. Here at this point, which is the gateway of Alabama, one can form an intelligent opinion of the stream of northern people that enter this state. They come with interest, and are met with so much kindness as d hospitality, and see so much that gives them evidences of our capabilities for growth and improvement that they are more than satisfied with the country.

Meantime this once sleepy town of Decatur is wide awake, and is turning all her attention to trying to meet the demands for houses. The Decatur Land, Improvement and Furnace company are giving out contracts for the erection of cottages, but owing to the scarcity of suitable lumber and sofficient workmen, find it impossible to meet the demand. The company have put their lots on the market, and are determined to sell them so cheap that men who seek houses can obtain them. They encourage settlers rather than speculators.

This town is not destined to be an fron town exclusively, although it has already contracted for four large blast furnaces, but a town of varied in dustries: cotton mills, machine shops, brick yards, electric lights, and a natural gas and oil well companies are all under way here.

"Buchu-Paiba." Quick, complete cure, all annoying Kidney, Bladder and Urinary Diseases. \$1. At Druggists.

Supreme Court of Georgia. OCTOBER TERM, 1886. ATLANTA, February 11. Order of circuits, with the number of cases re-

maining undisposed of: Albany 9 Oconee Brunswick.

ALBANY CIRCUIT.

ALBANY CIRCUIT.

No. 17. Argument concluded.

No. 1. Potter vs. Swindle. Case, from Mitchell. Argued. D. H. Pope, for plaintiff in error. J. A. Bush, by J. H. Lumpkin, for defendant.

No. 4. Brimberry vs. Savannah, Florida and Western Railway Co. Non-suit, from Mitchell. Argued. Spence & Twitty; C. D. Davis; D. H. Pope, for plaintiff in error. Chisholm & Erwin; Isaac A. Bush for defendant.

No. 13. Farmelee vs. Savannah, Florida and Western Railway Co. Case, from Dougherty. Argued. W. E. Smith; D. A. Vason, for plaintiff in error. Chisholm & Erwin; R. Hobbs, for defendant.

No. 15. Weslow vs. Savannah, Florida and Western Railway Co. Case, from Dougherty. Argued. W. E. Smith; D. A. Vason, for plaintiff in error. Chisholm & Erwin; R. Hobbs, for defendant.

No. 9. Linton vs. Harris. Ejectment, trom Worth. Argued. R. Hobbs; D. A. Vason, for plaintiff in error. D. H. Pope; G. J. Wright, for defendant.

The court adjourned to 10 o'clock this morning.

Dyspepsia in its worst torms will yield to the use of Carter's Little Nerve Pills aided by Carter's Little Liver Pills. They not only relieve present distress but strengthen the stomach and digestive apparatus.

Secure seats early this morning, and avoid the ush at the ticket office. Everybody will be at the Thomasville, Ga., perfect climate, health and pleasure resort. New Mitchell house, of brick, with steam heat, Oils elevator, electric bells and gas, or hestra. Table appointments and service equal to any northern hotel. Uriah Welch, Prop'r.

Frank X. Billey, John F. Barclay D. G. WYLIE & CO., Embalmers,
Undertakers and Funeral Directors.

6 W. Alabama street ______ Telephone 788.

FORGIA. FULTON COUNTY—ORDINARY'S chice, November 5, 1886: John P. Crichton, administrator of Henry P. Kennedy, represents that he has fully discharged the duties of his said trust, and prays for interest of dismission.

This is, therefore, to notify all persons concerned to show cause, f any they can, on or before the first Monday in February next, why said administrator should not be discharged from said trust.

In Nam.

HE WROTE OBSCENE LETTERS. How a Rejected Lover Took Revenge on

A young negro man named Thomas Leonard has been engaged in writing the most indecent letters to a young mulatto girl named Many F. Hobbs. Some of the epistles chanced to fall into the hands of the girl's mother, who was very indignant and at once began to investigate the matter. She compared the handwriting with that of notes and letters which Leonard had written the girl some months before, and became convinced that he was the author of the obscene communications. It seems that Tom and Mary were formerly good friends, but a rival steppel in and supplanted him in her affections. Thereupon he became both mad and jealous, and he allowed these evil feelings to overcome his common became both mad and jealous, and he allowed these evil feelings to overcome his common sente. He wreaked vengeance upon his quandom sweetheart by sending her the vilest letters that were ever penned. He did not sign them, but his handwriting gave him away. Mary's mother yesterday swore out a warrant against Leonard, and he was arrested and taken before a trial justice, who at once sent the case to United States Commissioner Haight. Leonard was given a preliminary hearing before the commissioner. He was accompanied into court by his lawyer, Mr. Thomas Corrigan. The letters were produced, and the accused fiatly denied writing them. The commissioner, however, deemed the evidence against him sufficiently strong to justify his commitment, He placed the bail at \$500, which Leonard was not able to give. at \$500, which Leonard was not able to give He was carried to jail, where he will remain until the March term of the United States court, when he will be tried for sending ob scene matter through the United States mail.

The success which Hood's Sarsaparilla has had in freeing childhood from afflictions caused by impure blood, is really remarkable. Many a mother has reason to be thankful for it.

SHAD! Shad! Cheap, at Donehoo's. STAMPS for sale at CONSTITUTION. Business office open all day.

DR. J. W. STONE, of Detroit, Mich., is regis-

red at the Markham. MR. R. T. COOPER, of Philadelphia, is stayng at the Markham house.

THE Hon. H. H. Carlton, of Athens, is a

mest at the Markham house.

Mr. Ramsey Morris, of the Rhea combina-

MISS MAMIE STANLEY, an attractive young ly, of Augusta, is visiting friends in Atlanta. MAJOR J. F. HANSON, of the Macon Telegraph, passed through the city yesterday on his way to Washington city.

MISS MAY WARNER, whose coming to Atanta is always hailed with delight by the society people, is visiting Colonel Buck's family, 430 Peachtree street.

REV. CHARLES H. STAKELY, of Charleston, S. C., properly ranked as one of the ablest putpit orators of the south, will preach at the First Bap-tist church (Dr. Harthorne's) on next Sunday evening, at 7:30 o'clock.

evening, at 7:30 o'clock.

At the Kimball-Wim H Hitt, Americus; J S Miller, New York; R H Towers, Rome: H McCann, Baltimore; Frank B Meyers, Cincinnati: W P Washburn, Knoxville: W T Brown, Louisville; I Meyers, Olivinia S C Hotchkiss, Michigan; Chas F Duffy, New York; Or A F Dalvin and servant, Baltimore: M H Tobias, Cincinnati; Martin V Calvin, Augusta; Warren F Le ane and wife, Chicago, Z A Oppenheimer, Wm Rosenberger, G F Burgheim, N Y; G D Harris, Miss; George H Riner, Kansas City; John F Luoas, S C: H Stone, Rochester, N Y; John B Ruse, J J Willett, Anniston, Ala, W W Crandall, N Y; J S Goldsmith, Britimore: Dr H F Andrews, Washington, Ga: Daniel N Jacoby, N Y; T L Sheats, Ga: H Dunkeiser, Chicago: John A. Baker, Terre Hante, Ind: W A Regsn and wife, Fla: J O Dewar, New Orleans; Lew Walter, Baltimore: W J Routh, wife and child, Cleveland, O; T E Fletcher, Forsyth, Ga; Mrs. Shipp and four children, Tennessee; Ex Norton, Thomas Rutter, New York; E J Myers, Cincinnati; Davenport Bebus, New York; W G Reymer, New York: Miss Annie Barclay, New York: W D Griffin and wife, Opelika, Ala; S Dannenbaum and wife, Mobile; J D MacNeale, Cincinnati; chas W Short, Cincinnati; A B Schekl, Louisville; Mrs A Pennymer, Pixley company; Miss Irene Avenal, Pixley company; A A Gallagher. Chattanooga: S H Waas, New York: W B Towns, Chicago, W E Munroe, H Carter, L J Englehart, New York: Roff Sims, Macon, Ga; J B Hoxie, Sam'l McKenney, Knoxville, Tenn, J F Hanson, Macon; A S Johnston, Villa Rica, Ga: M C Blein, New York: New York: W B Towns, Chicago, W E Munroe, H Carter, L J Englehart, New York: Roff Sims, Macon, Ga; J B Hoxie, Sam'l McKenney, Knoxville, Tenn, J F Hanson, Macon; A S Johnston, Villa Rica, Ga: M C Blein, New York: M B Towns, Chicago, W E Munroe, H Carter, L J Englehart, New York: Roff Sims, Macon, Ga; J B Hoxie, Sam'l McKenney, Knoxville, Tenn, J F Hanson, Macon; A S Johnston, Villa Rica, Ga: M C Blein, New York: M B Towns, Chicago, W E Munroe, H Carter, L J Englehart, New York: Roff Sims, Macon, Ga; J B Hoxie, Sam' AT THE KIMBALL: Wm H Hitt, Americus;



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Positively Cured by those Little Pills.
They also relieve Distress from Dyspensis, In dig estion and Too Hearty Rating. A perfect remedy for Disziness, Rausea, Drowsiness, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Coated Tongue, Pain in the Side, &c. They regulate the Box of the Pain and prevent Constitution and Pills Theorem Biot and prevent Constitution and Pills Theorem Biot and easiest total

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N CONNECTION WITH OUR GENERAL ANAlytical Laboratory we are now prepared to furnish determinations of strength of materials, such as metals, wood, stone, brick, riveted joints, belts, ropes, stripping of threads, etc., etc. Directions as to specimens sent on application.

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Prof. R. A. WITTHAUS, A. M., M. D., University of Buffalo, N. Y.

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S. W. JOHNSON, Ph. D., Prof. of Chemistry, Yale College.

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WIRE GAUZE OVEN DOOR CHARTER OAK STOVES @ RANGES.

There is not a cooking apparatus made using the Solid Oven Door, but that the loss in weight of meats is from twenty-five to forty per cent, of the meat reasted. In other words, a rib of beef, weighing ten pounds if rousted medium to well-done will have three pounds. The same roasted in the Charter Cak Range using the Wire Gauze Oven Door losses about one pound. loses about one pound. To allow ment to shrink is to lose a large portion of its juices and flavor. The fibres do not separate, and it becomes tough, tasteless and unpainteable.

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W. T. GENTRY,

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OPERA HOUSE! Hello! Hello!

The charming operatic commedienne, ANNIE PIXLEY.

In two of her most successful plays,

Friday Night | The Deacon's Daughter We think it will be a matter of public interest to know how many persons in each line of business in the city have Telephones, and the mames of those who thus manifest their enterprise and good judgment.

There are more than thirty different classes into which the list of Exchange subscribers may be thus divided, and we propose to publish the names of one or two classes each day, until the entire list is gone through with.

We print today the names of the

A Comedy Drama by A. C. Gunter, the author of Prince Karl, etc., etc., etc.

M'LISS!!!

In both plays Annie Pixley will appear in a choice selection of new songs, sparkling medleys, charming dances, and handsome costumes, Prices, \$1, 50c, 25c. Reserved seats at Miller's, feb 6 8 9 10 11 12 MONDAY & TUESDAY | SPECIAL TUESDAY

Feb. 14 and 15. Matinee at 2:30. The Representative American Comedian JOHN T. RAYMOND SUPPORTED BY HIS USUAL EXCELLENT

COMEDY COMPANY. First production in Atlanta of David D. Lloyd's New Original Eccentric Comedy, MONDAY NIGHT THE WOMAN-HATER! NIGHT. (COL Mulberry Sellers!

Mark Twain's Great American Sketch. Prices \$1.00, 50c., 25c. Reserved seafs at Miller's

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Will exhibit on lot CORNER EAST HUNTER AND BUTLER STREETS, for one week only, commencing Monday, February 14.
The great Trained Animal Show!
The finest array of Gymnasts in America.
The wonderful Riding Dog, Brigham.
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The Bigsest and Best 10 CENT Show ever in Atlanta. Two performances daily. 12.2t



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623, Larding, J. H.
629, Duncan & Camp.
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629, Farlinger, A. W.
639, Ford, Chas. D.
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822, Fowler & Co.
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589, Glass, S. C.
501, Gwlin, L. E.
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1226, Hay, R. B., Kirkwood, 2 calls.
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684, Johnson, A. C.
Johnsten, J. M.
628, Kamper, C. J.
628, Kamper, C. J.
629, Lowe & Co., L. D.
899, Lowe, George W.
1121, Mardis & Co., H. R.
222, Marion, S.
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549, McClain & Green.
551, McClain & Green.
552, Ragsdale, I. N.
681, Robertson & Co., E. A.
686, Prior, G. S.
5521, Ragsdale, I. N.
686, Belikan, J.
687, Simmons, C. J. & L. D. 1629. Schikan, J. J.

576. Simmons, C. J. & L. I

580. Smith, H. S.

63. Smith, H. S.

63. Smith, P. H.

157. Smith, P. H.

157. Smith, J. S.

64. Sepencer & Dodd.

572. Sullivan, S. W.

65. Tittlebaum, M.

451. Thorn, C. C.

71. Tolbert & Co., M. L.

50. Tresillian, T. W.

243. Woodward, James.

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the markets in our book, which will be forwarded free on application.

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Capital - - - \$400,000 Accounts of Banks, Bankers and corporations

cilities for COLLECTIONS are excellent, Boston is a Reserve City, and balances with us from Banks (not located in other Reserve Cities) count as a reserve.

We draw our own Exchange on London and the continent, and make cable transfers and place money by telegraph throughout the United States and Canada. and Canada.

Government Bond bought and sold, and Ex-changes in Washing on made for Banks without extra charge.
We have a market for rime first-class Investment Securities, and invite proposals from States,
Counties and Cities when issuing bonds.
& We do a general Banking business, and invite

ASA P. POTTER, President. JOS. W. WORK, Cashier. sat wed fine CARROLLTON RAILROAD

SUPEINTENDENT'S OFFICE,
ROME, GA., December 25, 1885.
TIME TABLE NO. 8.
Taking effect Sunday, December 26, 1886. Trains
will run as follows until, further, notice.

SOUTH BOUND.	Daily.			
BOUTH BOUND.	No. 1.	No. 3.		
Rome	7.00 a. m. 7.05 " 7.16 " 7.27 " 7.41 " \$57.2 " 8.00 : 8.05 " 8.18 "	3.05 " 3.16 " 3.27 " 3.41 " 3.52 " 4.00 "[4.05 " 4.18 "		
Cedartown	8.40 a. m 4.40 p. n Daily.			
NORTH BOUND.	No. 2	No. 4.		
Cedartown. Dyars. Lake Creek. Brooks. Summit.		5.20 p.m. 5.38 " 5.51 " 5.56 " 6.04 "		

ting with the E. &. W. R. R. of Alabama at n, also with the Some Railroad, and the

FINANCE AND COMMERCE.

Bonds, Stocks and Money.

CONSTITUTION OFFICE.

ATLANTA, February 11, 1887. Money easy. New York exchange buying at par and selling | BONDS. | R.R. BONDS. Bid. A | Ga. 6s, 1910 ...| 112 | Ga. 6s, 1922 ...| 114 | Ga. 6s, 1930 ...| 112 | Ga. 6s, 1922 ...| 114 | Gent. 7s, 1833 ...| 110 | 111 | 123 | A. & C. Ist. ...| 120 | 2 | A. & C. Ist. ...| 120 | 125 | Ga. Pac. 2d. ...| 150 | 10 | 112 | Ga. Pac. ind ...| 108 | 118 | Ga. Pac. 2d. ...| 109 | 119 | Ga. Pac. 2d. ...| 102 | Ga. Pac. 2d. ...| 103 | Ga. Pac. 2d. ...| 104 | Ga. Pac. 2d. ...| 105 | Ga. Pac. 2d. ...| 107 | Ga. Pac. 2d. ...| 108 | Ga. Pac. 2d. | 108 | Ga. Pac. 2d. | 108 | Ga. Pac. 2d. | 108 | Ga. Pac. Columbus 58... 98 100
ATLANTA BANK STOCKS.
Atlanta Nat'l.200 —
Merch'ts B'k.,120 —
B'k State Gn...120
Gate City Nat.120
EALIGOAD BONDS.
Ga. 66,1897......109 111

NEW YORK STOCKS.

Stocks as Reported at the New York Stock Exchange.

NEW YORK, February 11.—The advance in the stock market met with a check today for the first time this week, but the losses are, in general, inignificant and occurred mostly at the opening There was considerable pressure from foreigners to sell Erie and Reading. The selling for the day was almost entirely of a professional character. Bulls rallied to the support of their specialties, paying particular attention to Erie, which soon became a ture of the day, and its sales were considerably or one quarter of the entire business in all cels. The remainder of the market was much quieter than for any previous day this week, and fluctuations were confined within a narrow range for all except two or three stocks. Prices were ex-tremely weak throughout the entire day, until just previous to the close, when realizations ag in agged prices off, and final figures are either at or but little better than the lowest of the day. The opening was decidedly weak, declines ranging up 3/4 per cent. The market recovered slowly, sul et to frequent slight reactions, and the volume of business steadily decreased up to one o'clock, when prices were almost universally fractions better than the opening. Before 2 p. m. the market egan to vield, and in the last hour became de dedly weak, the lowest prices being then re orded. There were some slight rallies at the ose, but the market was heavy at the quotations The total business for the day was 341,000 shares he entire active list, with the exception of Erie, is ower this evening, although the losses are for frac-tional amounts only, with the exception of Norfolk and Western preferred, and Louisville and Nashrille, which are down 1% and 11/4 per cent respec

losing effered at 4. Sub-treasury balances: Coin \$132,517,000; currency \$18,788,000. Governments dull

Reading..... Rich & Alleghany...

THE CHICAGO MARKET.

Features of the Speculative Movement in Grain and Produce.

Special to The Constitution.

CHICAGO, February 11—The wheat market turned dull again today; at times there was a fair degree of activity, but as a rule trading was light, degree of activity, but as a rule trading was light, the market was a little firmer. There was less pressure to sell long wheat, which was regarded as a favorable feature and was taken as an indication that the bulls had probably disposed of all their holdings and that no more wheat would probably come out; at least for the present. There was some free selling at the opening for eastern parties which caused a decline of from 81½ to 80½ per cent for May delivery but ralled again on the recent for May delivery but rallied again on the reported decline in consols and French rentes ad-vancing to 81%, fell off and closed at 81% to 81%. The export clearings from three ports aggregated

39,000 bushels. Receipts continue fair. Corn was steady with only a light business transacted. Receipts continue to be light. Prices fluct-uated within the range of 1/4c and closed at yesterlay's figures.

Oats were steady Provisions broke off rather sharply. May pork tarted out at \$14.27\(\frac{1}{2} \), but fell off to \$13.80 and closed at \$13.85; at 40 cents under yesterday. Lard steady and unchanged. Short ribs 15 to 171/2 cents a barrel lower

The following was the range of the ures in Caicago toasy: Highest. WHEAT-Lowest. 75 751 80% 821 821 35½ 35½ 40¼ 41½ \$47% 851% 401% 411% OATS-

241/2 241/2 291/4 293/4 PORKebruary LARD-6 75 6 771/2 6 921/2 6 971/2 6 921/2 6 921/2 7 021/2 7 10 6 921/2 6 921/2 7 05 7 10

PROVISIONS, GRAIN ETC. CONSTITUTION OFFICE. ATLANTA, February 11, 1887. Flour, Grain and Meal.

Flour, Grain and Meal.

ATLANTA, February 11, Flour Best patent \$5.75

@\$6.00; extra fancy \$6.00@\$5.25; fancy \$4.50@\$4.75; extra family \$4.25@\$4.50; choice family 4.00; family \$1.50@\$3.75; extra family \$4.25@\$4.50; choice family 4.00; family \$1.50@\$4.75; extra family \$4.25@\$4.50; choice family 4.00; family \$1.50@\$4.50; extra family \$4.25@\$4.50; choice family 4.00; family \$1.50@\$4.50; extra family \$4.25@\$4.50; choice family 4.00; family \$1.50@\$4.50; bolted \$6@\$60c; pea meal \$1.10. Grits-3.50. Corn-No. 2 white rennessee \$56@\$6c; no. 2 white mixed \$5c. Oats-No. 2 mixed 40@41c. Hay—Choice timothy, large bales, 20c; small bales 90c; No. 1 large bales \$6c; small bales 80c; cover 80c; wheatstraw baled 75c. Peas-Stock \$1.10.

NEW YORK, February 11—Flour southern active but weak; common to fair extra \$3.50@\$4.00; good to choice \$4.10@\$5.25. \(\) wheat firm with a moderate export demand; speculation moderately active; No. 2 red February 92%; March 90%@91%; closing at 91%; Cosing at 91%; May 49%@49%; Closing at 93%. Corn firm and moderately active; speculation moderate; No. 2 February nominal; March 83@\$48 bio; closing at \$6%; May 49%@49%; closing at \$10%. Oats, spot firm; No. 2 february \$30@\$54. closing at \$30%; May 49%@49%; closing at \$30%; May 49%@49%; closing at \$30%; May \$30@\$3.50; family \$4.00@\$4.60, city mills superfine \$2.50@\$3.00; extra \$3.10@\$3.85; choice \$3.00@\$3.80; extra famey \$3.86@\$4.10; patents \$4.26@\$4.70. Wheat slightly lower; No. 2 red cash 79@\$0; may \$2.60@\$3.00; extra famey \$3.86@\$4.10; patents \$4.26@\$4.70. Wheat slightly lower; No. 2 red cash 79@\$0; March 79%@90%; Choice \$3.00; choice \$3.00; and March \$3.60@\$0.00; and March \$3

ew York...

ewport News hiladelphia... est Point.....

CHICAGO, February 11—Cash quotations were as ollows: No. 2 spring wheat 75% 76%; No. 2 do. — No. 2 red. 77%; No. 2 corn 25% 5%; No. 2 cats 25% 1. LOUISVILLE, February 11—Grain quiet. Wheat

new No. 2 longberry 84; No. 2 red 82. Corn. No. mixed 39; do. white 40. Oats, new No. 2 mixed 31.

new No. 2 longberry 84; No. 2 red 82. Com. No. mixed 39; do. white 40. Oats, new No. 2 mixed 31.

Groceries.

ATLANTA, February 11—Coffee— Choice 17%c; Drime 17c; good 16%; fair 16c; low grade 15%c. Sugar—Out loaf 7%cs; powdered 7%c7%c; standard a 6%c6%c; prowdered 7%c7%c; standard A 6%c6%c; off A 66%c; extra C 5%c6%c; sommon 20c25c. Teas—Black 35 66%c; green 8%c60c Nutmegs 70c. Cloves 28c. Alispice 10c. Cinnamon 12c. Sago 30c. African ginger 12c. Mace 60c. Pepper 19c. Crackers—Milk 7c; green 8%c60c Pepper 19c. Crackers—Milk 7c; green 8%c7; g

**MEW YORK, February 11—Coffee, fair Rio dull at 144; No. 7 Rio February 13.70; March 12.90@13.10; May 12.85@12.90. Sugar steady; fair to good refining 4%@4%; refined, C 4%@4%; extra C 4%@5; white extra C 5%; yellow 4%@4%; off A 5%; mould A 5%; standard A 5%@5%; confectioners A 5%@5%; extra C 4%@5%; Rouled 6%@5%; granulated 5%@66; Obless 6%. Molasses dull and nominal; 50-test 19%. Rice steady; domestic 4@7. CINCINNATI, February 11—Sugar dull; hards re-fined 7@7%; New Orleans 43/@55%. Provisions.

Provisions.

ST. LOUIS, February 11—Provisions active, strong and higher. Pork \$41.12\% \text{els}4.25. Lard 6.60. Bulk meats. Icose lots long clear 7.12\%; short ribs 7.12\%; short clear 7.37\%. Bacon, long clear 7.50 \(\text{@7.72\%}; \text{short ribs} -; \text{ short clear 7.75\% 1.87\%}; \text{ hams} \(17\% \text{@1.87}\% \)

(67.2%; Short Fiber -, short Fiber -

7.13; May 7.22@.7.28; city steam 6.90; reflued to conti-nent 7.40.

LOUISVILLE, February 11—Provisions firm. Ba-con, clear rib sides 7.87½; clear sides 7.75; shoulders 6.15. Bulk meats, clear rib sides 7.05; clear sides 7.25; shoulders 5.75. Mess pork \$14.90. Hams, sugar-cured 10½. Lard, choice leaf 7½.

CHICAGO, February 11—Cash quotations were as follows: Mess pork \$13.70. Lard 6.77½, #38hort ribs loose 7.16. Dry salted shoulders, boxed 6.00@6.10; short clear sides 7.35@7.50.

CINCINNATI, February 11—Pork quiet but firm at \$14.00. Lard strong and higher; steam 6.70. Bulk meats firm; short rib 6.57½. Bacon firm; short ribs 7½; short clear 8.

ATLANTA, February 11-Clear rib sides 71/c. Sugar cured hams, large average 12c; do small average 13c. Lard—Leaf 9c; tierces refined 7%c. Naval Stores.

Naval Stores.

WILMINGTON, February 11—Turpentine quiet'at 36½; rosin' firm; strained 75; good strained 80; tar firm at \$1.15; crude turpentine hards firm; \$1.00; yellow dip \$1.90. virgin \$1.90.

SAVANNAH, February 11—Turpentine firm at 35 bid; sales — barrels; rosin firm; strained and good strained 90%\$1.00; sales — barrels.

CHARLESTON, January 11—Turpentine quiet at 36@80½; rosin firm; good strained 80.

NEW YORK, February 11—Rosin steady at \$1.006 \$1.07½; turpentine dull at 39¾.

Fruits and Confectioneries. Fruits and Confectioneries.

ATLANTA, February 11—Apples—\$4.00@4.50. Lemons — \$3.50@\$4.00. Oranges — \$2.25@\$2.50 % box. Cocoanuts—\$6.00 % 100. Pineapples—None. Baranas — \$1.00@\$2.00. Figs — 13@18. Raisins—New London \$2.40; % boxes \$1.40; % box \$0c. Currants—7%@8c. Cranberries—\$11.00 % bbl. Leghorn citron—30c. Almonds—19c. Pecans—10@14c. Brazil—10@11c. Filberts—12%c. Walnuts — 17c. Dried fruit—Peaches 2@3c: apples 2c.

Live Stock. ATLANTA, February 11-The wholesale mule man ATLANTA, February 11—The wholesale mule market and prices are very satisfactory. Horses quiet, We quote horses—plug\$65@90; drivers \$122@\$140; good drivers \$150@\$200; fine \$250@\$300. Mules—14½ to 15 hands \$115@\$1 125; 15 to 15½ hands \$125@\$15. CINCINNATI, February 11—Hogs firm; common and light \$4 26@\$5.15; packing and butchers \$5.00 @\$5.45.

Hardware.

ATLANTA, February 11—Market steady. Horse shoes \$4.00; mule shoes \$5.00; horse shoe nails 12%@ 20c. Iron-bound hames \$3.50. Trace-chains 30@ 70c. Ames' shovels \$9.00. Spades \$10.00. Well buckets \$3.76@\$4.50. Cotton rope 16@16c. Sweed iron 5c; rolled (or merchant bar) 2½ rate. Cast-steel 10@12c Nails \$2.50@\$2.60. Glidden barbed wire, galvanized \$15.50c. painted 5c. Powder, rifle \$5.00; blasting \$1.90. Bar lead 7%c; shot \$1.85.

THE COTTON MARKETS.

CONSTITUTION OFFICE, ATLANTA, February 11, 1887. New York—There was a slight reaction in the cotton market today. During the forenoon the cotton market today. During the forenoon the tone ruled dull. The market closed firm and showed an upward tendency. Spots, middling 9½c. Net receipts for the week ending today 107,464 bales, against 130,679 bales last week, and against 105,784 bales for the corresponding week last year; exports for the week 117,805 bales, against 104,733 bales for the corresponding week last year; stock 881,395 bales, against 1,044,762 for the same time last year.

year.

Below we give the opening and closing quotations of cotton futures New York today

By wagon Georgia Railroad.
Central Railroad.
Western and Atlantic Railroad.
West Point Railroad.
Fast Temessee, Va. & Ga. Railroad.
Georgia Pacific Railroad. .. 103 Total8.... Receipts previously118,727 Grand total..... 121.2

Total 103,042 Stock on hand ... 18,191 same time last year.
Showing an increase.
Stock at all United States ports
Same time last year.
Showing a decrease.
Stock at interior towns.
Ame time last year.
Showing a decrease.
Stock at Liverpool.
Same time last year.
Showing an increase.
American cotton aftoat for Grea

American cotton afloat for Same time last year...... Showing a decrease.... NEW YORK, February 11-The following are the otal net receipts of cotton at all United States port ince September 1, 1886: 651,788 1,460,688 194,784 785,183 360,24 122,678 479,991 66,697 65,588 70,759 87,933 27,297 190,658 25,401 14,559 12,130

NEW YORK, February 11—C. L. Green & Co., in their report on cotton futures today, say: During the early portion of the day matters were almost at a standstill, with the market little better than nominal, in the absence of a testing trade. Upon receipt of the figures from the interior towns, however, and the conclusions arrived at therefrom, the feeling strengthened, and finally led to an advance of four points at which the day. of four points, at which the close was quite steady, and the bulls correspondingly sonfident, though an actually new demand had not developed to any extent.

By Telegraph.

LIVERPOOL, February 11—12:15 p. m.—Cotton steady and in fair demand; middling uplands 5½; middling of leans 5½; asies 10.000 bales; speculation and export 1,000; receipts 12:000; American 11,900; uplands low middling clause February and March delivery 5 6 64, 5 7-64; March and April delivery 5 8-64; April and May delivery 5 10-64, 5 9-64; May and June delivery 5 12-64; June and July delivery 5 18-64; August and September delivery 5 18-64; futures opened steady.

Weekly—Sales 60,000; American 45,000; speculation 4,200; export 2,800; attual fexport 6,800; import 122,000; American 100,000; stock 512-600; American 714,000; afloat 257,000; American 217,000.

LIVERPOOL, February 11—2:00 p. m.—Sales of

114,000; afloat 257,000; American 217,000.

LIVERPOOL, February 11—2:00 p. m.—Sales of American 7,200 bales; uplands low middling clause February delivery 5 7-64, sellers; February and March delivery 5 7-64, sellers; March and April delivery 5 8-64, sellers; March and April delivery 5 14-64, sellers; July and Angust delivery 5 16-64, sellers; Luly and Angust delivery 5 16-64, sellers; Luly and Angust delivery 5 16-64, sellers; September and October delivery 5 18-64, sellers; September and October delivery 5 18-64, sellers; September and October delivery 5 18-64, sellers; futures steady.

LIVERPOOL, February 11—4:00 p.m.—Uplands low middling clause February delivery 5 1-64, value; February and March delivery 5 7-64, value; March and April delivery 5 5-64, value; April and May delivery 5 10-64, sellers; May and June delivery 5 12-64, sellers; July and Angust delivery 5 16-64, sellers; August and September delivery 5 17-64, bellers; August and September delivery 5 18-64, sellers; futures closed quiet.

NEW YORK, February 11—Cotton quiet and

NEW YORK, February 11—Cotton quiet and steady:sales 102 bales; middling uplands 9½; middling Orleans 9 11-16; net receipts 1,03; gross 9,597; consolidated net receipts today 22,245; export st of Great Britain 31,569; to continent 5,701.

Weekl—Net receipts 2,326; gross 29,396; exports to Great Britain 11,711; to France 1,023; to continent 6,833; sales 1,446; stock 255,192.

Great Britain 1,711; to France 1,02; to continent 6,83; sales 1,446; stock 255,192.

GALVESTON, February 11—Cotton dull; middling 8 13-16; net receipts 960 bales; gross 950; sales none; stock 69,828.

Weekly—Net receipts 8,454; gross 8,454; sales 3,400; exports to France 1,161; coastwise 5,021.

NORFOLK, February 11—Cotton firm; middling 94; net receipts 2,065 bales; gross 2,115; stock 30,402.

Weekly—Net receipts 13,427; gross 13,637; sales 5,157; exports to Great Britain 6,683; coastwise 3,992.

BALTIMORE, February 11—Cotton steady; middling 934; net receipts 1,326 bales; gross 2,502; sales 450; stock 18,479; sales to spinners—.

Weekly—Net receipts 1,626 gross 8,198; sales 1,648; to spinners 348; exports to Great Britain 4,808; to condinent 1,855; coastwise 3,738.

BOSTON, February 11—Cotton quiet; middling 9%;

BOSTON, February 11—Cotton quiet; middling 9%; teet receipts 1,021 bales; gross 3,041; sales none; stock

none. Weekly — Net receipts 6,229; gross 17,378; sales none; exports to Great Britain 1,349.

WILMINGTON. February 11—Cotton firm; middling 9½; net receipts 198 bales; gross 198; sales none; stock 3,758.

Weekly—Net receipts 1,043; gross 1,043; sales none; exports coastwise 317. exports constwise \$17.

PHILADELPHIA, February 11—Cotton firm; midding \$\text{9}\frac{1}{2}\$; net receipts none bales; gross none; stock 19,470.

GHing 19%; net receipts none bales; gross none; stock 19.470.

Weekly—Net receipts 2,378; gross 6,383; sales none; exports to continent 181.

SAVANNAH, February 11—Cotton quiet; middling 91-16; net receipts 1,276 bales; gross 1,300; sales 300; stock 69,11. Net receipts 9,745; gross 9,832; sales 4,750; exports to continent 6.115; constwise 4,798.

NEW ORLEANS, February 11—Cotton firm: middling 8 15-16; net receipts 6,586 bales; gross 6,726; sales 7,000; stock 357,400.

Weekly—Net receipts 39,831; gross 40,361; sales 28,250; exports to Great Britain 34,782; to continent 34,200; coastwise 14,209.

MOBILE. February 11—Cotton quiet; middling

MOBILE, February 11—Cotton quiet; middling; netreceipts 672 bales; gross 684; sales 300; stood 4 716 9.716.

Weekly—Net receipts 3,969; gross 4,098; sales 3,800; exports to Great Britain 7,243; constwise 2,480.

MEMPHIS, February 11—Cotton steady, middling 8,15-16; net receipts 945 bales; shipments 1,177; sales 5,800; stock 105,509.

Weekly—Net receipts 10,682; shipments 14,468; sales 14,602; to spinners—

1,500; to spinners — AUGUSTA. February 11—Cotton firm; middling 15-16; net receipts 227 bales; shipments —; sales 14; stock 20,685. Weekly—Net receipts 1,471; shipments 1,795; sales

Weekly—Net receipts 1,471; shipments 1,795; sales 2,179.

CHARLESTON, February 11—Cotton steady; middling 9½; net receipts 488 bales; gross 488; sales 100; stock 21,885.

Weekly—Net receipts 4,200; gross 4,200; sales 2,200; exports to France 2,200; to continent 6,632; coastwise 3,556.

MONTGOMERY, February 11—Cotton steady; middling 8½; net receipts of the week 310 bales; shipments 1,146; stock of 1886, 11,762; 1887, 3,637; sales 1,146 MACON, February 11—Cotton steady; middling 5½; net receipts of the week 209 bales; sales 291; stock of 1886, 6,227; 1887, 5,299; shipments 283.

COLUMBUS, February 11—Cotton quiet; middling 5½; net receipts of the week 484 bales; shipments 1,467; sales 937; to spinners—; stock 8,208.

NASHYILLE, February 11—Cotton steady; middling 5½; net receipts of the week 344 bales; shipments 307; sales 528; to spinners 156; stock of 1896, 268-5; 1887, 7,370.

SELMA, February 11—Cotton quiet; middling 8½; net receipts of the week 242 bales; shipments 573; stock 4,474.

ROME, February 11—Cotton, middling 8½; net receipts of the week 239 bales; shipments 573; stock 4,474.

ROME, February 11—Cotton, middling 8½; net receipts of the week 239 bales; shipments 889; stock 2,685.

Country Produce. ATLANTA, February 11—Eggs—12½@15. Butter—Jersey 27½@30c; choice Tennessee 20@22½c; other grades 12½@20. Poultry—Hens 25c; chickens 18@2½£. Irish potatoes \$2.50@275. Sweet potatoes 75@30c & bush. Honey, strained 6@7c; in the comb 12½c. Onions \$3.00@\$3.25. Cabbage 1½ 62c.

Miscellaneous.
ATLANTA, February 11.—Leathor—Steady; G. D.
22@25c; P. D. 20@23; best 25@28c; white oak sole
Vi6c; harness leather 30@38c;
ATLANTA ATLANTA, Portuary 11—Bagging—11/2 lbs, 73/4c; 13/4 lbs 81/4c; 2 lbs, 9c. Ties—Arrow \$1.10.

Electric Belt Free To introduce it and obtain agents we will for the next sixty days give away, free of charge, in each county in the U. S. a limited number of our derman Electro Galvanic Suspensory Beltz, Price 54 a positive and unfating cure for Narvoix Debility Varioccele, Emissions, Impotency en. \$500.00 Roward paid if every Belt we manufacture does not remerse a remuine electricourrent, Address at once RIECTRIO BRITA AGENCY, P. O. BORTIS, Broatlyn, N. Y. Name this paper.

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-AND MONTGOMERY to WASHINGTON. Only 31 Hours Transit Atlanta to New York. Schedule in effect December Mail Express 19th, 1886. No. 53. No. 51.

Leave Danville
Arrive Richmond
" Norfolk
" Baltimore via York
River Line (daily except Monday). 12 00 a m 10 35 a m 6 40 a m 3 45 a m 12 20no'n 7 30 p m Leave Atlanta Arrive Spartanburg...... Arrive Hendersonville...... 7 40 am LULA ACCOMMODATION.

Daily except Sunday.
Leave Atlanta (city time)..... " Gainesville...... Arrive Atlanta (city time). ATLANTA TO ATHENS VIA NORTHEASTERN RAILROAD Daily except Sunday. No. 56. No. 41,

L. L. McCLESKEY, D. P. A., Atlanta, Ga.

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בזעעון און כבעוופה זה בנוך W.&A.R.R.

The following time card in effect Sunday, De Stops at all important stations.
NO. 1 EXPRESS—DAILY. Leaves Atlanta... NO. 14 ROME EXPRESS—Daily Except S Stops at all way stations and by signals, NO. 17 MARIETTA EXPRESS—Daily Except Sun's

Leaves Atlanta.

change. No. 14 runs solid to Rome.
No. 14 runs solid to Rome.
No. 14 runs solid to Rome.
No. 11 has Fullman Palace sleeping cars Jackson-ville to Louisville without change; also Pullman sleeper Atlanta to Chattanooga.
No. 19 has through first-class coaches Atlanta to Little Rock without change via McKenzle, and Pullman sleeper Atlanta to Nashville without change

Chattanooga...... Dalton.....

Stops at all important way stations.
NO. 12 EXPRESS-DAILY.
 eaves Chattanooga
 9 05 pm

 rives Atlanta
 2 15 am

 to . 14 ROME EXPRESS—Daily Except Sundays
 seaves Rome

 rives Atlanta
 11 06 am

 10 6 am
 10 6 am

JOS. M. BROWN,
Gen'l. Pass. and Ticket Agent.
ALTON ANGIER,
A. ANDERSON.
Gen'l Pass. and Ticket Agent.
Gen'l Superintendent.

East Tennessee, Virginia & Georgia R. A TIME CARD IN EFFECT DECEMBER 19th. 1886.

NORTHWARD. N. Y. Day Day Express. Express. Express. STATIONS. 5 00 pm 12 15 n'n 2 35 am 7 55 pm 3 15 pm 5 25 am 9 25 pm 4 46 pm 10 40 am 10 20 pm 3 12 am 3 12 am 5 10 pm 5 45 am 8 20 pm SOUTHWARD. Florida Savann'h Cannon Express. Express. Ball. STATIONS.

ATLANTA TO CHATTANOOGA. STATIONS. N. Y. Day Night Express. Express. Express. CHATTANOOGA AND MEMPHIS. Leave Chattanooga... 7 10 pm 10 45 am ... Arrive Memphis 6 10 am 10 15 pm ... CHATTANOOGA TO BRISTOL. | Leave Chattanoga. | 10 35 am | 9 15 pm | Arrive Knoxville. | 8 05 pm | 1 10 am | 4 7 pm | 2 40 am | Bristol. | 8 20 pm | 5 45 am |

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For Cincinnati at 12:15 noon and 2:25 a. m., alternating with the Mann Boudoir car.

For Jacksonville 3:45 p. m. and 12 night, alternating with Mann Boudoir car.

Pullman sleepers also leave Chattanooga at 7:10 p. m. for little Rock and Kansas City, and Rome at 8:00 p. m. for Washington.

Leighton sleeping cars leave Macon at 7:20 p. m. daily for Brunswick.

B. W. WERNN.

Gen'l Pass, and Ticket Agt., Knoxville, Tenn.

L. J. ELLIS, A. G. P. A., Atlanta, Ga.

AIR-LINE GEORGIA PACIFIC RY

BIRMINGHAM, ALA The most perfectly constructed and sple

equipped line between
ATLANTA and NEW ORLEANS, ATLANTA and VICKSBURG, SHREVEPORT and TEXAS POINTS

FOUR DAILY EXPRESS TRAINS

MISSISSIPPI, LOUISIANA TEXAS POIN	AND KORmon
Lv. Atlanta (Ga. Pa.)	No. 50. No. 10 45 a m 5 0 3 05 p m 9 2 5 30 p m 11 48 12 30 a m 7 0
Ar. New Orleans "	7 35 am 3 00
" Jackson "" " Vieksburg "" " Shreveport ""	5 10 a m 7 80 a m 6 45 p m
Lv. New Orleans (8, Pac.) Ar. Houston "San Antonio" Austin (H, & T. C.)	7 30 p m 9 20 a m
Lv. Shreveport (T. & P.)	7 15 pm 9 30 pm 6 10 am 7 40 am
NORTHBOUN	· D.
Lv. Ft. Worth	10 20 pm

" Vicksburg " Jackson... Lv. New Orleans. 8 00 pm 10 40 am 3 15 a m 6 40 pm 10 30 a m 1 66 an 12 59 pm 3 21 an 5 45 pm 7 20 an SLEEPING CAR SERVICE.

and New York.

For further information call on your new A. A. VERNOY, City Pass. Agent, 17 Kimball House, ALEX. S. THWEATT, T. P. A., Ger I. Y. SAGE, General Manager,

Atlanta & New Orleans SHORT LINE.

VICK SBURG AND! SHREVEPORT, VIA MOST GOMERY.

Only line operating double daily trains and Pullman Buffet Sleeping Cars between Atlanta and Not Orleans without change.

Takes effect Sunday, February 3, 1887.

	No. 50. Daily.	No. 52. Daily.	No. 2 Daily
L've Atlanta. Ar. Fairburn. "Palmetto "Newnan. "Grantville "LaGrange "West Point "Opelika	2 08 pm 2 20 pm 2 47 pm 3 13 pm 3 52 pm 4 20 pm	12 20 am 1 05 am 1 17 am 1 49 am 2 17 am 3 00 am 3 32 am 4 21 am	6 14 p 6 26 p 6 58 p 7 20 p 8 00 pa
Ar. Columbus, Ga	6 84 pm	11 01 am	
Ar. Montgomery	7 15 pm	6 45 am	
Ar. Pensacola	5 00 am	2 00 pm	
" Mobile " New Orleans	2 15 am 7 12 am	2 10 pm 7 30 pm	
NORTH BOUND.	No. 51. Daily.	No. 53. Daily.	No. 1 Daily
Lv. New Orleans	12 55 am 10 20 pm 4 00 am 7 85 am 11 01 am 9 46 am 10 58 am 11 23 am 11 23 am 12 29 pm 12 41 pm 1 25 pm 1 25 pm	1 20 pm 7 05 am 10 20 am 8 15 pm 10 29 pm 11 12 pm 12 12 am 12 25 am 1 18 am 1 31 am 2 15 am D SHRE	7 00 0 7 33 0 7 55 0 8 23 0 9 11 0
Q. and	1 C. Rout No. 12.		No.
Lv. Montgomery Ar. Selma			3 30 1 5 50 1

No. 50, Pullman Buffet Sleeping of

No. 50, Pullman Buffet Sleeping car, Atlanta New Orleans.
No. 52, Pullman Buffet Sleeping car, Washington to Montgomery, and Pullman Parlor Car, Mongomery to New Orleans.
No. 52, Family Sleeping Car free of charge, Allanta to Texas without change.
No. 51, Pullman Buffet Sleeping Cars New Orleans to Atlanta, and at Atlanta to New York.
No. 53, Pullman Buffet Sleeping car Mongomery, and Pullman Buffet Sleeping car Mongomery to Washington.
No. 53, Family Sleeping Car free of charge Texas to Atlanta.
CECIL GABEETT, CHAS. H. CROMWELL, General Manager.
Gen. Passenger Agent.
Montgomery, Alabama.
A. J. ORME, Gen. Agt., M. C. SHARP, Pass Agt.
Atlanta, Georgia.

THE GEORGIA RAILROAD GEORGIA RAILROAD COMPANY,

Office General Manager.
Augusta, Ga., December 18th, 1834.
Commencing Sunday, 19th instant, the following passenger schedule will be operated:
Trains run by 90th meridian time.

FAST LINE. NO. 27 WEST-DAILY. NO. 28 EAST-DAILY. Leave Atlanta...... Leave Gainesville.....

carry through sleepers between Alland Charleston.

Train No. 28 will stop and receive passenges at and from the following stations only: Grove the first of the following stations only: Grove of the first of the fi

THE EVENTS

OPERA HOUSE-PEACON'S DAU "M'LISS" TON

KETINGS-

GEORGIA LODG P. M. THROU

Penciled Paragra TEMPERANCE street Methodist flowing last night

THE SUPERIOR was filed in the st Lynch et al. agains al., trustees of the the sale of the persons. A SAD DEATH. onsintances of Mr. Gustav Salos hear with regret of yesterday at his o'clock. He leaves young children.

JUSTICES OF THE yesterday commis justices of the peace 430th district, Earl FINE LANGSHA

of the agriculture terday a coop of b and a rooster, shi breeder. Mr. Her ntmost to carry of of chickens at the THE WALKER done in the appli white convict, in THE CONSTITU

or Gordon yestere absent from the creached until the is heard. A DISTINGUISH The Rev. Charl Citadel Square Ba C., will occupy to youngest preache tion in the United the equal of any

THE WILLING
Workers of the Cl
their pleasant eve
the residence of
Pullium street. T pleasant manner, praising the Will fatigable efforts they are engaged. THE UNITED S

day for the Unite be the 22d of the was not in the confined to his ho ing the clerkship transpired worth rumors floating ab but none of them ONLY FOUR MO tax collectors an

the executive twelve accepted general. Severa of irregularities. Georgia requires ors and receivers troller-general w tion of such office nain in which to Young PEO Young People's church gave a ve The programme and music, which

and pleasing in were completed, which was greatl small admission nice sum of mon A FRAUDULEN cher will no long state of Georgia to have been su the late war. unteers, and it i January, 1887, his right arm i Ga., in April, 1 pension. It to arm in a diff the Northern

THE CITY (terday at 9 o'c Stewart How battery and jury promptly r nation and the fine of \$50, or to chose the latter was tried and co ensly ill for a

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the Qua The Atlanta regular weekly the quarters, o out, and the

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The company week preparate week preparate of the company week preparate of

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AM. ALA. ucted and sp e between EW ORLEANS,

THE

VICKSBURG, TEXAS POINTS PRESS TRAINS A AND NORTHERN

No. 50. No. 50. 10 45 a m 5 65 a m 7 40 a m 7 40 a m 7 35 am 3 00 pm

7 30 p m 9 20 a m 7 26 p m 5 15 p m

8 00 p m 10 40 am 3 15 a m 6 40 pm 10 30 a m 1 05 am 12 59 p m 3 21 am 5 45 pm 7 20 am

all on your nearest A. A. VERNOY, City Pass. Agent, 17 Kimball House w Orleans

LINE. VEPORT, VIA MONT daily trains and Pull-ween Atlanta and New

ebruary 3, 1887.

50. No. 52. No. 2. lly. Daily. Daily. pm 12 20 am 5 06 pm pm 1 05 am 6 14 pm pm 1 17 am 6 26 pm pm 2 17 am 7 20 pm pm 2 17 am 7 20 pm pm 3 00 am 8 00 pm pm 4 21 am pm 11 01 am om 6 45 am ..

am 2 00 pm .. am 2 10 pm 7 30 pm ol. No. 53. y. Daily. 7 55 am 1 20 pm 7 05 am 10 20 am 8 15 pm

AND SHREVEPORT.

r free of charge, Ating Cars New Orleans New York. New Orleans to Mont-Sleeping car Mont-

free of charge Texas H. CROMWELL, n. Passenger Agent. labama. C. SHARP, Pass. Agt.

RAILROAD OAD COMPANY,

..7 85 pm ..8 15 pm nens....... 9 00 am nesville... 8 25 pm ants...... 5 45 pm

MODATION.

days.)
Decatur..... 9 45 am
Atlanta......10 15 am Clarkston...1 25 pm Decatur.....1 48 pm lanta......2 20 pm

ir signalled, stop at on Sundays.

e on Sundays.

ceive passengers to
sonly: Grovetown,
Norwood, Barnett,
reensboro, Madison,
ton, Conyers, Lithecatur. These trains
points east, southand northwest, and
reen Atlanta and

Smart weed and belladonna combined with the other ingredients sted in the best porous plasters make Carter's S. W. & B. Backache Plasters the best in the market, Price 25 cents.

WANT TO COMPROMISE.

CONSTITUTION.

EVENTS FOR TODAY.

PEACON'S DAUGHTER," AT MATINEE, AND

GEORGIA LODGE No. 96, F. & A. M., AT 7

THROUGH THE CITY.

Penelled Paragraphs Caught on the Fly by
the Constitution Reporters.

TEMPERANCE MEETING.—The Marietta
street Methodist church was filled to overflowing last night by those interested in temperance. Some plain truths were delivered by
the various speakers.

THE SUPERIOR COURT.- Yesterday a bill

was filed in the superior court by Mrs. Sofia Lynch et al. against William L. Urquehur it et al. trustees of the Pat Lynch estate, to prevent the sale of the property known as Lynch's

A SAD DEATH .- The many friends and acomintances of Mr. Emanuel Saloshin, son of Mr. Gustav Saloshin, formerly of this city, will hear with regret of his death, which took place

resterday at his home in Savannah at 12 o'clock. He leaves a devoted wife and three

JUSTICES OF THE PEACE. - Governor Gordon

JUSTICES OF THE PEACE.—Governor Gordon resterday commissioned the following as justices of the peace: J. B. Chancy for the 20th district, Early county, vice M. E. Kirkland resigned, George M. Fitts for the 1099th district, Pickens county, J. R. Faulkner for

Fine Langshans.—Mr. W. B. Henderson, of the agricultural department, received yesterday a coop of beautiful Langshans, five hens and a rooster, shipped to him by a northern, breeder. Mr. Henderson says he will do his namest to carry off the first prize on this breed debickers at the next poultry show.

THE WALKER PARDON CASE.-Nothing was

done in the application for pardon for Walker, white convict, mention of which was made in The Constitution Wednesday, by Governer Gordon yesterday. Counsel for Walker is shent from the city, and a decision will not be reached until the prisoner's side of the case is heard.

A DISTINGUISHED CHARLESTON PREACHER.

A DISTINGUISHED CHARLESTON PREACHER. The Rev. Charles A. Stackley, pastor of the Citadel Square Baptist church, Charleston, S. C, will occupy the pulpit at the First Baptist church tomorrow night. He is one of the yeungest preachers of the Baptist denomination in the United States, but is regarded as the equal of any pulpit orator in his church.

THE WILLING WORKERS.—The Willing Workers of the Church of Christ gave one of

workers of the Charlet of Chins gave one of their pleasant evening receptions last night, at the residence of Mr. W. S. Bell, No. 69 Fullsm street. The evening was passed in a pleasant manner, and everybody went home praising the Willing Workers for their indefatigable efforts in the good cause in which the are pragged.

THE UNITED STATES COURT.—The return day for the United States circuit court will be the 22d of this month. Judge Newman was not in the courtroom yesterday, being confined to his home with sickness. Regarding the clerkship of this court, nothing has transpired worth reporting. There are several empore fine time the description of the court, nothing has transpired worth reporting.

but none of them are deemed worthy of evi-

ONLY FOUR MORE DAYS .- Twenty bonds of

tax collectors and receivers were received at the executive department yesterday, and

twelve accepted and filed by the comptroller-general. Several bonds were returned because of irregularities. Section 154 of the code of Georgia requires that the bonds of tax collect-ors and receivers shall be filed with the comp-

troller-general within forty days after the elec-tion of such officers. Only four more days re-nain in which to comply with the law.

Young People's ENTERTAINMENT.-The Young People's club of the First Methodist

church gave a very enjoyable and interesting entertainment at Concordia hall last night.

The programme consisted of charades, tableaux and music, which was rendered in an effective

and pleasing manner. After the exercises were completed, an oyster supper was served, which was greatly enjoyed by all present. A small admission fee was charged, and quite a

A FRAUDULENT PENSIONER .- Solomon Bel-

ther will no longer draw a pension from the state of Georgia for the loss of an arm alleged to have been sustained at Columbus during the late war. Solomon Belcher enlisted in

unteers, and it is said proved himself a brave soldier on several occasions. Belcher appeared before Ordinary Calhoun on the 28th day of January, 1887, and certified that he had lost

bis right arm in the engagement at Columbus, Ga, in April, 1865, and made application for pension. It transpires that he was shot in the arm in a difficulty with F. M. Dennis in the Northern Liberties in 1867, and the arm

THE CITY COURT.—The city court met yesterday at 9 o'clock, Judge Van Epps presiding. Stewart Howard was indicted for assault and battery and he pleaded "not guilty." The

jury promptly returned a verdict of condem-

nation and the culprit was sentenced to pay a fine of \$50, or to be imprisoned six months. He chose the latter alternative. Green Booker

was tried and convicted on a similar charge.

The court imposed upon him a fifty dollar fine, failing to pay which he will be required to terre six months in prison. For the same of fense Philip Smith was sentented to pay a like

fine. These were the only cases which were reached. Judge Wright, who has been serieusly ill for some weeks, was given leave of absence until the first week in March.

CORRECTION.—By oversight, the capital stock paid up of the German-American insur-

*nee company was printed "none," when it should have been \$1,000,000. It appears cor-

rected this morning. This company is represented by Messrs. Moody & Thompson.

Enthusiastic Meeting Held Last Night at

the Quarters-A Grand Concert.

The Atlanta Artillery company held their regular weekly business meeting last night at the quarters, on South Broad street. A large

number of members of the company turned out, and the proceedings were quite enthusiastic. Every one present seemed imbued with one impulse, to push ahead and make the Atlanta artillery a grand species.

lanta artillery a grand success. The discussion of matters pertaining to the welfare of the company was entered into in a spirited

manner, and perfect harmony product throughout the meeting.

Captsin Jones stated that he had heard nothing further about the guns shipped from the Rock. Island arsenal except that they were on the way here and expected to arrive in a day

It was unanimously resolved that the com-pany attend the Third Presbyterian church, on West Baker street, on Sunday morning, Feb-ruary 27, to hear the annual sermon to be de-

livered by Chaplain N. Keff Smith.

The musical talent of the company is cropping out and it is expected that a grand concern will be given at an early day. Several of the members of the Atlanta Artillery are not only proficient in the manuals of warfare, but possess fine, cultivated voices, and the citizens of Atlanta will, in all probability, soon have an apportunity of judging of their ability on the lyric stage.

The company will drill every night next week preparatory to making their appearance on the streets in parade.

and perfect harmony prevailed

THE ATLANTA ARTILLERY.

twentieth regiment. Georgia Vol-

nice sum of money was realized.

was afterward amputated.

ors floating about concerning the matter,

they are engaged.

of chickens at the next poultry show.

the 518th district, Irwin county.

"M'LISS" TONIGHT.

ONE OF ATLANTA'S LARGESTJE N. ELRY HOUSES IN TROUBLE. OPERA HOUSE-ANNIE PIXLEY, IN "THE

D. N. Freeman & Co., the Wholestle Diamond and Jewelry Men, Make a Loss in Their Business and Find Themselves Embarrassed-Their Affairs Get Iato Court.

D. N. Freeman & Co., jewelers and dealers in diamonds, wholesale and retail, on Whitehall street at Alabama, were placed in the hands of a receiver last night.

The order appointing the receiver was issued by Judge Marshall J. Clarke.

For several months past the firm has been in an embarrassed condition. The financial troubles grew rather than diminished as the time passed, and a few weeks ago Mr. D.N. Freeman the senior member of the firm, found his bank

the senior member of the firm, found his bank accounts so much less than his assets that he decided to attempt to effect a [compromise. Soon after arriving at this determination, a member of the firm was sent to New York to try and secure a settlement. The gentleman who made the trip to New York visited every house where a bill was due, and making a faithful having the houses and stock on hand met against them. This, of course, caused a suspension in the proposition to arrange a settle-

ers, of New York. It was drawn by Messrs
Wiel & Brand, and by them
submitted to Judge Clarke, of
of the superior court. The bill recited the fact of the superior court. The bill recited the fact that D. N. Freeman & Co. were indebted to them in the sum of \$454.75, of which amount \$54.75 was alleged to have been overdue and unpaid. The paper asserted that payment had been demanded and refused. The allegations further declared that Freeman & Co. owed about \$50,000, and that their liabilities were something like \$40,000 and that the first had something like \$40,000, and that the firm had been offering to compromise its debts by pay-ing fifty cents on the dollar. The plaintiff then asked that the firm be enjoined from disposing of its stock and that a receiver be appointed. While Judge Clarke had the bill under consideration Mr. Porter King, representing Barrow & Co., of New York, joined in the bill. Colonel Albert Cox, representing the defendants in general and Mrs. Iverson in particular, appeared be-fore the judge when the petitions were consid-ered in chamber last night at 8 o'clock, and consented to the prayer Judge Clarke then de-cided to appoint Mr. Jack J. Spalding tem-porary receiver and to instruct the defendant

o show cause why the prayer should not be

granted on the 19th instant. D. N. Freeman & Co. have long been occupy-ing the stor-, corner Whitehall and Alabama streets. The room is one of the handsomest in the city, and the stock a beautiful display.

The house has been doing, every one supposed, a magnificent and lucrative business, but in reality have been falling behind gradually for some months. They have been carrying a stock of watches, diamonds and jewelry as handsome as any in the south, worth on an average \$50,000. Their debts have always been kept below their stock until a year or more ago, when the stock began to decrease and the debts to increase. The business has been pushed hard and energetically business has been pushed hard and energetically but without success. The falling off caused the making of mortgages to the amount of \$15,000 to \$18,000 in hopes that trade would become better. Trade did not grow, and in a short while the fam found it necessary to ask a compromise. They decided that their total debts would be about \$50,000, of which \$15,000 to \$18,000 was mortgages. They then proposed to next the mortgage debt, dollar for dellar.

to pay the mortgage debt dollar for dollar and give up 50 per cent on the other debts. The firm of D. N. Freeman & Co. sprang out of the firm of J. P. Stevens & Co. For years the Messrs Stevens and J. C. Freeman, St., were in the jewelry business, In the fall of '55 the firm was changed. Mr. Freeman made a deed of trust for four-fifths of the business to J. S. Iverson, trustee for E. E. Freeman, D. N. Freeman and Mrs. Fannie Iverson. Mr. Iverson was made trust manager. Sometime after this the interest of J. P. Stevens and E. E. Freeman were bought by Mr. Iverson as trustee and the house was then run under the name of D. N. Freeman & Co. Several months ago Mr. Irvison, who was a most energetic business man, died and then the management fell upon Mr. D. N. Freeman, a gentleman well qualified to succeed Mr. Iverson. The firancial difficulties had been in progress long before Mr. Iverson died and the business was rather complicated at the time of his death.
Mr. Freeman soon began trying to arrange the debts but, as has been shown, without suc Since the papers were filed yesterday the firm has reopened negotiations for a settlement with the creditors and late last night the indications were favorable to a settlement.

Important to Mothers .- Mrs. Winslow's

SOOTHING SYREP, for all diseases with which children are afflicted, is a safe and certain remedy Twenty-five cents a bottle.

play is a new one, written by Mr. A. C. Gunter especially for Annie Pixley, and was received with enthusiasm last night. It is the equal, if not superior, to, "M'Liss," and holds the attention from first to last. The play, synopsized, is as follows: Annie Pixley, as Ruth Homerwebb, daughter of a deacon in a little New England town, goes to New York as a nurse. She is given a ticket to the opera, where she goes with fear and trembling, having heard from infancy of the crime attached to such a place, she is charmed with the life, studies hard, and finally becomes a great actress. She has to conceal the life she is leading from her parents because of their detestation of such a career. At last, through poverly, they are compelled to sell their home. She persuades them to go to New York, and finally induces them to go to the opera house on a night when she is to act—they not knowing that she is to take a part in the performance. She succeeds in captivating her parents with her acting, and after the performance tells them all, and returns them the deeds to their old homestead, which she has bought back again.

In every act the audience evinced their appreciation of the charming little actress in rounds of applause and at the end of each act she was called before the curtain. Those present expected a good performance, as the southern papers have landed "The Deacon's Daughter" very highly and it is safe to say they were not disappointed. Her songs were rendered charmingly and never failed to receive encores as long as she would respond.

Mr. M. C. Daly, as The Deacon, was very good indeed and the support was worthy of the actress. "The Deacon's Daughter" will be repeated at matinee today and "M'Liss" will be played tonight. At each performance the house will be very large as the board is already very much taken.

"Rough on Dirt." Ask for Rough on Dirt; a perfect washing powder found at last! A harmless, extra fine A 1 article, pure and clean, sweetens, freshens, bleaches and whitens without slightest injury to finest fabric. Unequaled for fine linens and laces, general household, kitchen and laundry use. Softens water, saves labor and soap, added to starch increases gloss. 5c., 10c., 25c., at

Druggists or Grocers. The East Tennessee sells tickets to the east cheaper than any other line, and gives you through Pullman Buffett sleeper to New York over the best track in the south, via the pleasantest and most picturesque route, all on as quick time as any other line.

JEWELER,

55 WHITEHALL ST. Diamonds, Watches, Jewelry, Silverware, Clocks, Canes, Bronzes, Art Goods, etc., etc.

where a bill was due, and making a faithful exhibit of the business and stock on hand, met almost a successful conclusion. Two or three firms to which the house was indebted, however, were slow to accept the terms, while one absolutely declined to do anything. The gen-tleman finally returned to Atlanta, and after making known the result of his visis, the house began devising plans by which it could pay out. Day before yesterday a successful conclusion had about been reached and was to have been perfected yeste, lay. Early yes-terday morning, however, before the trade could be consummated, Mr. D. N. Freeman, who was managing the business, was notified that a creditors' bills had just been or was to be filed

The bill filed was by Ban Speer & Co., jewer-

Should the case go on through the court some very complicated points will be presented. Mrs. Iverson does not now consider herself a member of the firm and her attorney, Colonel Cox, will be able to establish he

The firm has long been well known in Atlanta, and it; embarrasement is a general re-

Annie Pixley,
Annie Pixley presented "The Deacon's baughter" last night to one of the largest audiences that has assembled at DeGive's this season. The play is a new one, written by Mr. A. C. Gunter cially for Annie Pixley, and was receive 1 with

NEW GOODS THE HOLIDAYS

ARRIVING DAILY.

Every artile guaranteed strictly as represented An inspection of our stock and comparison of price espectfully solicited.

REAL ESTATE.

The Improved Feeling Still Sustained-What the Agents Are Doing.

Atlanta real estate is the safest investment that a man can put his money into, not only because there is such a brisk demand for both improved and vacant property, but also because there is a gradual and firm upward teudency in values.

Mr. Harry Krouse is in receipt of a letter from Mr. James T. Phelps, a Boston capitalist, who desires to go into business in Atlanta. Mr. Phelps asks for information in reference to real estate in the city. It is very likely that Mr. Phelps will make Atlanta his future home. Frierson & Scott sold two handsome resi-

dence lots on Washington street yesterday, adjoining Judge Clark's. Mr. I. Liebmann, secretary of the Atlanta Paper company, and Mr. S. Newelt, of the Atlanta Mattress company, were the purchasers.

A vacant tract at West End sold yesterday for \$8,000.

Samuel W. Goode & Co. sold a farm on Mc-Donough road yesterday, a short distance from Clark university, for \$6,300.

Smith & Dallas made a very large sale late yesterday afternoon, and the deed to the property will be signed today.

Leak & Lyle are kept very busy waiting on customers. This firm reports a better business and more sales than for some time past. Frierson & Scott yesterday sold three op-

tions on valuable business property close in.
They also disposed of the option on thirteen
acres of farming land near the city.
Mr. G. H. Eddleman states that his business is improving from day to day. He has disposed of a large number of options on valuable property and effected more sales during the past ten days than for the last three months

The rumor about the formation of an Atlanta syndicate, which was mentioned in THE CONSTITUTION a few days ago, is about to materalize.

The trustees of Evens chapel are negotiating for the vacant let on the corner of Walker and Nelson streets, on which to erect a handsome

Work on the new engine house is progressing

mpidly.
Messrs. L. J. and A. W. Hill have bought the property on the corner of Peachtree and Ivy streets, next to Mr. Porter. It is known as the Peck lot, formerly occupied by Mr. W. F. Peck. It is about 150 feet front by 250 deep. They paid for it \$20,000. Mr. M. R. Berry, from whom they bought, paid \$20,000 for the whole property running clear back to West Peachtree street. He now sells the front half for what he paid for the whole property. Messrs. Hill will build two handsome residences on their lots during the present year, which will very much improve Peachtree street. A new Baptist church for colored people has been built on Alexander street. It was dedi-

cated on the 9th. Rev. E. S. Hill is the pastor. ANGOSTURABITTERS is a household word all over the world. For over fifty years it has advertised itself by merit. It is now advertised to warn the public against counterfeits. The genuine article is manufactured by Dr. J. G. B.

Siegert & Sons. Secure your seats for matinee and night. Deagon's daughter and M'liss. SUEING FOR \$15,000.

A Very Peculiar Suit for Damages Against a Railway Company.

Yesterday there was filed with the clerk of the superior court a novel damage suit. The plaintiff is John Dillard, and the defendant is It is alleged in the complaint that on the 21st of November, 1886, the plaintiff boarded a passenger train at Duluth for the purpose of coming to Atlanta! that he purchased a second class ticket, and was as-signed to a second class coach, which was occupied principally by colored people. The coach was over-crowded, so much so that it was inpossible for him to get a seat or standing room in the coach. This he claims was because the company was negligent in not providing enough coaches to safely transport its passengers. After stating the matter to the conductor in charge of the train and requesting him to furnish him a seat, Dilliard again made an effort to gain admittance into the cosch. He was not able to get in and was forced to stand on the platform which, too, was very much crowded with passengers, who, like himself, could not find accommodation. The train was in motion before plaintiff ascertained the state of affairs which existed. The train preceeded rapidly toward Atlanta. He and many others remained standing on the plat

form. When the train was nearing Atlanta he was thrown from the platform with great suddenness and force, and fell upon the track almost under the wheels of the moving train. The wheels ran over his foot and mashed it off and also mashed two fingers. He suffered intense pain and was confined to his bed for a long time, during which he was forced to employ a skilled surgeon to treat his wounded members. After lying upon his back for some weeks his leg was amputated in order to save his life. At the time of his injury he was employed at a salary of \$25, with the expectation of receiving \$50 a month in a few weeks. But the injury, for the time, wholly incapacitated him for earning a living, and he asserts that he will be a sufferer th rest of his life. He bases his claim for \$15,090 damages upon the assumption that the company was criminally negligent in compelling him to occupy so perilous a position as the platform during the rapid motion of the train. His suit will be prosecuted by Gartrell and

HORSFORD'S ACID PHOSPHATE, Beware of Imitation

Imitations and counterfeiters have again appeared. Be sure that the word "Horsford's s on the wrapper. None are genuine without

The East Tennessee is the only line running wo daily sleepers, Atlanta to Cincinnati. At night Pixley, in her great creation, M'liss, 100 \$2 Washing Machines Free.—To introduce them in Atlanta. If you want one send at once to Monarch Laundry Works, \$9 Randolph St., Chicago, Illinois.

The East Tennessee is the only line running Fullman palace cars to Rome.

St. Valentine's Day Will soon be here. Call at John M. Miller's book store and look at his stock of valentines.

Valentines. First lot sold out. New lot just arrived, to be sold at reduced prices, at The Piace, 30 Whitehall.

The Next Subject for Discussion Is "Scriptural Evolution, or the Law of Progressive Development," by Elder T. M. Harris, pastor of Development," by Elder 1. M. Harris, pastor of Christian church, on Hunter street. Elder Harris is delivering a course of sermons on special subjects, and this is the third in the series and one of the most important of all. All persons who have any interest in religious and spiritual progress and development will be pleased to hear these sermons. All the readers of this paper are cordially invited. Come next Sunday. Seats free. Services at 11 a. m. every Sunday.

The grand reception matinee today. Everybody's favorite, Annie Pixley, in the Deacon's Daughter Latest Novelties

In valentines, at John M. Millef's, 31 Marietta

STILSON GEORG E MUSE JAS A ANDREWN & CO.

CLOT HIER,

38 WHITEHA LL STREET.

I AM SELLI

GREATLY RED If you wish an Overcoat my STOCK.

THORNTON & SELKIRK'S, 28 Whitehall St.,

BLANK BOOKS.

OFFICE SUPPLIES, LADIES' FINE STATIONERY, ARTISTS' MATERIALS,
PICTURES OF ALL KINDS,

And Manufacturers of PICTURE FRAMES!

Any size or style of frame made to order. -CRAYON AND CANVAS STRETCHERSfor Portraits a specialty. Get our prices before pur-chasing. Orders from out of the city solicited and promptly filled. THORNTON & SELKIRK.

WILLIAM RAVENEL, President

PHOSPHATE

COMPANY. CHARLESTON, E. C.

ESTABLISHED 1870.

HIGH GRADE FERTILIZERS, SOLUBLE GUANO (highly ammoniated);

DISSOLVED BONE. ACID PHOSPHATE, ASH ELEMENT.

> FLOATS. GERMAN KAINIT. HIGH GRADE RICE FERTILIZES! COTTON SEED MEAL, COTTON SEED HULL ASHES.

Office, No. 12 Broad Street. All orders promptly filled. R. M. MEANS, Treasurer,

500 Bushels Burt Oats, Clover, Grasses, Onion Sets, Garden, Flower and Field Seeds.

JOSEPH H. JOHNSON & CO., wed fri sun 61 Peachtree, Atlanta **OUEEN & CRESCENT ROUTE.** QUICKEST and MOST DIRECT LINE to

Cincinnati and the North. Short Line to TEXAS via Shreveport.

S. R. JOHNSTON, Passenger Agent, Kimball House, Atlanta, Ga. Joseph Thompson,

LATE OF COX, HILL & THOMPSON, Wholesale Liquors ATLANTA OFFICE, 23 DECATUR ST., AND 30

HILL ST., GRIFFIN, GA. HAVE STOCK BAKER RYE, GIBSON, ACME,

MONONGAHELA, PICKWICK CLUB,

Other brands of Rye Whisky. McBrayer, Spring Hill, and other brands of Pure BOURBON. Imported Wines, Bondins, Gius, Rums and other ous liquors. er Ale and Porter, Schlitz's and ATLANTA Baker Ale and Forter, Schiltz's and ATLANTA BEFR a specialty.
The finest brands of champagne always in stock, Haveing made arrangement with Chamblee's dis-tillery, Cherokee county, will always have supply of pure country corn whisky, at two dollars per gallen.

HOW TO ORDER.

Write direct to me at Griffin, or call at 23 Decatur street for blank orders. All orders will be promptly filled same day. 70r8p if

UCED PRICES. it will pay you to examine GEORGE MUSE.

CHAS. C. THORN, Cheap Cash Grocer 118 WHITEHALL ST.

TELEPHONE 45L 5 pounds Standard Granulated Sugar... | 15 rounds Standard Granulated Sugar. | 16 pounds C sugar | 17 pounds O. K. Iard. | 18 pounds O. K. Iard. | 18 pounds on K. Iard. | 19 pounds on K. Iard. | 19 pounds on K. Iard. | 19 pounds ehoice rice | 19 pounds ehoice rice | 19 pounds ehoice rice | 19 pounds grits | 19 pounds grits | 19 pounds grits | 19 pounds grits | 19 pounds any patent flour. | 19 pounds any patent flour. | 19 pounds any patent flour. | 19 pounds per dozen | 19

Apple butter.

Maple symp, best, per gallon.

Royal baking powder, I pound cans.

Price's baking powder, I pound cans.

Codfish bricks, 2 pounds...

I am determined to give fresh goods cheaper than the lowest for the cash. I keep no books, credit no one, lose no money, and save you 20 per cent. Just come one time and be convinced.

Ee sure of my number—118 Whitehall street.
7th p

DOBE'S, WEY & CO.'S LATEST OFFER.—EX-traordinary bargains in Fine White and Decorated China. The larges stock, the lowest prices, orated China. The larges stock, the lowest prices, in the state.

We find ourselves crowded for room and with a much larger stock on our hands than we deem prudent at this season of the year. The fact is WE ARE OVERSTOCKED! and we must reduce the surplus in short order. To accomplish this, and a the same time demonstrate how astonishingly cheap first-class goods can be sold when bough from the European manufacturers in large quantities, we offer from this date until January I, subject to stock on hand, at date of receiving the order, the following special prices. Note:

New Old Price, Price

Fine White Chins Dinner 8 125 Price. Price Pine White China Dinner 1.ets,100 \$29 95 \$40 00

English Porcelain Decorated Dinner English Percelain Decorated Dinner

Sets, 125 pes, from

Decorated Chamber Sets 83, 85, 85 to 810 each.

Fine White China Tea Plates,
per set.

Sine White China Breakfast
Fine White China Loe Creams,
per set.

Stoworth 150
Fine White China Loe Creams,
per set.

Stoworth 175
Fine White China Loe Creams,
per set.

Stoworth 175
Fine White China Cups and Saucers,
per set.

Stoworth 125
Fine White China Cups and Saucers,
per set.

Stoworth 125
Fine White China Cups and Saucers,
per set.

Stoworth 125
Fine White China Cups and Saucers,
per set.

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per set.

Stoworth 150
Fine White China Cups and Saucers,
per set.

Stoworth 150
Fine White China Cups and Saucers,
per set.

Stoworth 150
Fine White China Cups and Saucers,
per set.

Stoworth 150
Fine White China Ice Creams,
per set.

Stoworth 150
Fine White China Ice Creams,
per set.

Stoworth 150
Fine White China Ice Creams,
per set.

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per set.

Stoworth 150
Fine White China Ice Creams,
per set.

Stoworth 5 75 8 50

A. P. TRIPOD.

45 DECATUR STREET.

ATLANTA - GEORGIA:

HIGH GRADE Lubricating Oils and Greases !

SPECIALTIES. Nonpareil Cylinder," "Lardeline," "Enreka Engine," "Extra Machine,"

"Gate City Grease," West Virginia Black Oil, all grades; Signal, Lard Castor, Parafine, etc. Orders Solicited and Qual-

ity Guaranteed.

D. N. FREEMAN & CO., Jewelers, Corner Whitehall and Alabama Streets. SIGN LARGE CLOCKI

WE MUST SELL

WINTER CLOTHINU

REGARDLESS OF COST!

LOOK AT THE WONDERFUL BARGAINS! Men's Overcoats Men's Pants..... Boys' Suits (long Pants) 4 00 to 10 0

Remember, these are not shoddy goods. We keep only the best.

JAS. A. ANDERSON & CO.

41 Whitehall Street.

tree, just this side of Messrs. Livingston Mims and Gordon. Terms, one third cash, balance

Cacres 3 miles from Palmetto, on A. & W. Pt. R R.; 15 acres bottom; good 3 r dwelling and outhouses; fruit, etc.; plenty of timber; one of the best little farms in Coweta county. Terms, cash; sale absolute, at our office, Tuesday, February 15, at 12 o'clock. \$3,000 on easy terms for a neat, new 6-room resi-

dence on Jackson street. Lot 60x110 feet, corner Highland avenue, on car line in pleasant neighborhood.

\$6,000 for a Peachtree lot 60x213 feet, runni through to Ivy street, in front of B. H. Hill and near Mr. Hemphill A great bargain. \$5,250 for two very choice North avenue lots, each 60x182 feet. High, shaded, one block from Peachtree car line, in excellent neighborhood. \$4,500 for a 5-room house and an 8-room house-on lot, 80x200 feet, corner of Baker and Williams

street-a choice home and renting property. \$4,500 for a complete 7-room Spring street house on corner lot, 90x100 feet, near Peachtree car line in good neighborhood.

\$2,250 for choice of all lots on Merritts avenue Peachtree lot at a bargain this week. Look out for developments. 21 acres on Capital ave., between city limits and E. T., Va. & Ga. R. R., at a bargain this week.

\$2,100 for the point between Jackson and Blackman

streets. 300 ft. on each. \$8,000 for a new 8 r, 2 story W. Peachtree home, with water, gas, electric bells, bath rooms up and down stairs. Lot 72x290 ft. Very central and choice. \$6,000 for an 8 r new, central W. Peachtree home,

with all late conveniences. A fine lot. \$6,500 for a corner West Peachtree lot, 100x200 ft—on the hill. \$700 for a beautiful Windsor st. lot, 66x156 ft, near Richardson st., and the Ira street school.

\$9,000 for store property, renting for \$91 per month. \$500 for a good corner lot on Hill street, not far from Fair street car line. \$650 for a nice building lot near Jackson street, on

\$7000 for 75 acres 1/2 mile beyond car line terminus on Capitol avenue, fronts McDonough road. \$7,500 for a choice Washington street home, 10 rooms; water, gas, new, modern, fine lot, on ear line; very easy payments.

\$4,250 for 2 Washington street lots, each 50x190 feet to 10 foot alley on car line. \$4,000 for the best bargain on Capitol avenue; lot 50x200 feet, between Clark and Fulton streets,

with 6r house and servant's house. ,500 for a choice central, new, 2 story, 8 r Houston st. residence, with all late conveniences; lot 64x210 feet.

\$1,500 for a cosy Luckie st. 4 r cottage; central; rent ing for \$12.50 per month. \$300 for a high, nice Randolph st. lot, near Air-Line shops, between Wheat and Foster sts.
750 for a very central Ivy street lot 22x100 feet, be-

tween Harris and Baker street. \$1,000 for a good, level Baker street lot 50x100 feet, near Marietta street.

\$2,000 for a central 5-room cottage on lot/65x100 feet, renting on 2-years' lease at \$20 a month \$1,200 for central property renting at \$20 per month.

Money advanced on property placed with us for asle. Furnished Spring and Peachtree homes to reut. Rent list of all kinds of property. SAM'L W. GOODE & CO.

McBRIDE'S CUTLERY, HOUSEFURNISHING EMPOR'UM

29 PEACHTREE.

8p un free & cr 1y JOHN WANAMAKER,

PHILADELPHIA. We desire to locate in this city an agency for our Clothing Order Department. A first-class, competent party

can arrange for a large and profitable trade. A pleasant and convenient adjunct to any other established business. No risk to agent.

> JOHN WANAMAKER, Philadelphia.

THE WEATHER REPORT

Daily Weather Bulletin. DESERVEE'S OFFICE, SIGNAL SERVICE, U. S. A. U. S. CUSTOM HOUSE, February 11, 1887—9 P. M. All observations taken at the same moment lectual time of each place.

	I WIN		ND.	1	1		
	Barometer.	Barometer. Thermometer	Dew Point.	Direction.	Velocity.	Rainfall.	Weather.
Augusta	30.00	64	-	W	6	.00	Clear.
Savannah				SW	10	.00	Clear.
Jacksonville	30.09	67		SW	8	.00	Clear.
Montgomery	30.69	51	47	NIL	11	.00	Cloudy
New Orleans	30.07	69	62	W	6	.00	Clear.
Galveston	30.15	61	50	NE	22	.00	Cloudy
Palestine	30.28	41	34	NW	13	99.	Cloudy
Fort Smith	30.44	22		N	10	.00	Cloudy
Shreveport	30.29	48	27	N	9	.00	Clear.
LOC	AL C	B	SE	RVA	TION	3	
6 a. m	29,98				15	.0.	Cloudy
	29.95				26	.03	Thring
9 p. m	30.08	55	47	NW	13	.00	Cloudy.

W. EASBY SMITH, Corporal, Signal Corps, U. S. Army. rometer reduced to sea level and stand. The dash (-) indicates precipitation

MEETINGS.

called communication of Gerrgia odge, No. 26, F. A. M., will be held at tasonic Halt, this, Saturday evening at o'clock, for work in M. M. degree, tembers of sister lodges and visiting e traternally invited to be present. Afreshments will be served.

Union Sunday School Meeting. The next union meeting of Fulton Sunday School association will be held at the Second Baptist mission Sunday school, on Ira street, of which Hon. Henry Hillyer is superintendent, on Sunday next, at 3 o'clock p. m. Pierce chapel Sunday school and some others are expected-to participate. A more complete notice will appear ou Sunday morning.



Eye Glasses and Crystalized

Have wen the admiration of every Spectacel wearer who has used them. They stand unrivalled in their splendid reputation. Our testimonials are from governors, senators, legislators, and from the most distinguished men in all branches of science, who have had their sight improved by their use. Mr. Hawkes adapts glasses to all conditions of the eye.

the eye.

Frames in all styles fitted to these lenses without extra charge. Gold, silver, nickel, steel, celluloid bifocal, pantiscepic, pulpit and riding bows, spectacles and eye glass bridges to fit any nose.

Prescriptions filled and spectacles made to order.

A. R. HAWKES, Optician, A. K. HAWKES, Optician,

19 Decatur St., Under Kimball House, Atlanta, Ga.

2d58pnrm

New Publications.

WITH A FOUR-PAGE SUPPLEMENT.

CONTAINS THE FOLLOWING ILLUSTRATIONS:

TLANTA, GEORGIA: Nine Residences and a View corner Whitehall and Hun-ter Streets. Manufacture of Linseed Oil (full page of five cuts). The Com-mercial Center (full page).

MARKET PLACE of a Georgia Village in the Cotton Season.

THER ILLUSTRATIONS: Ice on the Delaware (full page). Double Page of Sketches: Around Behring Stratts. Homage to St. Valentine. Dynamite Wreck on the "Guyandotte." Rescue of Emin Pasha (four illustrations). Portraits of Constance Fenimore Wool-son, and others. Comics, etc.

CONTINUATION OF BRET HARTE'S New Story (Illustrated), etc., etc.

10 CENTS PER COPY.

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When no time is specified subscriptions will be begun with the current number. Harper's Catalogue of over 3,000 Books mailed on receipt of Ten Cents in stamps.

HARPER & BROTHERS, New York.

Go to G. J. Briant, Rome, Ga., for best whis-king by the jug, keg or barrel. Also Cincinnati beer by the keg and bottles. 6mg

WHO IS TO BLAME?

RAILROAD ACCIDENTON THE EAST TENNESSEE.

Passenger Train Orashes Into the Rear of a Freight Train—Two Men Seriously and Probably Fa-tally Injured—The Wrecked Caboose— Passengers Badly Shaken Up.

A very serious accident occurred on the East Tennessee, Virginia and Georgia railroad, yes-terday morning, at half past five o'clock, about a mile from the East Rome depot, in which one man was so badly injured that he will probably die, and two others were severely in-

Freight train No. 28, north bound, left Atlanta late last night in two sections. The first section arrived at Rome all right and pulled out, followed a short time afterward by the second section. This train was in charge of Conductor Joseph Ketchum. When the second section had been at the depot a few minutes, one of the train hands, F. B. Lester, asked the conductor if he should go back and flag No. 12, the down passenger train due at Rome about that hour, and which was in charge of Conductor McFarland and Engineer Dean Conductor Ketchum replied that he had half an hour's spare time. Lester said:

"All right; I will go into the restaurant and get something to cat.

After eating his breakfast Lester left the restaurant and returned to his train, entering the caboose. Almost immediately after boarding the train he heard a RUSHING, ROARING SOUND,

and on looking out of the window in the rear of the caboose, Lester was horrified to see the passenger train approaching at a speed of thirty passenger train approaching at a speed of their miles an hour. Taking in the situation at a glance, he rushed to the front end of the caboose and tried to get out, but found the door locked. Almost paralyzed with terror, Lester attempted to retrace his way to the rear end of the caboose, but had gone back but a few feet when the passenger train, as if goaded on by some invisible agent of destruction, struck the caboose with terrific force, knocking Lester senseless and splitting the caboose in two. The poor fellow remained unconscious for about a minute only, and when he regained his senses it was to find the engine almost on top of him. The engineer of the passenger train had reversed his engine and applied the airbrakes, but such was the momentum attained by running at a high rate of speed that in another way to the rear end of the caboose, but had

was the momentum attained by runming at a bigh rate of speed that in another
moment Lester would have

MET A HORRIBLE DEATH.

Groping his way amid scalding, seething
steam and debris, Lester gained the caboose
window, and breaking out the glass with his
hands jumped out just as the passenger engine
came to a stop. His hands were cut in a shocking manner. Conductor Ketchum, gof the
freight train, who was in the
front end of the cubo e, was
severely scalded and bruised, and a vain hand
learning the road, named Louis Morris, and learning the road, named Louis Morris, and who resides in Atlanta, also received serious though not fatal injuries. Con-ductor Ketchum's injuries are said to be of a very serious nature and his life is despaired of. F. B. Lester, the train hand who so miraculously escaped being crushed and scalded to death, lives at Powder Springs.

A garg of men were at once set to work to remove the wrecked caboose and clear the remove the wrecked caboose and clear the track. The passenger engine was found to be slightly damaged, but the baggage car was pretty badly injured. The engineer of the passenger train, Mr. Dean, states that he saw no red lights on the rear of the caboose of the freight train; that they had been put out, and believing the track was clear did not for a memoral think of slow. was clear did not for a moment think of slow. was clear and not for a moment tank of slow-ing up, but came thundering along and was not aware of his perilous sit-uation until his engine crashed into the caboose. He immediately reversed his en-gine and applied the airbrakes, but did not succeed in coming to a stop until he had plow-id his way half through the caboose. But the ed his way half through the caboose. But the trainband, Lester, refutes the statement of the engineer of the passenger train, and says that the red lanterns were hung in the proper places on the caboose and were burning.
The passengers on the passenger train were
knocked about considerably, but no one was

Catarrh is a constitutional disease. Hood's Sarssparilla is a constitutional remedy. It cures catarrh. Give it a trial.

MAKING A SUCCESS.

The New Church Enterprise of Evans Chap-

el Grows in Interest and Support. The new church enterprise of Evans chapel on the corner of Walker and Nelson streets, is mitte has been at work during the past week with the most gratifying results, having raised about \$4,000. This is certainly encouraging and indicates an early success. A numof three members have not yet subscribed, but they will respond readily as soon as they can they will respond readily as soon as they can be seen. The building when erected will be elegant, and greatly add to the attractiveness of that part of the city, now entirely without such a house of worship. It will improve the value of property in its vicinity, and the enterprise will doubtless have the help of those who are thus specially interested. Several gontlemen who are not members of any church have alward word liberable spicition. The second was alward to the control of t ready made liberal subscriptions. The commit-tee hoped to receive substantial aid from all the public spirited citizens of Atlanta in its effort to add to the permanent and handsome improvement of the city. The needed \$10,000 will [undoubtedly be forthcoming. If the tide of success is continued by hearty support and help, the work will begin by the first of

Experience vs. Inexperience.

It is a matter of regret that in introducing It is a matter of regret that in introducing Hood's Sarsaparilla its proprietors are obliged to overcome a certain distrust by some people who have unfortunately bought worthless compounds mixed by persons ignorant of pharmacy. Messrs. C. I. Hood & Co. are reliable pharmacists of long experience, and they make to claims for Hood's Sarsaparilla which cannot be substantiated by the strongest proof. And we say to those who lack confidence, read the unsolicited testimonials in favor of Hood's we say to those who lack confidence, read the unsolicited testimonials in favor of Hood's Sarsaparilla, and then prove its meries by actual personal test. We are confident you will not be disappointed, but will find it a medicine of peculiar curative value, which can be implicitly relied upon.

John T. Raymond.

See this enthusiastic appreciation of Colonel Sellers by the Chicago News, at the last appearance of this great comedian in that city:

"Every point in Mr. John T. Raymond's wonderful impersonation of Colonel Sellers was taken and enjoyed by the audience at Hooley's last night with as great a relish as if it had been a first performance instead of the three thousand and some odd. The sympathy between the stage and studence was so close that Mr. Raymond felt its influence, and acted with enewed spirit. His life-like realization of the good-hearted constructer of gigantic cloud castles was never in better form. From the first dilation on the millions in his rapidly evolved schemesto the final embrace of the jury, he was followed with rippling laughter and sporadic guffaws. which told to the best sort of appreciation. His meal of turnips and wa'er went with a roar, while the lecture on stammering cuted by whistling convulsed the house. There is something infinitably droll about the utter sericusness of Colonel Sellers's intoxication which is irresistible There is nothing disgusting in his manner. It is a simple hamless, innocent drunk. There is no affectation of dignity, but merely an unconclousness that the last mgredient found for his celebrated eye, water has been a succession of midday eye openers. The manner in which Raymond takes possession of court, lawyers, and jury in the trial scene is intensely amusing. Of course it is the wildest sort of absurdity, without parallel in fact or excuse even in carleature, but it makes the spectators roll in their seats." John T. Raymond.

'Now, Gen'ral, you're posted : come, give us you In a brush at the f ont what's the powder to use?" He winked at a star as he puffed his cigar, And slowly replied, "In a brush at the front

I never use powder, but-SOZODONT."

QUAKER MILLER BEHIND BARS.

The Detectives Suspect the Old Man and Arrest and Search Him.

The twenty-six thousand dollar robbery reported at police headquarters yesterday morn-

ing from 22 Houston street has been solved, and the man who perpetrated the deed is be-hind the bars, thinking over his miserable fail-The man behind the bars is Joseph Miller

Night before last, when Captain Crim gave up work for the day, he was uncertain what steps he would take next. Early yesterday morning he was out and at work upon the case again. All during the first day's work the captain could not ex-tirely persuade himself that the old man had been robbed. He more than half-way suspected that the Quaker had robbed himself, for some purpose known only to himself. During the day the captain had two conversations with Deputy Sheriff Green, the gentleman from

whom Miller was buying.

"Why," said Mr. Green, "I know that the man has the money. I have seen it two or three times. He has money and checks, too."

"Are you certain?" asked the captain.

"Am I sure? Yes, I am sure," answered Mr.

Green.
Besides Mr. Green, Mr. Krouse, the real cstate man, and others, stated positively that they had seen Miller with the money. These statements induced Captain Crim to hesitate in preferring charges against the old man. Yesterday morning, however, the captain, after looking over the field again, decided to act upon his own belief, and soon after breakfast appeared at Mrs. Smith's boarding house and asked for Miller. The old man was soon in sight, and after exchanging a few pleasant remarks, the captain asked him to walk a block. The Quaker consented quickly, and in a few seconds was walking with the officer. Captain Crim directed his steps towards police headquarters, and in a short time reached the building. He then asked Miller in, and with him proceeded to a priestate man, and others, stated positively tha ed Miller in, and with him proceeded to a private office in the building. After reaching the office Captain Crim turned to the old man and

"Mr. Miller, we have decided to have an in

terview with you, and this is about as good as any time."
"Just suit thyself," answered the old man. The officer at once started with the search.
Miller's coat was drawn and then a vest.
These were carefully searched. His entire wearing apparel was gone through, but nothing could be found. The old man, bore the search quietly and without objection, and after it was finished his valise was opened. In the valise were papers and letters from his people at home. Among the papers the officers found three or four checks of \$5 to \$500, but nothing convicting could be found, and the cantain turned to the old man, saving.

but nothing convicting could be found, and the captain turned to the old man, saying:

"Well, I guess you can put on your clothes again. But wait a moment."

With the remark the captain advanced, and, feeling under Miller's undershirt, found a vest. The old man appeared to be perfectly thunderstruck at the discovery, and declined to permit the officers to search. This, of course, made them more determined and the vest was found. Inside the pockets were found the very checks which Miller claimed to have lest, but not a cent of money. As Captain Crim discovered the vest he turned to Miller, saying:

"Well, old man, I guess the game is up."

"Yes, I reckon so," said the man.

Miller was quickly placed behind the bars.

Miller was quickly placed behind the bars

where he is yet.

Late last night the following telegram was received in Atlanta from the Cincinnati En

CINCINNATI, February 11.—Our Lebanon correspondent says Miller is a tramp without a dollar of the Shaker colony's money or a bank account. He is in the habit of pretending that he has been robbed when it suits his purpose.

Another Detective Appears Upon the Scene Another Detective Appears Upon the Scene.
G. W. Johnson, who states that he is a detective from the west, arrived in Atlanta yesterday and took rooms at Mrs. C. D. Smith's bearding house. He acquainted the laudlady that he came as a detective to work upa certain case. Mrs. Smith did not like certain answers he made to his questions. The fact of his presence was communicated to the police, who called upon the alleged detective to ascertain whether or not he bore proper credentials. They soon became convinced that something was irregular, and arrested him and committed him to the station house on suspicion.

The Poor Little Ones.

We often see children with red eruptions on face and hands, rough, scaly skin, and often sores on the head. These things indicate a depraved condition of the blood. In the growing period, children have need of pure blood by which to build up strong and healthy bodies. If Dr. Pierce's "Golden Medical Discovery" is given, the blood is purged of its bad elements, and the child's development will be healthy, and as it should be. Scrofulous affections, rickets, fever-sores, hip joint disease or other gr maladies and suffering are sure to result from neglect and lack of proper attention to such

Grand Deacon's Daughter matinee today The East Tennessee is the only line running solid trains to Brunswick and Jacksonville.

PAVEMENT PARAGRAPHS

Comptroller-General Wright is visiting La-Some of the city church choirs are already beginning to practice Easter music.

Mr. Robert Dibble, the advertising agent of
the "Wizzard of the West," is in Atlanta arranging
for his company to play here about the first week to

Mr. James Lumsden was forced to kill his ant. James Lumsden was forced to kill his large black dog last night, because he feared it was mad. It showed unmistakable signs of the rabbles and thied to bite several persons.

Last night one of the large glass window panes in the Austell building fell to the pave neat and smashed into thousands of pieces. The passers-by were badly frightened, but nobody was hurt.

Mr. W. G. Felder, a wealthy young stock-ra'ser of San Antonio, Texas, has purchased a ten-acre tract of land five miles from Atlanta, and he proposes to raise vegetables and chickens for this market.

market.

The cold wave signal was hoisted yesterday, and the thermometer, as if comizant of the fact, dropped lower and lower. The indications are that some cold weather will be felt in Atlanta within the next few days.

The Beginning of the End.

The beginning of disease is a slight debility or disorder of some of the vital organs, the stomach, the liver or the bowels usually. There are dyspeptic symptoms, the liver is troublesome, the skin grows tawney and unhealthy looking, there are pains in the right side or through the right shoulder blade. The climax is often an utter prostration of the physical energies, perhaps a fatal issue. But if the difficulty is met in time with Hostetter's Scomach Bitters, which is always effective as a remedy, and it should be resorted to at an early stage, there will be no reason to apprehend those injurious subsequent effects upon the system eften entsiled by entirely cured discases. Far better is it, also, to employ this safe remedial agent in fever and ague, and other malarial complaints, than outnine and other malarial complaints, than quinine and other rotent drugs, which, even when they do proce-effectual for a time, ruin the stomach and impair the general health.

Charming Pixley will sing new songs, medleys, etc., at the matinee today. The East Tennessee has the best track between Atlanta and Chattaneoga.

Long Joker Valentines, at John M. Miller's book store 31 Marietta street.

Worth Your Attention Headquarters for all grades of corn, oats, bran hay, peas, pea meal, corn meat, germ meal and especially rust proof and winter grazing oats for seed, is certainly at Morgan & Matthews, 27 E. Alabama street, Atlanta, Ga. Their facilities for supplying the wants of their customers, are unsurpassed and their prices surprisingly low. Telephone 274.

Hit 'Em Hard.

You Want a valentine, call at John M. Miller's and examine bit stack

Stamps for sale at Constitution. Business office open all

Marietta street, is the place for valentines.

The following parties are purchasers of the Hunnicutt avenue houses from the Balti more Syndicate: Dr. C. T. Brockett, J. O. Scannell, J. M. Goldsmith, A. P. Tripod, Rev. G. Armstrong, I. W. Avery, C. Bandman, R. S. Rust, J. J. Gidiere, W. B. Crosby and El-gin Lochrane. There are but two of these elegant houses left. A small cash payment and a monthly installment of \$40.00 will secure one.

JACOB HAAS, Gate City Bank Building.

The East Tennessee has three daily trains run-ning to Macon and Jacksonville; makes quickest time, and is the only line running two daily sleepers into Jacksonville.

There are but four of the Spring street houses left belonging to the Baltimore Syndicate, the following parties having purchased the others: Mrs. S. Hanna, W. A. Wimbish, Jas. A. Gray, Mrs. F. A. McCandless, P. Cook, Jr., and Hon. W. H. Henderson. A small cash payment and a monthly installment of \$30.00 will secure one.

JACOB HAAS, Gate City Bank Building.

The Place Sells ten comic valentines for five cents.

Valentines: Ho:

An elegant valentine pairs for the benefit of Park street church will be held at West. End hall Monday night, February 14th. Young and old strangers and home folks are invited to enjoy the valentines and fun.

EXCURSION TICKETS

New Orleans and Return,

The Atlanta and West Point Railread will sell Excursion Tickets on February 15th to 21st, inclusive, good to return until February 25th, to New Orleans, at \$15.00.

PULLMAN PALACE, BUFFET AND DRAWING ROOM CARS! Atlanta to New Orleans WITHOUT CHANGE!

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READY ROOFING, Ordinary 2 and 3-ply Roofing,

ROOF COATINGS, VARNISHES, ETC. No. 15 Forsyth St., Atlanta. Ga. RELIABLE AGENTS WANTED;

RELIABLE AGENTS WANTED;

(1-LORGIA, FULTON COUNTY—TO THE SUPE-U rior Court of said County: The petition of "Atlanta Marble company" shows that it was incorporated by said court on the Sth of January, 1887, on the petition of William M. Lowry, if Francis M. Coker and others. That said petitioners were not aware when they made their application, nor when said order granting them a charter was passed, that a charter had previously been granted James P. Harrison, W. B. Miller and others as "The Atlanta Marble company," on the 30th of June, 1885. Petitioner shows that at a meeting of its incorporators and stockholders, held on 10th of February, 1887, after it had compiled with its charter and commenced business as "Atlanta Marble company," it was unanimously resolved that application should be made for change of name to "Ebony Marble company." Petitioner therefore prays that the word. "Atlanta" be stricken in its corporate name and its charter amended by substituting the word "Ebony," so that the corporate name of petitioner may be "Ebony Marble Company."

By its attorneys, Candler, Thomson & Candler, Filed in office February 11, 1887.

C. H. STRONG, C. S. C.

At true and correct copy as appears of record in this office. This 11th day of February, 1887.

11 sat 51

GEORGIA CHEMICAL & MINING CO.'S Works For Sale!

I AM NOW PREPARED TO SELL A BARGAIN IN that splendid property, on the Ga. R. R., known as the Georgia Chemical and Mining Co. property, containing about 50 acres of land, railroad side tracks, inexhaustible water supply, tenauts' houses, building and machinery. All in place and can be started up to commence work in 24 hours. Titles indisputable. Call and see me.



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SWEEPING REDUCTIONS IN ALL LINES. BOYS' SUITS MEN'S SUITS!

CHILDREN'S SUITS!

MARKED DOWN TO INTERESTING PRICES! Consult Your Interest and See for Yourself. HIRSCH

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you need, if you will get our prices on Bed-room, Parlor, Dinin oom and all other grades of Furniture Call and get our pri H. W. THOMAS & CO.

All kinds Cement, Plaster Paris, Sewer Pipe e Clay, Cypressiand Pine Shingles, Plasteren

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LADIES', CHILDREN'S and GENTS'

To Close Out Our Winter Stock. For the next sixty days we will sell our fine line of Ladies teautiful Gossamers, and Ladies' and Children's plain Gossa n ers, and Gents' and Boys' Coats at cost. Your only chance to buy these goods at such low prices. See them and you will buy.

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26 MARIETTA STREET.

CENTRAL RAILROAD.

marxed f, which are daily small states and small states are small states are small small states are small small states are small small states are small small states are small s Albary .. Augusta ... engers for Sylvania, Sandersville, Wrightsville, Milledgeville, Ratonton, Thomaston, Orry, Fort Gaines, Talbotton, Benna Vista, Blakely and Clayton should take the 6:35 s. m. st 5 20 p m * 5 20 p m * 8 35 p m * 11 15/8 m * 9 10 a m * 11 15/8 m * 9 10 a m * 11 15/8 m * acon..... Tighter for all points and alsop up car boths en sale at Union Depot omce, Atla G. A. WHITEHEAD. Gon. Ps

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10 Marietta St., HEADQUARTERS FOR NOVELTIES IN

BERT HOWELL, U. T. Agt.

Lamps and Glass Goods. Dealers in Stamped Linens. Stamping Designs, Sewing Machines and Sewing Machine Goods, all materials for Art Needle Work. Largest stock of Fancy Gools in city. Next door to Phillips& Crew.

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College of Music WILL REOPEN WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 1, W 1886. The Music and Art Department are rejectively under the care of Mr. Constantine Sternberg and Mr. William Lycett. For circulars apply to MRS. J. W. BALLARD, Principal.

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In Addition to His Usual Large and well assorted stock of Groceries, Cigars, Tobaccos and Snuff, Hardware, Crockery and Glassware, Boots, Shoes, Leather, Guns, Fistols, Cartridges, Ammunition, etc., etc., is just now receiving and has on hand Eastern Seed Irish Potatoes, such as Early Rose, Early Goodrich, Peerless, Beanty of Hebron, White and Yellow Onion Sets, Clover, Grass and Millet Seed, Early Seed Corn of ten different kinds, English Peas, Beans and small Garden Seeds. In connection with such he sells and handles pure Port, Sherry, Angelica, Scuppernong, Blackberry, Catawba and other brands of Domestic Wines. To all of which he invites his old and new friends and customers to come and examine and price.

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